

Service and Troubleshooting

GM9S92 / GM9S96 / GC9S96 / AM9S92 / AM9S96 / AC9S96 / VM9S96 / VC9S96 SINGLE STAGE GAS FURNACES AND ACCESSORIES

Pride and workmanship go into every product to provide our customers with quality products. It is possible, however, that during its lifetime a product may require service. Products should be serviced only by a qualified service technician who is familiar with the safety procedures required in the repair and who is equipped with the proper tools, parts, testing instruments and the appropriate service manual. **REVIEW ALL SERVICE INFORMATION IN THE APPROPRIATE SERVICE MANUAL BEFORE BEGINNING REPAIRS.**

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WARNING

ONLY PERSONNEL THAT HAVE BEEN TRAINED TO INSTALL, ADJUST, SERVICE, MAINTENANCE OR REPAIR (HEREINAFTER, "SERVICE") THE EQUIPMENT SPECIFIED IN THIS MANUAL SHOULD SERVICE THE EQUIPMENT.

THIS EQUIPMENT IS NOT INTENDED FOR USE BY PERSONS (INCLUDING CHILDREN) WITH REDUCED PHYSICAL, SENSORY OR MENTAL CAPABILITIES, OR LACK OF EXPERIENCE AND KNOWLEDGE, UNLESS THEY HAVE BEEN GIVEN SUPERVISION OR INSTRUCTION CONCERNING USE OF THE APPLIANCE BY A PERSON RESPONSIBLE FOR THEIR SAFETY.

CHILDREN SHOULD BE SUPERVISED TO ENSURE THAT THEY DO NOT PLAY WITH THE EQUIPMENT.

THE MANUFACTURER WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY INJURY OR PROPERTY DAMAGE ARISING FROM IMPROPER SUPERVISION, SERVICE OR SERVICE PROCEDURES. IF YOU SERVICE THIS UNIT, YOU ASSUME RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY INJURY OR PROPERTY DAMAGE WHICH MAY RESULT. IN ADDITION, IN JURISDICTIONS THAT REQUIRE ONE OR MORE LICENSES TO SERVICE THE EQUIPMENT SPECIFIED IN THIS MANUAL, ONLY LICENSED PERSONNEL SHOULD SERVICE THE EQUIPMENT. IMPROPER SUPERVISION, INSTALLATION, ADJUSTMENT, SERVICING, MAINTENANCE OR REPAIR OF THE EQUIPMENT SPECIFIED IN THIS MANUAL, OR ATTEMPTING TO INSTALL, ADJUST, SERVICE OR REPAIR THE EQUIPMENT SPECIFIED IN THIS MANUAL WITHOUT PROPER SUPERVISION OR TRAINING MAY RESULT IN PRODUCT DAMAGE, PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.



WARNING

DO NOT BYPASS SAFETY DEVICES

RS6612022r1
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IMPORTANT INFORMATION

IMPORTANT NOTICES



RECOGNIZE SAFETY SYMBOLS, WORDS AND LABELS

Pride and workmanship go into every product to provide our customers with quality products. It is possible, however, that during its lifetime a product may require service. Products should be serviced only by a qualified service technician who is familiar with the safety procedures required in the repair and who is equipped with the proper tools, parts, testing instruments and the appropriate service manual. **REVIEW ALL SERVICE INFORMATION IN THE APPROPRIATE SERVICE MANUAL BEFORE BEGINNING REPAIRS.**



WARNING

THIS UNIT SHOULD NOT BE CONNECTED TO, OR USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH, ANY DEVICES THAT ARE NOT DESIGN CERTIFIED FOR USE WITH THIS UNIT OR HAVE NOT BEEN TESTED AND APPROVED BY THE MANUFACTURER. SERIOUS PROPERTY DAMAGE OR PERSONAL INJURY, REDUCED UNIT PERFORMANCE AND/OR HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS MAY RESULT FROM THE USE OF DEVICES THAT HAVE NOT BEEN APPROVED OR CERTIFIED BY THE MANUFACTURER.



WARNING

TO PREVENT THE RISK OF PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH, DO NOT STORE COMBUSTIBLE MATERIALS OR USE GASOLINE OR OTHER FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS OR VAPORS IN THE VICINITY OF THIS APPLIANCE.



WARNING

**HIGH VOLTAGE
DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR INSTALLING THIS UNIT. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.**



OUTSIDE THE U.S., call 1-713-861-2500.

(Not a technical assistance line for dealers.) Your telephone company will bill you for the call.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION



WARNING

IF THE INFORMATION IN THESE INSTRUCTIONS IS NOT FOLLOWED EXACTLY, A FIRE OR EXPLOSION MAY RESULT CAUSING PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR LOSS OF LIFE.

- DO NOT STORE OR USE GASOLINE OR OTHER FLAMMABLE VAPORS AND LIQUIDS IN THE VICINITY OF THIS OR ANY OTHER APPLIANCE.

- WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS:

- DO NOT TRY TO LIGHT ANY APPLIANCE.
- DO NOT TOUCH ANY ELECTRICAL SWITCH; DO NOT USE ANY PHONE IN YOUR BUILDING.
- IMMEDIATELY CALL YOUR GAS SUPPLIER FROM A NEIGHBOR'S PHONE. FOLLOW THE GAS SUPPLIER'S INSTRUCTIONS. IF YOU CANNOT REACH YOUR GAS SUPPLIER, CALL THE FIRE DEPARTMENT.

- INSTALLATION AND SERVICE MUST BE PERFORMED BY A QUALIFIED INSTALLER, SERVICE AGENCY OR THE GAS SUPPLIER.



WARNING

SHOULD OVERHEATING OCCUR OR THE GAS SUPPLY FAIL TO SHUT OFF, TURN OFF THE MANUAL GAS SHUTOFF VALVE EXTERNAL TO THE FURNACE BEFORE TURNING OFF THE ELECTRICAL SUPPLY.



DANGER
PELIGRO



CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING HAZARD

Special Warning for Installation of Furnace or Air Handling Units in Enclosed Areas such as Garages, Utility Rooms or Parking Areas

Carbon monoxide producing devices (such as an automobile, space heater, gas water heater, etc.) should not be operated in enclosed areas such as unventilated garages, utility rooms or parking areas because of the danger of carbon monoxide (CO) poisoning resulting from the exhaust emissions. If a furnace or air handler is installed in an enclosed area such as a garage, utility room or parking area and a carbon monoxide producing device is operated therein, there must be adequate, direct outside ventilation.

This ventilation is necessary to avoid the danger of CO poisoning which can occur if a carbon monoxide producing device continues to operate in the enclosed area. Carbon monoxide emissions can be (re)circulated throughout the structure if the furnace or air handler is operating in any mode.

CO can cause serious illness including permanent brain damage or death.

B10259-216

RIESGO DE INTOXICACIÓN POR MONÓXIDO DE CARBONO

Advertencia especial para la instalación de calentadores ó manejadoras de aire en áreas cerradas como estacionamientos ó cuartos de servicio.

Los equipos ó aparatos que producen monóxido de carbono (tal como automóvil, calentador de gas, calentador de agua por medio de gas, etc) no deben ser operados en áreas cerradas debido al riesgo de envenenamiento por monóxido de carbono (CO) que resulta de las emisiones de gases de combustión. Si el equipo ó aparato se opera en dichas áreas, debe existir una adecuada ventilación directa al exterior.

Esta ventilación es necesaria para evitar el peligro de envenenamiento por CO, que puede ocurrir si un dispositivo que produce monóxido de carbono sigue operando en el lugar cerrado.

Las emisiones de monóxido de carbono pueden circular a través del aparato cuando se opera en cualquier modo.

El monóxido de carbono puede causar enfermedades severas como daño cerebral permanente ó muerte.

B10259-216

RISQUE D'EMPOISONNEMENT AU MONOXYDE DE CARBONE

Avertissement special au sujet de l'installation d'appareils de chauffage ou de traitement d'air dans des endroits clos, tels les garages, les locaux d'entretien et les stationnements.

Evitez de mettre en marche les appareils produisant du monoxyde de carbone (tels que les automobile, les appareils de chauffage autonome, etc.) dans des endroits non ventilés tels que les d'empoisonnement au monoxyde de carbone. Si vous devez faire fonctionner ces appareils dans un endroit clos, assurez-vous qu'il y ait une ventilation directe provenant de l'exterieur.

Cette ventilation est nécessaire pour éviter le danger d'intoxication au CO pouvant survenir si un appareil produisant du monoxyde de carbone continue de fonctionner au sein de la zone confinée.

Les émissions de monoxyde de carbone peuvent être recirculés dans les endroits clos, si l'appareil de chauffage ou de traitement d'air sont en marche.

Le monoxyde de carbone peut causer des maladies graves telles que des dommages permanents au cerveau et même la mort.

B10259-216


PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

NOMENCLATURE


The model and manufacturing number are used for positive identification of component parts used in manufacturing. Please use these numbers when requesting service or parts information.


	G	M	9	S	9	6	0	6	0	3	B	N	A	A
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Brand														Minor Revision
G - Goodman® Brand														A - Initial Release
V - GMC® Brand														B - 1st Revision
A - AMANA® Brand														
Configuration														Major Revision
M - Upflow/Horizontal														A - Initial Release
C - Downflow/Horizontal														B - 1st Revision
														Nox
Motor														N = > 40 NG/J NOx
9 - Nine Speed ECM														X = < 40 NG/J NOx
														U = < 14NG/J NOx
														Cabinet Width
Gas Valve														A - 14"
C - 2 Stage														B - 17.5"
S - 1 STAGE														C - 21"
														D - 24.5"
														Maximum CFM
AFUE														3 - 1200 CFM
80 - 80% AFUE 92 - 92% AFUE														4 - 1600 CFM
96 - 96% AFUE 97 - 97% AFUE														5 - 2000 CFM
MBTU/h														
030 - 30,000 BTU/h 080 - 80,000 BTU/h														
040 - 40,000 BTU/h 100 - 100,000 BTU/h														
060 - 60,000 BTU/h 120 - 120,000 BTU/h														

SYSTEM OPERATION


WARNING

HIGH VOLTAGE!
TO AVOID THE RISK OF INJURY, ELECTRICAL SHOCK OR DEATH, THE FURNACE MUST BE ELECTRICALLY GROUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LOCAL CODES OR IN THEIR ABSENCE, WITH THE LATEST EDITION OF THE NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE.




WARNING

TO AVOID THE RISK OF INJURY, ELECTRICAL SHOCK OR DEATH, THE FURNACE MUST BE ELECTRICALLY GROUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LOCAL CODES, OR IN THEIR ABSENCE, WITH THE LATEST EDITION OF THE NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE.

115 VOLT LINE VOLTAGE CONNECTION OF ACCESSORIES (HUMIDIFIER AND ELECTRONIC AIR CLEANER)

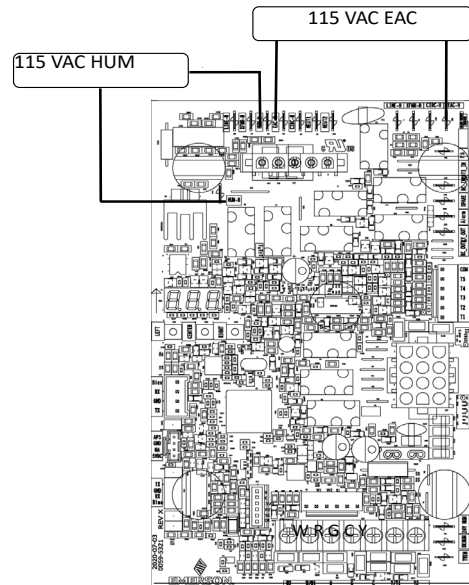
The furnace integrated control module is equipped with line voltage accessory terminals for controlling power to an optional field-supplied humidifier and/or electronic air cleaner.

Turn OFF power to the furnace before installing any accessories. Follow the humidifier or air cleaner manufacturers' instructions for locating, mounting, grounding, and controlling these accessories. Accessory wiring connections are to be made through the 1/4" quick connect terminals provided on the furnace integrated control module. The humidifier hot terminal is identified as 120V HUM-H, its neutral terminal is identified as 120V HUM-N. The electronic air cleaner hot terminal is identified as EAC-H, its neutral terminal is identified as 120V EAC-N. All field wiring must conform to applicable codes. Connections should be made as shown. (See Figure 32)

If it is necessary for the installer to supply additional line voltage wiring to the inside of the furnace, the wiring must conform to all local codes, and have a minimum temperature rating of 105°C. All line voltage wire splices must be made inside the furnace junction box.

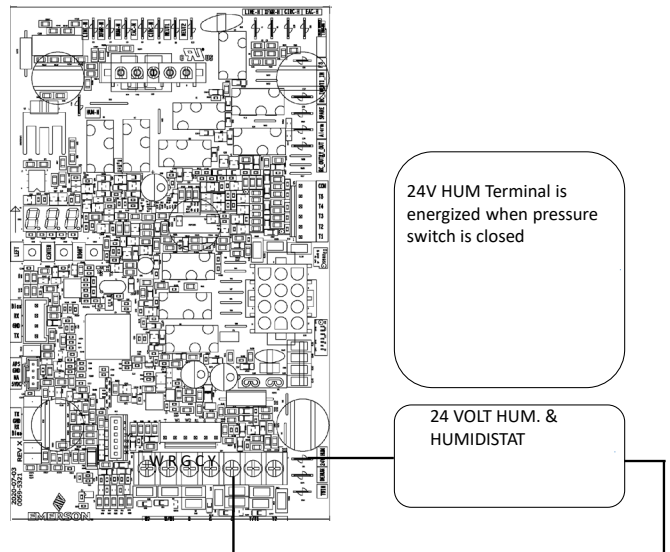
The integrated control module humidifier terminal 120V HUM-H is energized with 115 volts whenever the induced draft blower is energized. This terminal can also be used to provide 115 volt power to a humidifier transformer. The remaining primary transformer wire would be connected to the Line N on the control board. The integrated control module electronic air cleaner terminals EAC-H is energized with 115 volts whenever the circulator blower is energized.

NOTE: Wire routing must not to interfere with circulator blower operation, filter removal, or routine maintenance.



CONNECTION OF 24 VOLT HUMIDIFIER

The integrated control module single humidifier terminal "24 V HUM" is energized with 24 volts whenever the induced draft blower is energized. Connect the common side of the 24 volt humidifier to the "C" terminal of the thermostat terminal strip on the control board.



JUNCTION BOX RELOCATION

Line voltage connections can be made through either the right or left side panel. The furnace is shipped configured for a left side electrical connection. To make electrical connections through the opposite side of the furnace, the junction box must be relocated to the left side prior to making electrical connections. To relocate the junction box, perform the following steps.

1. Remove the burner compartment door.

SYSTEM OPERATION

- Remove and save the two screws securing the junction box to the side panel.
- Relocate junction box and associated plugs and grommets to opposite side panel. Secure with screws removed in step.

IMPORTANT NOTE: Wire routing must not interfere with circulator blower operation, filter removal or routine maintenance.

To ensure proper unit grounding, the ground wire should run from the furnace ground screw located inside the furnace junction box all the way back to the electrical panel.

NOTE: Do not use gas piping as an electrical ground. To confirm proper unit grounding, turn off the electrical power and perform the following check.

- Measure resistance between the neutral (white) connection and one of the burners. Resistance should measure 10 ohms or less.

This furnace is equipped with a blower door interlock switch which interrupts unit voltage when the blower door is opened for servicing. Do not defeat this switch.

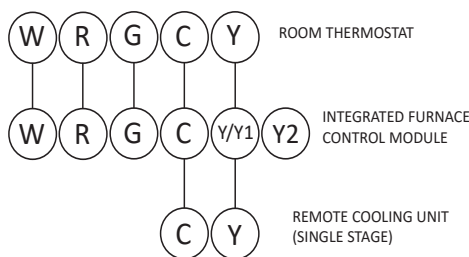
24 VOLT THERMOSTAT WIRING

IMPORTANT NOTE: Wiring routing must not interfere with circulator blower operation, filter removal or routine maintenance.

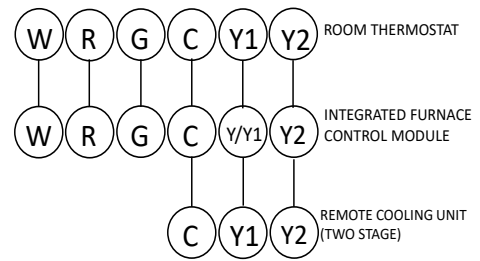
Low voltage connections can be made through either the right or left side panel. Thermostat wiring entrance holes are located in the blower compartment. The following figure shows connections for a “heat/cool system”.

This furnace is equipped with a 40 VA transformer to facilitate use with most cooling equipment. Consult the wiring diagram, located on the blower compartment door, for further details of 115 Volt and 24 Volt wiring.

Thermostat Wiring Diagrams



Thermostat - Single-Stage Heating with Single-Stage Cooling



Thermostat - Single-Stage Heating with Two-Stage Cooling

WARNING

HIGH VOLTAGE!
TO AVOID PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH DUE TO ELECTRICAL SHOCK, DISCONNECT ELECTRICAL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR CHANGING ANY ELECTRICAL WIRING.

FOSSIL FUEL APPLICATIONS

This furnace can be used in conjunction with a heat pump in a fossil fuel application. A fossil fuel application refers to a combined gas furnace and heat pump installation which uses an outdoor temperature sensor to determine the most cost efficient means of heating (heat pump or gas furnace).

A heat pump thermostat is required to properly use a single-stage furnace in conjunction with a heat pump. Refer to the fossil fuel kit installation instructions for additional thermostat requirements.

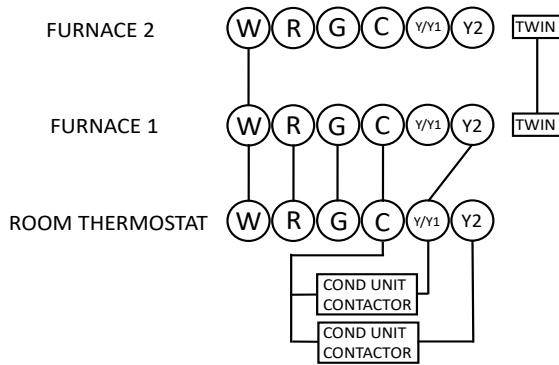
Strictly follow the wiring guidelines in the fossil fuel kit installation instructions. All furnace connections must be made to the furnace two-stage integrated control module and the “FURNACE” terminal strip on the fossil fuel control board.

TWINNING

Two furnaces of the same model may be twinned. The integrated control board has a $\frac{3}{16}$ terminal labeled “TWIN” located beside the low voltage thermostat connection strip. Twinning allows simultaneous operation of two furnaces and forces the indoor blower motors of each furnace to operate synchronously into a common duct system. Using the twinning function will require only field installed wiring with no external kits or parts. The staging and speed tap options must be set the same on both furnaces.

NOTE: Each furnace must be connected to it’s own 115 VAC power supply. The L1 connection to each furnace must be in phase (connected to circuit breakers on the same 115 VAC service panel phase leg). To verify that the furnaces are in phase, check from L1 to L1 on each furnace with a voltmeter. If the furnaces are in phase, the voltage between both furnaces will be ZERO.

SYSTEM OPERATION



FURNACE STARTUP

1. Close the manual gas shutoff valve external to the furnace.
2. Turn off the electrical power to the furnace.
3. Set the room thermostat to the lowest possible setting.
4. Remove the burner compartment door.

NOTE: This furnace is equipped with an ignition device which automatically lights the burner. Do not try to light the burner by hand.

5. Move the furnace gas valve manual control to the OFF position.
6. Wait five minutes then smell for gas. Be sure check near the floor as some types of gas are heavier than air.
7. If you smell gas after five minutes, immediately follow the safety instructions in the *Safety Considerations* on page 2 of this manual. If you do not smell gas after five minutes, move the furnace gas valve manual control to the ON position.
8. Replace the burner compartment door.
9. Open the manual gas shutoff valve external to the furnace.
10. Turn on the electrical power to the furnace.
11. Adjust the thermostat to a setting above room temperature.
12. After the burners are lit, set the thermostat to desired temperature.

GAS HEAT SEQUENCE OF OPERATION

Call for Heat

- On a call for heat, the thermostat contacts close & the control board receives 24 VAC on the W terminal.
- The control board microcomputer runs its self-check routine.
- The control verifies the limit switch is closed (24 VAC on Pin 8 of the 12 Pin connector).
- The control verifies that pressure switch circuit is open (0 VAC on Pin 5).
- The control module performs a gas valve circuitry check to verify gas valve relay state and presence of voltage at the valve.
- The system will energize the Induced draft blower.
- The pre-purge period begins once the pressure switch is detected closed (24 VAC on Pin 5).
- After the completion of pre-purge, the control will energize the igniter.
- After completion of the ignitor warm-up period:
- The gas valve is energized.
- The ignitor is de-energized as soon as flame is sensed.
- After 30 seconds the indoor blower is energized on heating speed.
- When the thermostat is satisfied:

 **CAUTION**

TO PREVENT UNRELIABLE OPERATION OR EQUIPMENT DAMAGE, THE GAS MANIFOLD PRESSURE MUST BE AS SPECIFIED ON THE UNIT RATING PLATE. ONLY MINOR ADJUSTMENTS SHOULD BE MADE BY ADJUSTING THE GAS VALVE PRESSURE REGULATOR.

 **WARNING**

POSSIBLE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH MAY OCCUR IF THE CORRECT CONVERSION KITS ARE NOT INSTALLED. THE APPROPRIATE KITS MUST BE APPLIED TO ENSURE SAFE AND PROPER FURNACE OPERATION. ALL CONVERSIONS MUST BE PERFORMED BY A QUALIFIED INSTALLER OR SERVICE AGENCY.

GAS SUPPLY AND PIPING

INLET GAS SUPPLY PRESSURE		
Natural Gas	Minimum: 4.5" w.c.	Maximum: 10.0" w.c.
Propane Gas	Minimum: 11.0" w.c.	Maximum: 13.0" w.c.

The furnace rating plate includes the approved furnace gas input rating and gas types. The furnace must be equipped to operate on the type of gas applied. This includes any conversion kits required for alternate fuels and/or high altitude. Inlet gas supply pressures must be maintained within the ranges specified in the following table. The supply pressure must be constant and available with all other household gas fired appliances operating. The minimum gas supply pressure must be maintained to prevent unreliable ignition. The maximum must not be exceeded to prevent unit overfiring.

 **WARNING**

TO AVOID POSSIBLE UNSATISFACTORY OPERATION OF EQUIPMENT DAMAGE DUE TO UNDERFIRING OR EQUIPMENT, USE THE PROPER SIZE OF NATURAL/PROPANE GAS PIPING NEEDED WHEN RUNNING PIPE FROM THE METER/TANK FURNACE.

SYSTEM OPERATION

- The gas valve is de-energized.
- The inducer remains energized for the post purge period (15 seconds).
- The indoor blower runs for the selected off delay period (90 seconds by default, adjustable from 30 – 180 seconds).

HEATING MODE SPEED SELECTION

To change the main blower speed in HEATING mode, follow the following steps:

1. Press left or right button till LED displays “gA1 “(for single stage HEATING). Press center button and LED will display the selected speed number as Fxx (xx: Blower speed number).
2. The control shall rotate available speed number every time Left/Right switches are pressed. Table below shows the available speeds for Low & High heat mode.
3. When the center switch is pressed, the current displayed speed shall be selected, and control shall apply the newly selected speed in next heating call.

NOTE: Always refer to the Heating Chart to choose from available heating speeds

THERMOSTAT CALL	AVAILABLE SPEEDS
W/W1	F01
	F02 (DEFAULT)
	F03
	F04

Heating Speed Table for 1 Stage IFC

CONTINUOUS FAN MODE SPEED SELECTION

To change the main blower speed in circulation mode, follow the following steps:

1. Press the left or right switch until LED displays “FSd”. Press the center switch and LED will display the selected speed number as Fxx (xx: Blower speed number from 1 to 9). F01 is the default speed for circulation.
2. The control will rotate available speed number every time left/right switches are pressed. All 9 speeds are available for circulation.
3. When the center switch is pressed, the current displayed speed will be selected, and control will immediately apply that speed setting.

THERMOSTAT CALL	AVAILABLE SPEEDS
G	F01 (DEFAULT)
	F02
	F03
	F04
	F05
	F06
	F07
	F08
	F09

Circulation Speed Table

COOLING MODE SEQUENCE OF OPERATION

Low Stage Cooling Mode Sequence:

On a call for low stage cooling, the Y/Y1 or Y/Y1 and G thermostat contacts close signaling the furnace control board with 24 VAC on Y/Y1 or Y/Y1 and G terminals.

- The 7-Segment will display the cool mode: $l R \square$
- The compressor and condenser fan are energized.
- The circulator fan is energized at low cool speed after a cool on delay. The electronic air cleaner will also be energized.
- After the thermostat is satisfied, the compressor is de-energized and the Cool Mode Fan Off Delay period begins.
- Following the Cool Mode Fan Off Delay period, the cool circulator and air cleaner relay are de-energized.

2nd Stage Cooling Mode Sequence:

On a call for 2nd stage cooling, the Y2 or Y2 and G thermostat contacts close signaling the furnace control board with 24 VAC on Y2 or Y2 and G terminals.

- The 7-Segment will display the cool mode: $2 R \square$
- The compressor and condenser fan are energized.
- The circulator fan is energized at cool speed after a cool on delay. The electronic air cleaner will also be energized.
- After the thermostat is satisfied, the compressor is de-energized and the Cool Mode Fan Off Delay period begins.
- Following the Cool Mode Fan Off Delay period, the cool circulator and air cleaner relay are de-energized

SYSTEM OPERATION

COOLING MODE SPEED SELECTION

To change the main blower speed in COOLING mode, follow the following steps:

1. Press the left or right switch until LED displays “AC1 “(for single stage COOLING) or “AC2 “(for two-stage COOLING). Press the center switch and LED will display the selected speed number as Fxx (xx: Blower speed number from 1 to 9).
2. The control will rotate available speed number every time left/right switches are pressed. ~~All 9 speeds are available for both Single and Two Stage cooling.~~
3. When the center switch is pressed, the current displayed speed will be selected, and control will apply the newly selected speed in next cooling call.

THERMOSTAT CALL	AVAILABLE SPEEDS
Y/Y1	F01
	F02
	F03
	F04 (DEFAULT)
	F05
	F06
	F07
	F08
	F09

Single-Stage Cooling Speed Table for 2 Stage IFC



THERMOSTAT CALL	AVAILABLE SPEEDS
Y2	F01
	F02
	F03
	F04
	F05 (DEFAULT)
	F06
	F07
	F08
	F09

Two-Stage Cooling Speed Table for 2 Stage IFC

FURNACE SHUTDOWN

1. Set the thermostat to the lowest setting. The integrated control will close the gas valve and extinguish flame. Following a 15 second delay, the induced draft blower will be de-energized. After the blower off delay time expires, the blower de-energizes.
2. Remove the burner compartment door and move the furnace gas valve manual control to the OFF position.
3. Close the manual gas shutoff valve external to the furnace.
4. Replace the burner compartment door.

SCHEDULED MAINTENANCE

 WARNING	
HIGH VOLTAGE DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR CHANGING ANY ELECTRICAL WIRING. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.	

MAINTENANCE

Improper filter maintenance is the most common cause of inadequate heating or cooling performance. Filters should be cleaned (permanent) or replaced (disposable) every two months or as required. It is the owner's responsibility to keep air filters clean. When replacing a filter, it must be replaced with a filter of the same type and size.

FILTER REMOVAL

Depending on the installation, differing filter arrangements can be applied. Filters can be installed in the central return register, the bottom of the blower compartment (upflow only), a side panel external filter rack kit (upflow only), or the ductwork above a counterflow furnace. A media air filter or electronic air cleaner can be used as an alternate filter. The filter sizes given in the *Product Design* section of this manual or the product *Specification Sheet* must be followed to ensure proper unit performance. Refer to the following information for removal and installation of filters.

FILTER REMOVAL PROCEDURE

MEDIA AIR FILTER OR ELECTRONIC AIR CLEANER REMOVAL
Follow the manufacturer's directions for service.

HORIZONTAL UNIT FILTER REMOVAL

Filters in horizontal installations are located in the central return register.

INDUCED DRAFT AND CIRCULATION BLOWERS

The bearings in the induced draft blower and circulator blower motors are permanently lubricated by the manufacturer. No further lubrication is required. Check motor windings for accumulation of dust which may cause overheating. Clean as necessary.



CONDENSATE DRAINAGE SYSTEM (QUALIFIED SERVICER ONLY)

The drain tubes, standpipe, and field supplied drain line must be checked annually and cleaned as often as necessary to ensure proper condensate drainage.

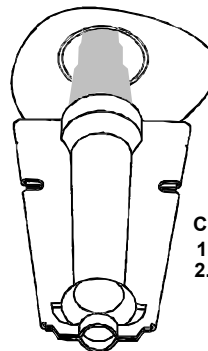
FLAME SENSOR (QUALIFIED SERVICER ONLY)

Under some conditions, the fuel or air supply can create a nearly invisible coating on the flame sensor. This coating acts as an insulator, causing a drop in the flame sensing signal. If this occurs, a qualified servicer must carefully clean the flame sensor with steel wool. After cleaning, the flame sensor output should be as listed on the specification sheet.

BURNERS

 WARNING	
HIGH VOLTAGE ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS ARE CONTAINED IN BOTH COMPARTMENTS. TO AVOID ELECTRICAL SHOCK, INJURY OR DEATH, DO NOT REMOVE ANY INTERNAL COMPARTMENT COVERS OR ATTEMPT ANY ADJUSTMENT. CONTACT A QUALIFIED SERVICE AGENT AT ONCE IF AN ABNORMAL FLAME APPEARANCE SHOULD DEVELOP.	

Periodically during the heating season make a visual check of the burner flames. Turn the furnace on at the thermostat. Wait a few minutes since any dislodged dust will alter the normal flame appearance. Flames should be stable, quiet, soft and blue with slightly orange tips. They should not be yellow. They should extend directly outward from the burner ports without curling downward, floating or lifting off the ports.



Check the burner flames for:
1. Stable, soft and blue
2. Not curling, floating, or lifting off.

Burner Flame

TEST EQUIPMENT

Proper test equipment for accurate diagnosis is as essential as regular hand tools.

The following is a must for every service technician and service shop.

1. Thermometers or thermocouple meter (optional) - To measure temperatures.
2. Multi-Meter - To measure amperage and voltage, and to test continuity, capacitors and motor windings.
3. Manometer - To measure static pressure, pressure drop across coils, filters and draft, and to measure inlet and manifold gas pressures.

Other recording type instruments can be essential in solving abnormal problems, however, in many instances they may be rented from local sources.

SCHEDULED MAINTENANCE

Proper equipment promotes faster, more efficient service and accurate repairs resulting in fewer call backs.

HEATING PERFORMANCE TEST

Before attempting to diagnose an operating fault code, run a Heating Performance Test to determine if the heating system is performing within 5% of the BTU input found on the rating plate of the unit being tested. To conduct a heating performance test, the BTU input to the unit must be calculated (see Clocking a Gas Meter). Before clocking a gas meter, contact your local utility to provide the caloric value (BTU content) of the natural gas in the area.

It is also important to confirm the airflow (CFM) is within the temperature rise range (see Airflow Data in spec sheet) and external static pressure range (approximately 0.5" water column). How-to instructions can be found in the service manual under Checking External Static Pressure and Checking Temperature Rise.

CLOCKING A GAS METER

1. Turn off all gas appliances in the home.
2. Turn on the furnace. Ensure the furnace is operating at a 100% firing rate on 2 stage and modulating furnace product.
3. Once heating cycle is at a steady state (typically 15 minutes of operation), use a stopwatch to time how long it takes the smallest unit of measure dial on the gas meter to make a full revolution. In Table 1, one cubic foot is selected. The smallest unit of measure will vary depending on the gas meter.

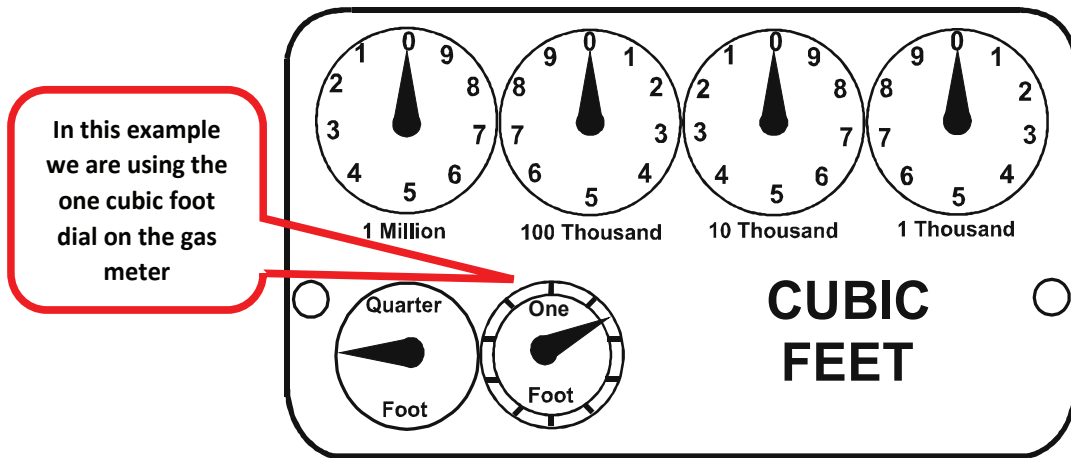


TABLE 1

SCHEDULED MAINTENANCE

4. Using Table 2 below, find the number of seconds it took for the dial to make a full revolution. To the right of that number of seconds and below the Size of Test Dial (selected in step 3 and shown in Table 1) will be the Cubic Feet per Hour (CFH).

Locate 40 seconds for one revolution in the chart below

Then locate the 1 cu ft dial column and select the corresponding CFH from the 40 seconds for one revolution row

GAS RATE -- CUBIC FEET PER HOUR											
Seconds for One Revolution	Size of Test Dial					Seconds for One Revolution	Size of Test Dial				
	1/4 cu/ft	1/2 cu/ft	1 cu/ft	2 cu/ft	5 cu/ft		1/4 cu/ft	1/2 cu/ft	1 cu/ft	2 cu/ft	5 cu/ft
10	90	180	360	720	1800	36	25	50	100	200	500
11	82	164	327	655	1636	37	--	--	97	195	486
12	75	150	300	600	1500	38	23	47	95	189	474
13	69	138	277	555	1385	39	--	--	92	185	462
14	64	129	257	514	1286	40	22	45	90	180	450
15	60	120	240	480	1200	41	--	--	--	176	439
16	56	113	225	450	1125	42	21	43	86	172	429
17	53	106	212	424	1059	43	--	--	--	167	419
18	50	100	200	400	1000	44	--	41	82	164	409
19	47	95	189	379	947	45	20	40	80	160	400
20	45	90	180	360	900	46	--	--	78	157	391
21	43	86	171	343	857	47	19	38	76	153	383
22	41	82	164	327	818	48	--	--	75	150	375
23	39	78	157	313	783	49	--	--	--	147	367
24	37	75	150	300	750	50	18	36	72	144	360
25	36	72	144	288	720	51	--	--	--	141	355
26	34	69	138	277	692	52	--	--	69	138	346
27	33	67	133	265	667	53	17	34	--	136	340
28	32	64	129	257	643	54	--	--	67	133	333
29	31	62	124	248	621	55	--	--	--	131	327
30	30	60	120	240	600	56	16	32	64	129	321
31	--	--	116	232	581	57	--	--	--	126	316
32	28	56	113	225	563	58	--	31	62	124	310
33	--	--	109	218	545	59	--	--	--	122	305
34	26	53	106	212	529	60	15	30	60	120	300
35	--	--	103	206	514						

TABLE 2

5. Use this formula to verify the Cubic Feet per Hour (CFH) input determined in step 4 is correct:

$$(3600 \times \text{Gas Meter Dial Size}) / \text{Time (seconds)} = \text{Cubic Feet per Hour (CFH)}$$

3600 is used as there are 60 seconds in a minute and 60 minutes in an hour.
60x60=3600

6. Check with your local utility for actual BTU content (caloric value) of natural gas in the area (the average is 1025 BTU's).
7. Use this formula to calculate the BTU/HR input (See BTU/HR Calculation Example):
Cubic Feet per Hour (CFH) x BTU content of your natural gas = BTU/HR input
8. Should the figure you calculated not fall within five (5) percent of the nameplate rating of the unit, adjust the gas valve pressure regulator or resize orifices. To adjust the pressure regulator on the gas valve, turn downward (clockwise) to increase pressure and input, and upward (counterclockwise) to decrease pressure and input. A properly operating unit must have the BTU per hour input and CFM of air, within the limits shown to prevent short cycling of the equipment. As the external static pressure goes up, the temperature rise will also increase. Consult the proper tables for temperature rise limitation.

SCHEDULED MAINTENANCE


BTU/HR Calculation Example:

The unit being tested takes 40 seconds for the 1 cubic foot dial to make one complete revolution. Using the chart, this translates to 90 cubic feet per hour. Based upon the assumption that one cubic foot of natural gas has 1,025 BTU's (Check with your local utility for actual BTU content), the **calculated input is 92,250 BTU's per hour.**


Furnace Nameplate Input in this example: 90,000 BTU/HR

Calculated Gas Input in this example: 92,250 BTU/HR

This example is within the 5% tolerance input and does not need adjustment.

 CAUTION
ALWAYS CONNECT A MANOMETER TO THE OUTLET TAP AT THE GAS VALVE BEFORE ADJUSTING THE PRESSURE REGULATOR. IN NO CASE SHOULD THE FINAL MANIFOLD PRESSURE VARY MORE THAN PLUS OR MINUS .2 INCHES WATER COLUMN FROM 3 INCHES WATER COLUMN FOR NATURAL GAS.

A properly operating unit must have the BTU per hour input and CFM of air, within the limits shown to prevent short cycling of the equipment. As the external static pressure goes up, the temperature rise will also increase. Consult the proper tables for temperature rise limitation.

 CAUTION
ALWAYS CONNECT A MANOMETER TO THE OUTLET TAP AT THE GAS VALVE BEFORE ADJUSTING THE PRESSURE REGULATOR. IN NO CASE SHOULD THE FINAL MANIFOLD PRESSURE VARY MORE THAN PLUS OR MINUS .3 INCHES WATER COLUMN FROM 3.5 INCHES WATER COLUMN FOR NATURAL GAS OR 10 INCHES WATER COLUMN FOR PROPANE GAS.

Since normally propane gas is not installed with a gas meter, clocking will be virtually impossible. The gas orifices used with propane are calculated for 2500 BTU per cubic foot gas and with proper inlet pressures and correct piping size, full capacity will be obtained.

With propane gas, no unit gas valve regulator is used; however, the second stage supply line pressure regulator should be adjusted to give 10" water column with all other gas consuming appliances running.

The dissipation of the heat transferred to the heat exchanger is now controlled by the amount of air circulated over its surface.

The amount (CFM) of air circulated is governed by the external static pressure in inches of water column of duct work, cooling coil, registers, etc., applied externally to the unit versus the motor speed tap (direct drive) or pulley adjustments of the motor and blower (belt drive).

A properly operating unit must have the BTU per hour input and CFM of air, within the limits shown to prevent short cycling of the equipment. As the external static pressure goes up, the temperature rise will also increase. Consult the proper tables for temperature rise limitation.

SCHEDULED MAINTENANCE

*M9S92 Pressure Switch Trip Points And Usage Chart					
Model	Coil Cover Set Point on Pressure Fall (PF) W.C.	Coil Cover Max Make On Pressure Rise W.C.	ID Blower Set Point on Pressure Fall (PF) W.C.	ID Blower Max Make On Pressure Rise W.C.	ID Blower Coil Cover Pressure Switch Assembly Part #
*M9S920403ANAA	- 0.10 ± .05	-0.25	- 0.20 ± .05	-.035	0130F00641
*M9S920603BNAA	- 0.10 ± .05	-0.25	- 1.20 ± .05	-1.41	0130F00480
*M9S920803BNAA	- 0.10 ± .05	-0.25	- 0.97 ± .05	-1.12	0130F00479
*M9S920804CNAA	- 0.10 ± .05	-0.25	- 1.20 ± .05	-1.41	0130F00480
*M9S920805CNAA	- 0.10 ± .05	-0.25	- 1.20 ± .05	-1.20	0130F00480
*M9S921004CNAA	- 0.10 ± .05	-0.25	- 0.97 ± .05	-1.12	0130F00479
*M9S921005CNAA	- 0.10 ± .05	-0.25	- 0.97 ± .05	-1.12	0130F00479
*M9S921205DNAA	- 0.10 ± .05	-0.25	- 1.20 ± .05	-1.41	0130F00480

*M9S96 / *C9S96 Pressure Switch Trip Points And Usage Chart					
Model	Coil Cover Set Point on Pressure Fall (PF) W.C.	Coil Cover Max Make On Pressure Rise W.C.	ID Blower Set Point on Pressure Fall (PF) W.C.	ID Blower Max Make On Pressure Rise W.C.	ID Blower Coil Cover Pressure Switch Assembly Part #
*M9S960403ANAA	- 0.10 ± .05	- 0.25	- 0.35 ± .05	- 0.50	0130F00642
*M9S960603BNAA	- 0.10 ± .05	- 0.25	- 1.49 ± .07	- 1.70	0130F00478
*M9S960803BNAA	- 0.10 ± .05	- 0.25	- 1.27 ± .07	- 1.48	0130F00477
*M9S960804CNAA	- 0.10 ± .05	- 0.25	- 1.27 ± .07	- 1.48	0130F00477
*M9S960805CNAA	- 0.10 ± .05	- 0.25	- 1.27 ± .07	-1.48	0130F00477
*M9S961004CNAA	- 0.10 ± .05	- 0.25	- 1.27 ± .07	- 1.48	0130F00477
*M9S961205DNAA	- 0.10 ± .05	- 0.25	- 0.85 ± .05	- 1.00	0130F00476
*C9S960403BNAA	- 0.08 ± .04	- 0.16	- 1.49 ± .07	- 1.70	0130F00484
*C9S960603BNAA	- 0.10 ± .05	- 0.25	- 1.49 ± .07	- 1.70	0130F00477
*C9S960804CNAA	- 0.10 ± .05	- 0.25	- 1.49 ± .07	- 1.70	0130F00477
*C9S961005CNAA	- 0.10 ± .05	- 0.25	- 1.49 ± .07	- 1.70	0130F00477
*C9S961205CNAA	- 0.10 ± .05	- 0.25	- 0.85 ± .05	- 1.00	0130F00476

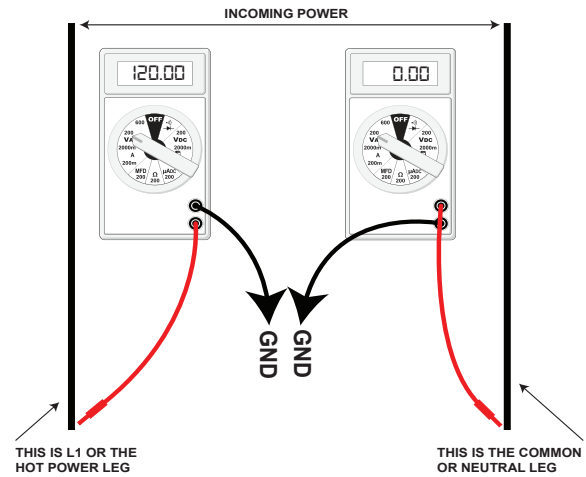
SERVICING

As more and more electronics are introduced to the Heating Trade, Polarization of incoming power and phasing of primary to secondary voltage on transformers becomes more important.

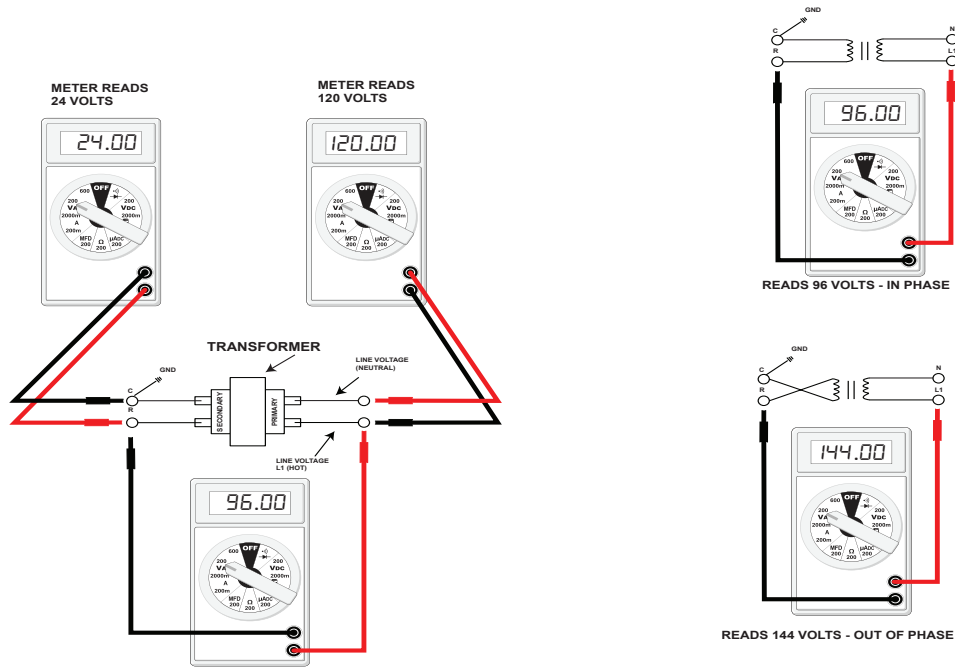
Polarization has been apparent in the Appliance industry since the introduction of the three prong plug, however, the Heating Industry does not use a plug for incoming power, but is hard wired.

Some of the electronic boards being used today, with flame rectification, will not function properly and/or at all without polarization of incoming power. Some also require phasing between the primary and secondary sides of step-down transformers.

We recommend that these two items be checked during normal installation and/or service calls. See as follows:

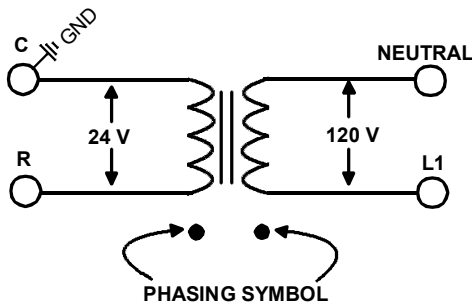


CHECKING FOR PHASING - PRIMARY TO SECONDARY OF UNMARKED TRANSFORMERS*



If meter reads approximately 96 volts - the primary to secondary are in phase - if reads approximately 144 volts out of phase - reverse low voltage wires.

***NOTE:** For flame rectification the common side of the secondary voltage (24 V) is cabinet grounded. If you were to bench test a transformer the primary neutral and secondary common must be connected together for testing purposes.





These then should be wired to the furnace accordingly.

Some transformers will display phasing symbols as shown in the illustration to the left to assist in determining proper transformer phasing.

Checking for polarization and phasing should become a habit in servicing. Let's start now.

SERVICING

CHECKING VOLTAGE

 WARNING	
HIGH VOLTAGE DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR CHANGING ANY ELECTRICAL WIRING. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.	

1. Remove the burner door on furnaces to gain entry to the Junction Box.
2. Remove cover from the Junction Box and gain access to incoming power lines.

With Power ON:

 WARNING
LINE VOLTAGE NOW PRESENT.

3. Using a voltmeter, measure the voltage across the hot and neutral connections.

NOTE: To energize the furnace, the Door Interlock Switch must be engaged at this point.

4. No reading - indicates open wiring, open fuse, no power, or faulty Door Interlock Switch from unit to fused disconnect service. Repair as needed.
5. With ample voltage at line voltage connectors, energize the furnace blower motor by jumpering terminals R to G on the integrated ignition control.
6. With the blower motor in operation, the voltage should be 115 volts \pm 10 percent.
7. If the reading falls below the minimum voltage, check the line wire size. Long runs of undersized wire can cause low voltage. If wire size is adequate, notify the local power company of the condition.
8. After completing check and/or repair, replace Junction Box cover and reinstall the service panel doors.
9. Turn on electrical power and verify proper unit operation.

CHECKING WIRING

 WARNING
DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING.

1. Check wiring visually for signs of overheating, damaged insulation and loose connections.
2. Use an ohmmeter to check continuity of any suspected open wires.
3. If any wires must be replaced, replace with AWM, 105°C. 2/64 thick insulation of the same gauge or its equivalent.

CHECKING THERMOSTAT, WIRING

 WARNING
DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING.

1. Remove the blower compartment door to gain access to the thermostat low voltage wires located at the furnace integrated control module terminals.
2. Remove the thermostat low voltage wires at the furnace control panel terminal board.
3. Jumper terminals R to W (or W1 and W2 for two-stage models) on the integrated ignition control.

With Power On (and Door Interlock Switch closed):



 WARNING
LINE VOLTAGE NOW PRESENT.

4. Induced Draft Motor must run and pull in pressure switch.
5. If the hot surface ignitor heats and at the end of the ignitor warm-up period the gas valve opens and the burners ignite, the trouble is in the thermostat or wiring.
6. With power off, check the continuity of the thermostat and wiring. Repair or replace as necessary. If checking the furnace in the air conditioning mode, proceed as follows.
7. With power off, Jumper terminals R to Y to G.
8. Turn on the power.
9. If the furnace blower motor starts and the condensing unit runs, then the trouble is in the thermostat or wiring. Repair or replace as necessary.
10. After completing check and/or repair of wiring and check and/or replacement of thermostat, reinstall blower compartment door.
11. Turn on electrical power and verify proper unit operation.

SERVICING

CHECKING TRANSFORMER AND CONTROL CIRCUIT

A step-down transformer 120 volt primary to 24 volt secondary, 40 VA (Heating and Cooling Models) supplies ample capacity of power for either operation.

 WARNING
<p>HIGH VOLTAGE DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR CHANGING ANY ELECTRICAL WIRING. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.</p>


1. Remove blower compartment door to gain access to the thermostat low voltage wires located at the furnace integrated control module.
2. Remove the thermostat low voltage wires at the furnace integrated control module terminals.

With Power On (and Door Interlock Switch closed):

 WARNING
<p>LINE VOLTAGE NOW PRESENT.</p>

3. Use a voltmeter, check voltage across terminals R and C. Must read 24 VAC.
4. No voltage indicates faulty transformer, open fuse, bad wiring, bad splice, or open door interlock switch.
5. Check transformer primary voltage at incoming line voltage connections, fuse, splices, and blower door interlock switch.
6. If line voltage is available to the primary side of transformer and not at secondary side, the transformer is inoperative. Replace.
7. After completing check and/or replacement of transformer and check and/or repair of control circuit, reinstall blower compartment door.
8. Turn on electrical power and verify proper unit operation.

CHECKING AIR CIRCULATOR BLOWER MOTOR (MULTI-SPEED ECM MOTOR)

 WARNING
<p>DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING.</p>

1. Remove blower compartment door to gain access to the circulator blower motor and integrated ignition control.
2. Check for any obstruction that would keep the fan wheel / fan motor from turning.

3. Check wiring, the motor has two wiring harnesses, a main harness and a control harness. The main pin harness has: White neutral wire connected to the Neutral terminal on the control board. Black wire connected to the CIRC H terminal on the control board. Red wire connected to the COM terminal, which is a female spade connection next to the T1 – T5.

Green ground wire connected to cabinet ground.
 The control harness has:
 Blue wire connected to T1 on the control board.
 Red wire connected to T2 on the control board.
 Orange wire connected to T3 on the control board.
 Black wire connected to T4 on the control board.
 Yellow wire connects to T5 on control board.

The multi-speed ECM motor requires a line voltage power supply (black connected to CIRC H and white connected to neutral on the control board) as well as a signal on one of the speed taps (T1-T5).

The speed tap voltage is A.C. and can vary which tap is energized depending on DIP switch selection. The voltage reading from any one of the speed taps is referenced between the female COM terminal next to the speed taps on the control board. From COM to T1 or T2, T3, T4, T5 you should read 24 VAC on the low voltage speed taps.

Motor Tap Identification		
CONNECTOR ID	DESCRIPTION	CONNECTOR VOLTAGE
L	LINE, L1	LINE, L1
G	GROUND	CHASSIS GROUND
N	LINE, L2	LINE, L2
C	SIGNAL COMMON	24VAC COMMON
1	TAP 1	24VAC
2	TAP 2	24VAC
3	TAP 3	24VAC
4	TAP 4	24VAC
5	TAP 5	24VAC

CHECKING DUCT STATIC

The maximum and minimum allowable external static pressures are found in the specification section. These tables also show the amount of air being delivered at a given static by a given motor speed or pulley adjustment.

The furnace motor cannot deliver proper air quantities (CFM) against statics other than those listed.

Too great of an external static pressure will result in insufficient air that can cause excessive temperature rise, resulting in limit tripping, etc. Whereas not enough static may result in motor overloading.

SERVICING

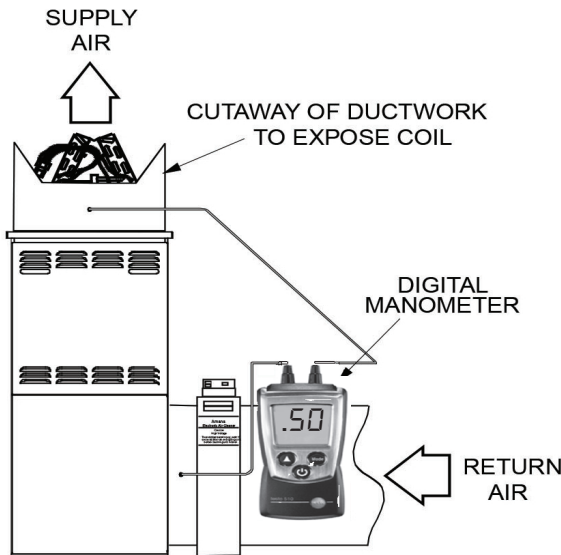
To determine proper air movement, proceed as follows:

1. With clean filters in the furnace, use a manometer to measure the static pressure of the return duct at the inlet of the furnace. (Negative Pressure)
2. Measure the static pressure of the supply duct. (Positive Pressure)
3. Add the two (2) readings together for total external static pressure.

NOTE: Both readings may be taken simultaneously and read directly on the manometer if so desired. If an air conditioner coil or Electronic Air Cleaner is used in conjunction with the furnace, the readings must also include these components, as shown in the following drawing.

4. Consult proper tables for the quantity of air.

If the total external static pressure exceeds the minimum or maximum allowable statics, check for closed dampers, registers, undersized and/or oversized poorly laid out duct work.



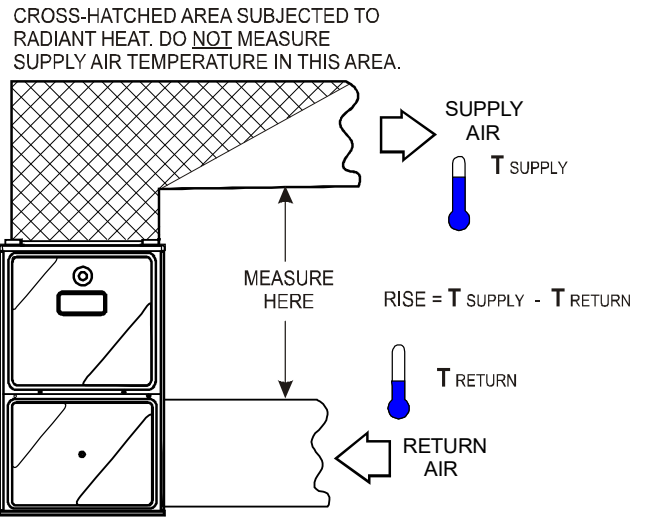
Checking Static Pressure

CHECKING TEMPERATURE RISE

The more air (CFM) being delivered through a given furnace, the less the rise will be; so the less air (CFM) being delivered, the greater the rise. The temperature rise should be adjusted in accordance to a given furnace specifications and its external static pressure. An incorrect temperature rise may result in condensing in or overheating of the heat exchanger. An airflow and temperature rise table is provided in the blower performance specification section. Determine and adjust temperature rise as follows:

1. Operate furnace with burners firing for approximately ten minutes. Check BTU input to furnace - do not exceed input rating stamped on rating plate. Ensure all registers are open and all duct dampers are in their final (fully or partially open) position.

2. Place thermometers in the return and supply ducts as close to the furnace as possible. Thermometers must not be influenced by radiant heat by being able to "see" the heat exchanger.

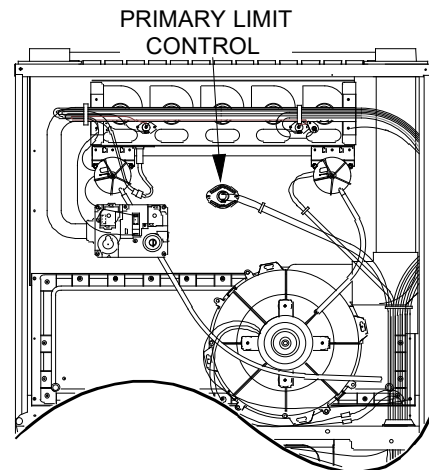


Checking Temperature Rise

3. Subtract the return air temperature from the supply air temperature to determine the air temperature rise. Allow adequate time for thermometer readings to stabilize.
4. Adjust temperature rise by adjusting the circulator blower speed. Increase blower speed to reduce temperature rise. Decrease blower speed to increase temperature rise. Refer to *Circulator Blower Speed* section in the Product Design section of this manual for speed changing details. Temperature rise is related to the BTUH output of the furnace and the amount of air (CFM) circulated over the heat exchanger. Measure motor current draw to determine that the motor is not overloaded during adjustments.

CHECKING PRIMARY LIMIT CONTROL

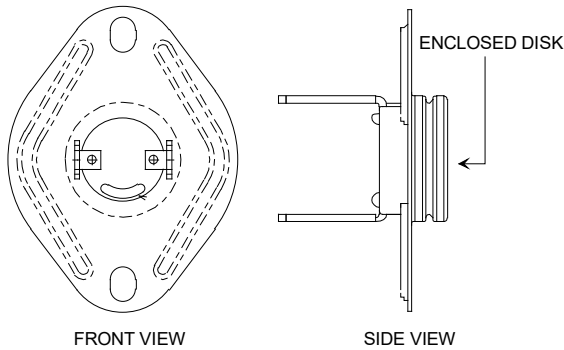
Primary limit controls are nonadjustable, automatic reset, bi-metal type limit control. Refer to the following drawing for the location of the primary limit.



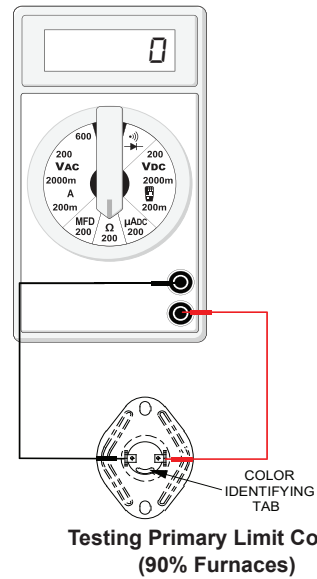
Primary Limit Control Location

SERVICING

The following drawing illustrates the style of limit switches used on the 90% furnaces.



**Primary Limit Control Style
(90% Furnaces)**

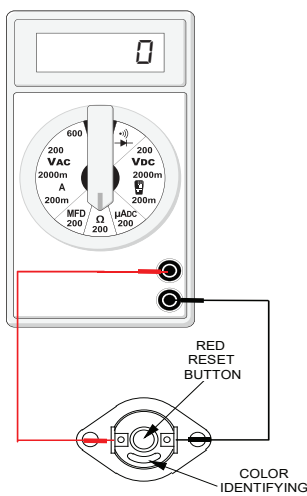


**Testing Primary Limit Control
(90% Furnaces)**

WARNING

HIGH VOLTAGE
DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR CHANGING ANY ELECTRICAL WIRING. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.

1. Remove burner compartment door to gain access to the primary limit.
2. Remove low voltage wires at limit control terminals.
3. With an ohmmeter, test between these two terminals as shown in the following drawing. The ohmmeter should read continuous unless heat exchanger temperature is above limit control setting. If not as above, replace the control.



Testing Primary Limit Control

4. After completing check and/or replacement of primary limit control, reinstall burner compartment door.
5. Turn on electrical power and verify proper unit operation.

To aid in identifying these controls, refer to the *Primary Limit Charts* in furnace Technical Manual for part number, temperature setting and color(s) code.

MANUAL RESET AUXILIARY LIMIT LOCATED IN BLOWER DECK

The 90% **single-stage** upflow furnaces use two auxiliary limit switch for control of high temperatures within the furnace or duct work. This control is preset, nonadjustable and auto reset. The control is located in the blower compartment of the furnace on the blower deck, as shown in the following illustration.

WARNING

HIGH VOLTAGE
DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR CHANGING ANY ELECTRICAL WIRING. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.

WARNING

TO AVOID POSSIBLE FIRE, ONLY RESET THE AUXILIARY LIMIT CONTROL ONCE. IF IT SHOULD OPEN A SECOND TIME, A QUALIFIED SERVICER MUST DETERMINE WHY THE AUXILIARY LIMIT OPENED BEFORE RESET-TING AGAIN.

To aid in identifying these controls, color coded labels are attached to the back of the controls. Refer to the *Auxiliary Limit Charts* in furnace Technical Manual for color codes and temperature settings.

SERVICING



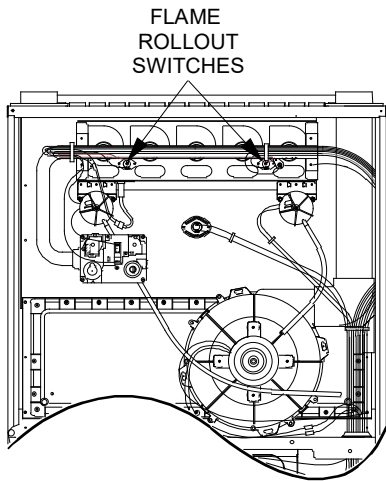
WARNING

Do NOT BYPASS ANY SAFETY CIRCUIT.

CHECKING FLAME ROLLOUT CONTROL

A temperature activated manual reset control is mounted to the manifold assembly on 90% furnaces, as shown in the following illustrations.

Should read continuous unless heat exchanger temperature is above limit control setting. If not as above, replace the control.



Flame Rollout Switch Location

The control is designed to open should a flame roll out. If the control opens, the air circulation blower will run continuously. On single-stage models, the ignition control diagnostic light will flash (6) six times indicating a trip of the rollout switch or an open control board fuse.

To aid in identifying these controls, color-coded labels have been affixed to the back of these controls. Refer to the Rollout Limit Charts in furnace Technical Manual for temperature settings and color codes.



WARNING

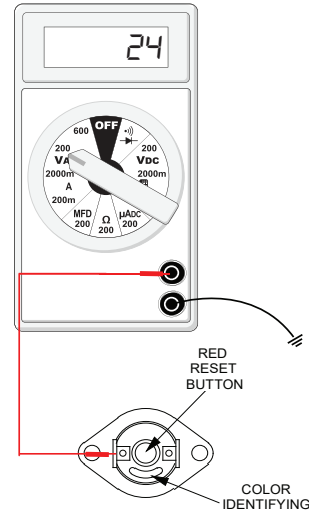
LINE VOLTAGE NOW PRESENT.

1. Remove the burner compartment door to gain access to the rollout switch(es) mounted to burner bracket.

The servicer should reset the ignition control by opening and closing the thermostat circuit. Then look for the ignitor glowing which indicates there is power to the ignition control.

Measure the voltage between each side of the rollout control and ground while the ignition control tries to power the gas valve.

2. Measure the voltage between each side of the rollout control and ground during the ignition attempt. Refer to the following figure.



Checking Flame Rollout Switch

- a. If no voltage is measured on either side of control it indicates ignition control or wiring to control problem.
 - b. If voltage is measured on one side of the control and not the other it indicates the control is open.
 - c. If voltage is measured on both sides of the control the wiring to gas valve or valve is at fault.
3. After check and/or replacement of rollout switch, reinstall burner compartment door and verify proper unit operation.

INDUCED DRAFT BLOWER MOTOR



WARNING

HIGH VOLTAGE
DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR CHANGING ANY ELECTRICAL WIRING. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.



1. Remove burner compartment door to gain access to the induced draft blower motor.
2. Disconnect the motor wire leads from its connection point at the induced draft motor.
3. Using a ohmmeter, test for continuity between each of the motor leads.

SERVICING

4. Touch one probe of the ohmmeter to the motor frame (ground) and the other probe in turn to each lead. If the windings do not test continuous or a reading is obtained to ground, replace the motor.
5. If the windings have a continuity reading, reconnect wires. Turn power on to the furnace and turn the thermostat on in the heating mode. Check voltage for 115V at the induced draft motor terminals during the trial for ignition. If you have 115V and the motor does not run, replace the induced draft motor.
6. After completing check and/or replacement of induced draft motor, reinstall burner compartment door.
7. Turn on electrical power and verify proper unit operation.

CHECKING GAS VALVE (Redundant)

A combination redundant operator type gas valve which provides all manual and automatic control functions required for gas fired heating equipment is used.

The valve provides control of main burner gas flow, pressure regulation, and 100 percent safety shut-off.

 WARNING
DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING.

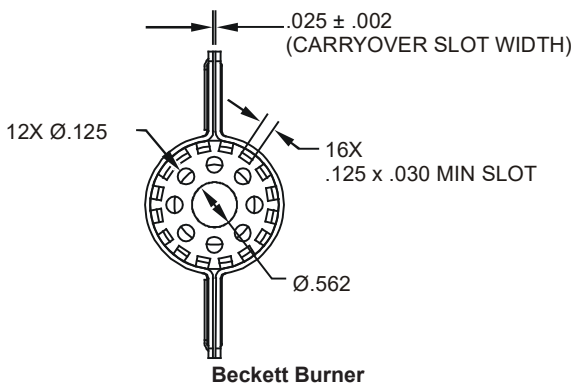
Single stage gas valves should be tested on the furnace with 24 VAC connected to the gas valve and manometers reading supply line and manifold pressures.

CHECKING MAIN BURNERS

The main burners are used to provide complete combustion of various fuels in a limited space, and transfer this heat of the burning process to the heat exchanger.

Proper ignition, combustion, and extinction are primarily due to burner design, orifice sizing, gas pressure, primary and secondary air, vent and proper seating of burners.

Burners have been redesigned for 34.5" chassis furnaces. Overall length and width dimensions remain the same as 40" model burners. The burners used 34.5" models have burner head insert with larger diameter center hole and a larger number of surrounding holes.



 WARNING
DISCONNECT ALL GAS AND ELECTRICAL POWER SUPPLY.

In checking main burners, look for signs of rust, oversized and undersized carry over ports restricted with foreign material, etc, refer to previous drawing. Burner cross-over slots should not be altered in size.

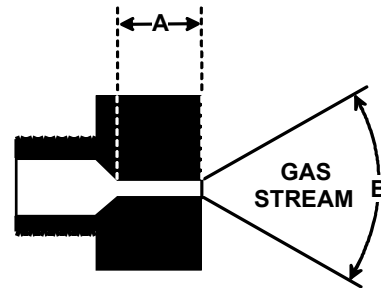
CHECKING ORIFICES

Single stage furnaces are factory equipped with #45 gas orifices.

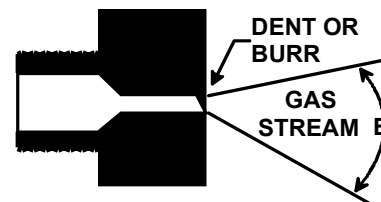
Orifices should be treated with care in order to prevent damage. They should be removed and installed with a box-end wrench in order to prevent distortion. In no instance should an orifice be peened over and redrilled. This will change the angle or deflection of the vacuum effect or entraining of primary air, which will make it difficult to adjust the flame properly.

 WARNING
DISCONNECT ALL GAS AND ELECTRICAL POWER SUPPLY.

1. Check orifice visually for distortion and/or burrs.
2. Check orifice size with orifice sizing drills.
3. If resizing is required, a new orifice of the same physical size and angle with proper drill size opening should be installed.



The length of Dimension "A" determines the angle of Gas Stream "B".



A dent or burr will cause a severe deflection of the gas stream.

SERVICING

CHECKING GAS PRESSURE

GAS SUPPLY PRESSURE MEASUREMENT



CAUTION

TO PREVENT UNRELIABLE OPERATION OR EQUIPMENT DAMAGE, THE INLET GAS SUPPLY PRESSURE MUST BE AS SPECIFIED ON THE UNIT RATING PLATE WITH ALL OTHER HOUSEHOLD GAS FIRED APPLIANCES OPERATING.

Gas inlet and manifold pressures should be checked and adjusted in accordance to the type of fuel being consumed. The line pressure supplied to the gas valve must be within the range specified below. The supply pressure can be measured at the gas valve inlet pressure tap or at a hose fitting installed in the gas piping drip leg. The supply pressure must be measured with the burners operating. To measure the gas supply pressure, use the following procedure.



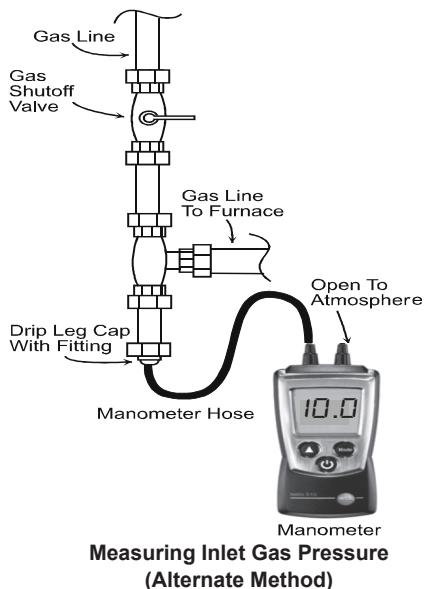
WARNING

DISCONNECT ELECTRICAL POWER AND SHUT OFF GAS SUPPLY.

1. After turning off gas to furnace at the manual gas shutoff valve external to the furnace, remove burner compartment door to gain access to the gas valve.
2. Connect a calibrated manometer (or appropriate gas pressure gauge) at either the gas valve inlet pressure tap or the gas piping drip leg as shown in the following figures.

NOTE: At either location, a hose fitting must be installed prior to making the hose connection.

NOTE: Use adapter kit #0151K00000S to measure gas pressure on White-Rodgers 36G22 gas valves.



3. Turn ON the gas and electrical power supply and operate the furnace and all other gas consuming appliances on the same gas supply line.
4. Measure furnace gas supply pressure with burners firing. Supply pressure must be within the range specified in the following table.

INLET GAS SUPPLY PRESSURE		
Natural Gas	Minimum: 4.5" w.c.	Maximum: 10.0" w.c.
Propane Gas	Minimum: 11.0" w.c.	Maximum: 13.0" w.c.

If supply pressure differs from above, make necessary adjustments to pressure regulator, gas piping size, etc., and/or consult with local gas utility.



WARNING

HIGH VOLTAGE
DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR CHANGING ANY ELECTRICAL WIRING. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.



5. Disconnect manometer after turning off gas at manual shutoff valve. Reinstall plug before turning on gas to furnace.
6. Turn OFF any unnecessary gas appliances started in step 3.
7. Turn on gas to furnace and check for leaks. If leaks are found, repair and then reinstall burner compartment door.
8. Turn on electrical power and verify proper unit operation.

GAS MANIFOLD PRESSURE MEASUREMENT AND ADJUSTMENT



CAUTION

TO PREVENT UNRELIABLE OPERATION OR EQUIPMENT DAMAGE, THE GAS MANIFOLD PRESSURE MUST BE AS SPECIFIED ON THE UNIT RATING PLATE. ONLY MINOR ADJUSTMENTS SHOULD BE MADE BY ADJUSTING THE GAS VALVE PRESSURE REGULATOR.

NOTE: Use adapter kit #0151K00000S to measure gas pressure on White-Rodgers 36J22 gas valves.

Only small variations in gas pressure should be made by adjusting the gas valve pressure regulator. The manifold pressure must be measured with the burners operating. To measure and adjust the manifold pressure, use the following procedure.

SERVICING



WARNING

HIGH VOLTAGE

DISCONNECT ALL ELECTRICAL POWER AND SHUT OFF GAS SUPPLY BEFORE SERVICING OR INSTALLING.

1. After turning off gas to furnace at the manual gas shut-off valve external to the furnace, remove burner compartment door to gain access to the gas valve.
2. Connect a calibrated manometer (or appropriate gas pressure gauge) at the gas valve outlet pressure tap. Refer to *Measuring Gas Pressure: Single Stage Valves* figure for single stage valve outlet pressure tap connections.



WARNING

LINE VOLTAGE NOW PRESENT.

3. Turn ON the gas and electrical power supply and operate the furnace.
4. Measure gas manifold pressure with burners firing. Adjust manifold pressure using the table below.

Manifold Gas Pressure	
Natural Gas	3.5" w.c.
Propane Gas	10.0" w.c.

The final manifold pressure must not vary more than $\pm 0.3''$ w.c. from the above specified pressures. Any necessary major changes in gas flow rate should be made by changing the size of the burner orifice.

5. White-Rodgers 36J22 Valves:
 - a. Back outlet pressure test screw (inlet/outlet pressure boss) out one turn (counterclockwise, not more than one turn).
 - b. Attach a hose and manometer to the outlet pressure outlet pressure boss.
 - c. Turn ON the gas supply.
 - d. Turn on power and close thermostat "R" and "W1" contacts to provide a call for heat.
 - e. Measure the gas manifold pressure with burners firing. Adjust manifold pressure using the *Manifold Gas Pressure* table shown below.
 - f. Remove regulator cover screw from the outlet pressure regulator adjust tower and turn screw clockwise to increase pressure or counterclockwise to decrease pressure. Replace regulator cover screw.
 - g. Turn off all electrical power and gas supply to the system.
 - h. Remove the manometer hose from the hose barb fitting or outlet pressure boss.
 - i. Turn outlet pressure test screw in to seal pressure port (clockwise, 7 in-lb minimum).

6. Honeywell VR8215 Valve:
 - a. Remove the outlet pressure boss plug. Install an $\frac{1}{8}''$ NPT hose barb fitting into the outlet pressure tap.
 - b. Attach a hose and manometer to the outlet pressure barb fitting.
 - c. Turn ON the gas supply.
 - d. Turn on power and close thermostat "R" and "W1" contacts to provide a call for low stage heat.
 - e. Measure the gas manifold pressure with burners firing. Adjust manifold pressure using the *Manifold Gas Pressure* table shown.
 - f. Remove regulator cover screw from the outlet pressure regulator adjust tower and turn screw clockwise to increase pressure or counterclockwise to decrease pressure. Replace regulator cover screw.
 - g. Turn off all electrical power and gas supply to the system.
 - h. Remove the manometer hose from the hose barb fitting or outlet pressure boss.
 - i. Remove the $\frac{1}{8}''$ NPT hose barb fitting from the outlet pressure tap. Replace the outlet pressure boss plug and seal with a high quality thread sealer.



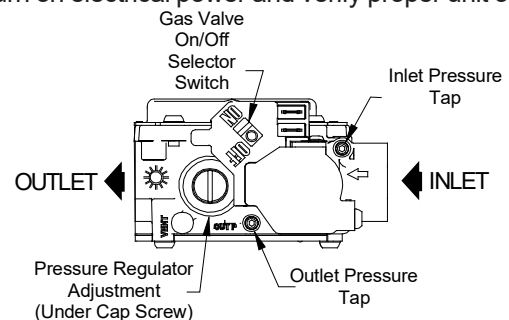
WARNING

HIGH VOLTAGE

DISCONNECT ALL POWER AND SHUT OFF GAS SUPPLY BEFORE SERVICING OR INSTALLING THIS UNIT. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.



7. Turn on gas to furnace and check for leaks. If leaks are found, repair and then reinstall burner compartment door.
8. Turn on electrical power and verify proper unit operation.



White-Rodgers Model 36J22 (Single-Stage)

SERVICING

Manifold Gas Pressure			
Gas	Rate	Range	Nominal
Propane Gas	High Stage	9.7 to 10.3" w.c.	10.0" w.c.
	Low Stage	5.7 to 6.3" w.c.	6.0" w.c.

CHECKING HOT SURFACE IGNITOR

Single stage furnaces use a 115 volt silicon carbide igniter (p/n 0130F00008) with 17-second warm up time.

WARNING

DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING.

1. Remove burner compartment door to gain access to the ignitor.
2. Ignitor cool - approximately 70 - 77°F.
3. Disconnect the ignitor from the Ignition Control.
4. Using an ohmmeter measure the resistance of the ignitor: at room temperature a normal reading will be 37 - 68 ohms.
5. Reconnect ignitor.

WARNING

LINE VOLTAGE NOW PRESENT.

6. Place unit in heating cycle, measure current draw of ignitor during preheat cycle.

CHECKING FOR FLASHBACK

Flashback will also cause burning in the burner venturi, but is caused by the burning speed being greater than the gas-air flow velocity coming from a burner port.

Flashback may occur at the moment of ignition, after a burner heats up or when the burner turns off. The latter is known as extinction pop.

Since the end results of flashback and delayed ignition can be the same (burning in the burner venturi) a definite attempt should be made to determine which has occurred.

If flashback should occur, check for the following:


1. Improper gas pressure - adjust to proper pressure (See *CHECKING GAS PRESSURE*).
2. Check burner for proper alignment and/or replace burner.
3. Improper orifice size - check orifice for obstruction.

CHECKING PRESSURE SWITCH

The pressure control is a safety device to prevent the combustion cycle from occurring with inadequate venting caused by a restricted or blocked vent pipe.

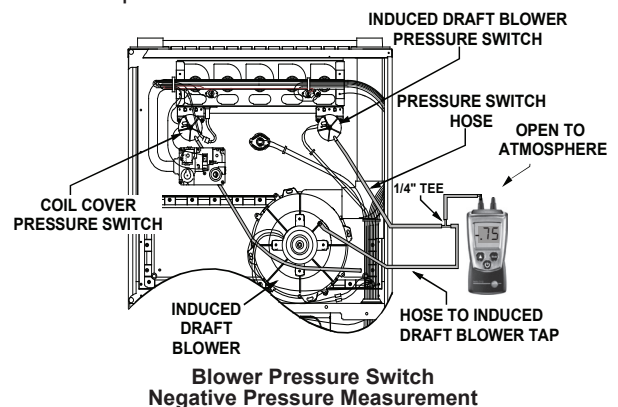
WARNING

HIGH VOLTAGE
DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR INSTALLING THIS UNIT. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.



1. Remove burner compartment door to gain access to pressure switch(es).
2. Remove wires from the pressure switch(es) electrical terminals.
3. Remove the pressure control hose from the control and interconnect with a manometer as shown in the following figures.

With a call for heat and the inducer running, check across the pressure switch contacts with an ohm meter. If the contacts are not closed, compare the negative reading on the manometer with the rating on the pressure switch to determine whether the switch is defective or if the negative pressure is inadequate to close the switch.



HIGH ALTITUDE APPLICATION (USA)

A high altitude kit is required for installations above 7,000 ft. Refer to the accessory matrix in this manual to determine the proper natural gas and LP gas high altitude kit for your furnace.

CHECKING FOR DELAYED IGNITION

Delayed ignition is a delay in lighting a combustible mixture of gas and air which has accumulated in the combustion chamber.

Furnace design makes this extremely unlikely unless safety controls have been by-passed or tampered with. Never by-pass or alter furnace controls.

If delayed ignition should occur, the following should be checked:


1. Improper gas pressure - adjust to proper pressure (See *CHECKING GAS PRESSURE*).

SERVICING

2. Improper burner positioning - burners should be in locating slots, level front to rear and left to right.
3. Carry over (lighter tube or cross lighter) obstructed - clean.
4. Main burner orifice(s) deformed, or out of alignment to burner - replace.

CHECKING INTEGRATED IGNITION CONTROL BOARDS

NOTE: Failure to earth ground the furnace, reversing the neutral and hot wire connection to the line (polarity), or a high resistance connection in the neutral line may cause the control to lockout due to failure to sense flame.

 WARNING
TO AVOID THE RISK OF ELECTRICAL SHOCK, WIRING TO THE UNIT MUST BE PROPERLY POLARIZED AND GROUNDED. DISCONNECT POWER BEFORE PERFORMING SERVICE LISTED BELOW.

The ground wire must run from the furnace all the way back to the electrical panel. Proper grounding can be confirmed by disconnecting the electrical power and measuring resistance between the neutral (white) connection and the burner closest to the flame sensor. Resistance should be less than 2 ohms.

The ignition control is a combination electronic and electro-mechanical device and is not field repairable. Complete unit must be replaced.

 WARNING
LINE VOLTAGE NOW PRESENT.

These tests must be completed within a given time frame due to the operation of the ignition control.

The ignition control is capable of diagnosing many furnace failures to help in troubleshooting. The trial for ignition period is 4 seconds.

The indicator light/display may be viewed by looking through the sight glass in the blower compartment door. If the blower compartment door is removed, failure to hold the door switch closed while removing the blower compartment door will result in the loss of the stored failure code. In most cases recycling the ignition control will result in the same failure code originally displayed.



 WARNING
LINE VOLTAGE NOW PRESENT.

These tests must be completed within a given time frame due to the operation of the ignition control.

1. Check for 120 volts from Line 1 (Hot) to Line 2 (Neutral) at the ignition control. No voltage, check the door switch connections and wire harness for continuity.
2. Check for 24 volts from W to C terminal on the ignition control. No voltage. Check transformer, room thermostat, and wiring. If you have 24 volts coming off the transformer but receive approximately 13 volts on the terminal board between (C) and (R), check for blown fuse.
3. Check for 120 volts to the induced draft blower by measuring voltage between Pin 1 (on the 2-pin connector) and Line (Neutral) on the control board. No voltage, replace ignition control.
4. If voltage is present in Steps 1 through 3 and the induced draft blower is operating, check for 120 volts to the ignitor during the preheat cycle. Measure voltage between Pin 2 (on the 2-pin connector) and Line (Neutral) on the control board. No voltage, check pressure switch.
5. After the ignitor warm-up time, begin checking for 24 volts to the gas valve. Voltage will be present for seven seconds only if proof of flame has been established.

CHECKING FLAME SENSOR

A flame sensing device is used in conjunction with the ignition control module to prove combustion. If proof of flame is not present the control will de-energize the gas valve and "retry" for ignition or lockout.

 WARNING
HIGH VOLTAGE DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR INSTALLING THIS UNIT. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.


1. Connect a micro-amp meter in series with this wire and the sensor terminal.
2. Be sure the positive side of the meter is to the sensor (depending on the model) and the negative side of the meter is to sensor terminal.

SERVICING



WARNING

LINE VOLTAGE NOW PRESENT.

3. Place the unit into a heating cycle.
4. As soon as flame is established a micro-amp reading should be evident once proof of flame (micro-amp reading) is established, the hot surface ignitor will be de-energized.
5. The Integrated Ignition controls will have 1 to 4 micro-amperes. If the micro-amp reading is less than the minimum specified, check for high resistance wiring connections, sensor to burner gap, dirty flame sensor, or poor grounding.
6. If absolutely no reading, check for continuity on all components and if good - replace ignition control module.

NOTE: Contaminated fuel or combustion air can create a nearly invisible coating on the flame sensor. This coating works as an insulator causing a loss in the flame sense signal. If this situation occurs the flame sensor must be cleaned with steel wool.



WARNING

HIGH VOLTAGE
DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR INSTALLING THIS UNIT. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.



CAUTION

IF YOU MUST HANDLE THE IGNITER, HANDLE WITH CARE. TOUCHING THE IGNITER BODY WITH BARE FINGERS, ROUGH HANDLING, OR VIBRATION COULD RESULT IN EARLY IGNITOR FAILURE. ONLY A QUALIFIED SERVICER SHOULD EVER HANDLE THE IGNITER.

ANNUAL INSPECTION

The furnace should be inspected by a qualified installer, or service agency at least once per year. This check should be performed at the beginning of the heating season. This will ensure that all furnace components are in proper working order and that the heating system functions appropriately. Pay particular attention to the following items. Repair or service as necessary.

- Flue pipe system. Check for blockage and/or leakage. Check the outside termination and the connections at and internal to the furnace.
- Combustion air intake pipe system (where applicable). Check for blockage and/or leakage. Check the outside termination and the connection at the furnace.
- Heat exchanger. Check for corrosion and/or buildup within the heat exchanger passageways.
- Burners. Check for proper ignition, burner flame, and flame sense.
- Drainage system. Check for blockage and/or leakage. Check hose connections at and internal to furnace.
- Wiring. Check electrical connections for tightness and/or corrosion. Check wires for damage.
- Filters.

AIR FILTER



WARNING

NEVER OPERATE FURNACE WITHOUT A FILTER INSTALLED AS DUST AND LINT WILL BUILD UP ON INTERNAL PARTS RESULTING IN LOSS OF EFFICIENCY, EQUIPMENT DAMAGE, AND POSSIBLE FIRE.

Filters must be used with this furnace. Filters do not ship with these furnaces but must be provided by the installer for proper furnace operation.

Remember that dirty filters are the most common cause of inadequate heating or cooling performance.

1 STAGE STATUS CODES

Menu Description	LED Display		Notes
	Main Menu	Option Menu	
Active Alaram menu	<i>E r r</i>	Exx	(xx: code numbers)
Last 6 Faults	<i>L6F</i>	Exx	(xx: code numbers)
Code Release Number	<i>Cr</i>	CR Number	
Reset to Factory Default	<i>rFd</i>	yes, no	
Blower Speed for Continous Fan Mode	<i>F5d</i>	Fxx	(xx: Blower Speed Number F01, F02..)
Blower Speed for 1st Stage Compressor Mode	<i>FC1</i>	Fxx	(xx: Blower Speed Number F01, F02..)
Blower Speed for 2nd Stage Compressor Mode	<i>FC2</i>	Fxx	(xx: Blower Speed Number F01, F02..)
Cool On Delay	<i>Cnd</i>	Delay, Seconds	Default set at 7 Secs, Adjustments can be made in 7 Secs increments from 0 to 35 Secs
Cool Off Delay	<i>COd</i>	Delay, Seconds	Default set at 65 Secs, Adjustments can be made in 5 Secs increments from 0 to 120 Secs
Blower Speed for Gas Heat Mode	<i>GF</i>	Fxx	(xx: Blower Speed Number F01, F02..)
Gas Heat On Delay	<i>Gnd</i>	Delay, Seconds	Default set at 30 Secs, Adjustments can be made in 5 Secs increments from 5 to 30 Secs
Gas heat Off Delay	<i>GFd</i>	Delay, Seconds	Default set at 90 Secs, Adjustments can be made in 30 Secs increments from 30 to 180 Secs
Automatic Heat Staging - For Two Stage Control	<i>AS</i>	no, 10, 20, 30, 60, Aut	Refer to Section " CHANGING HEATING MODE SETTING"

1 STAGE STATUS CODES

STATUS MENU

Mode	Main Menu
Idle	<i>IDL</i>
Continuous Fan	<i>FAH</i>
Compressor Cooling, Low Stage	<i>1RC</i>
Compressor Cooling, High Stage	<i>2RC</i>
Gas heat - Single Stage Control	<i>GH</i>
OEM test Mode	<i>EOL</i>

1 STAGE TROUBLESHOOTING CODES

TROUBLESHOOTING CHART			
Symptom	LED Status	Fault Description	Corrective Actions
Normal operation	1 dL	Normal operation	None
Furnace fails to operate	EE0	Furnace lockout due to an excessive number of ignition "retries" (3 total) Failure to establish flame Loss of flame after establishment	Locate and correct gas interruption Replace or realign igniter Check flame sense signal, clean sensor if coated or oxidized Check flue piping for blockage, proper length, elbows, and termination Verify proper induced draft blower performance
Furnace fails to operate	EE1	Pressure switch circuit is closed at start of heating cycle Pressure switch contacts sticking Short in pressure switch circuit wiring	Replace low stage pressure switch Repair short in wiring
Induced draft blower runs continuously with no furnace operation	EE2	Pressure switch circuit is not closed Pressure switch hose blocked/pinched, or connected improperly Blocked flue and/or inlet air pipe, blocked drain system or weak induced draft blower Incorrect pressure switch set point or malfunctioning switch contacts Loose or improperly connected wiring	Inspect pressure switch hose, repair/replace if necessary Inspect flue piping for blockage, proper length, elbows, and termination Check induced draft blower performance, correct as necessary Check pressure switch operation, replace as needed Tighten or correct wiring connection
Circulator blower runs continuously No furnace operation	EE3	Primary limit circuit is open Insufficient conditioned air over the heat exchanger Blocked filters, restrictive ductwork, improper circulator blower speed, or failed circulator blower motor Loose or improperly connected wiring in high limit circuit	Check filters and ductwork for blockage Clean filters or remove obstruction Check circulator blower speed and performance Correct speed or replace blower motor if necessary Tighten or correct wiring connection
Induced draft blower and circulator blower runs continuously No furnace operation	EE4	Flame sensed with no call for heat Short to ground in flame sense circuit Lingering burner flame Slow closing gas valve	Correct short at flame sensor or in flame sensor wiring Check for lingering or lazy flame Verify proper operation of gas valve
No furnace operation	EE5	Open fuse Short in low voltage wiring	Replace fuse Locate and correct short in low voltage wiring

To VIEW & CLEAR FAULT CODES

Press either the Left or Right switch until **L 5 F** is displayed.

Press the center switch to view stored faults.

Press and hold the center switch for 5 to 30 seconds.

All stored faults will be erased, and the display will flash - - - three times and return to **L 5 F**.

1 STAGE TROUBLESHOOTING CODES

TROUBLESHOOTING CHART			
Symptom	LED Status	Fault Description	Corrective Actions
Normal furnace operation	EEB	Flame sense micro amp signal is minimal Flame sensor is coated/oxidized Flame sensor incorrectly positioned in burner fame Lazy burner flame due to improper gas pressure or combustion air	Clean flame sensor if coated or oxidized Inspect for proper flame sensor alignment Compare current gas pressure to rating plate and adjust as needed
Furnace fails to operate	EEL	Problem with igniter circuit Improperly connected or shorted igniter Poor unit ground Igniter relay fault on integrated control module	Check and correct wiring from integrated control module to igniter Diagnose and replace shorted igniter as needed Verify and correct unit ground wiring if needed Check igniter output from control, replace if necessary
Furnace fails to operate	EER	Polarity of 115 volt AC is reversed Poor unit ground	Correct polarity, check and correct wiring if necessary Verify proper ground, correct if necessary
Furnace fails to operate	EEb	Gas valve is not energized when it should be External Gas Valve Error	Check wiring in gas valve circuit Replace integrated control board
Furnace fails to operate	EEc	Gas valve is energized when it should not be Internal gas valve error	Check wiring in gas valve circuit Replace integrated control board
Furnace fails to operate. Integrated control module LED display provides no signal	None	No 115 power to furnace or no 24 volt power to integrated control module. Blown fuse or tripped circuit breaker Integrated control module is non- functional	Restore high voltage power to furnace and integrated control module. Correct condition which caused fuse to open, replace fuse Replace non-functional integrated control module.
Furnace fails to operate	E I D	Grounding fault Poor neutral connection	Verify neutral wire connection to furnace & continuity to ground source
Furnace fails to operate	E I I	Open roll out switch	Check for correct gas pressure Check for correct burner alignment Check for and correct burner restriction
Furnace fails to operate	EE _n	Ignitor Open	Check for Ignitor wiring. Replace Damaged Ignitor
Furnace fails to operate	EE _J	Inducer relay Error	Replace integrated control board
Twinning feature not working	EEH	TWIN Error	Check for wiring connections. Replace integrated control board
Furnace fails to operate	EEE	Internal Faults or IRQ Loss in Control Board	Replace integrated control board

LOW STAGE COOLING AIFLOW

MODEL	THERMOSTAT CALL	TAP #	EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE, (INCHES WATER COLUMN)							
			0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8
			CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM
C9S960403B	Y/Y1	F01	632	574	510	448	388	332	277	234
		F02	727	677	623	565	510	455	403	351
		F03	878	839	797	751	701	653	607	561
		F04^	948	910	870	828	785	739	693	652
		F05	1106	1076	1044	1010	974	939	899	860
		F06	1156	1125	1096	1063	1028	996	960	927
		F07	1237	1205	1174	1145	1115	1081	1050	1016
		F08	1334	1306	1275	1249	1220	1194	1163	1136
		F09	1382	1354	1327	1302	1276	1246	1219	1190
C9S960603B	Y/Y1	F01	771	698	632	560	491	428	372	307
		F02	1197	1150	1102	1057	1014	968	926	877
		F03	1309	1264	1224	1180	1141	1098	1058	1018
		F04^	1138	1091	1043	993	949	901	853	805
		F05	944	884	824	774	716	660	605	554
		F06	963	907	852	803	745	689	639	587
		F07	1332	1289	1245	1200	1160	1120	1081	1036
		F08	1366	1319	1277	1235	1192	1154	1117	1074
		F09	1468	1436	1393	1359	1323	1285	1248	1210
C9S960804C	Y/Y1	F01	873	778	682	630	578	490	419	347
		F02	1442	1386	1335	1280	1221	1157	1110	1054
		F03	1643	1588	1534	1478	1415	1357	1299	1246
		F04^	1600	1555	1505	1460	1412	1364	1309	1260
		F05	1338	1269	1206	1133	1063	999	934	861
		F06	1796	1744	1691	1638	1584	1532	1473	1422
		F07	1874	1823	1775	1729	1675	1621	1567	1512
		F08	1798	1754	1719	1672	1627	1585	1546	1497
		F09	1991	1947	1900	1854	1808	1759	1707	1655
C9S961005C	Y/Y1	F01	1176	1107	1037	969	891	825	753	692
		F02	1773	1721	1671	1621	1571	1521	1470	1421
		F03	1709	1658	1607	1556	1503	1451	1399	1349
		F04^	1651	1597	1542	1491	1437	1384	1332	1278
		F05	1467	1409	1352	1307	1240	1182	1124	1063
		F06	1834	1785	1738	1691	1643	1593	1545	1502
		F07	1924	1881	1836	1796	1750	1701	1652	1606
		F08	2028	1994	1937	1899	1863	1814	1769	1724
		F09	2193	2145	2106	2076	2032	1998	1945	1903
C9S961205D	Y/Y1	F01	1187	1101	1013	931	847	764	677	604
		F02	1973	1916	1864	1810	1756	1702	1650	1590
		F03	1918	1859	1807	1748	1696	1643	1591	1531
		F04^	1835	1776	1720	1657	1602	1544	1483	1428
		F05	1236	1152	1073	990	919	834	749	679
		F06	1521	1459	1391	1327	1253	1187	1116	1053
		F07	1673	1609	1549	1493	1430	1362	1305	1242
		F08	2033	1981	1929	1878	1822	1771	1716	1669
		F09	2257	2201	2151	2099	2057	2008	1959	1906

NOTE:
 ^ Default speed

HIGH STAGE COOLING AIFLOW

MODEL	THERMOSTAT CALL	TAP #	EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE, (INCHES WATER COLUMN)							
			0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8
			CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM
C9S960403B	Y2	F01	632	574	510	448	388	332	277	234
		F02	727	677	623	565	510	455	403	351
		F03	878	839	797	751	701	653	607	561
		F04	948	910	870	828	785	739	693	652
		F05^	1106	1076	1044	1010	974	939	899	860
		F06	1156	1125	1096	1063	1028	996	960	927
		F07	1237	1205	1174	1145	1115	1081	1050	1016
		F08	1334	1306	1275	1249	1220	1194	1163	1136
		F09	1382	1354	1327	1302	1276	1246	1219	1190
C9S960603B	Y2	F01	771	698	632	560	491	428	372	307
		F02	1197	1150	1102	1057	1014	968	926	877
		F03	1309	1264	1224	1180	1141	1098	1058	1018
		F04	1138	1091	1043	993	949	901	853	805
		F05^	944	884	824	774	716	660	605	554
		F06	963	907	852	803	745	689	639	587
		F07	1332	1289	1245	1200	1160	1120	1081	1036
		F08	1366	1319	1277	1235	1192	1154	1117	1074
		F09	1468	1436	1393	1359	1323	1285	1248	1210
C9S960804C	Y2	F01	873	778	682	630	578	490	419	347
		F02	1442	1386	1335	1280	1221	1157	1110	1054
		F03	1643	1588	1534	1478	1415	1357	1299	1246
		F04	1600	1555	1505	1460	1412	1364	1309	1260
		F05^	1338	1269	1206	1133	1063	999	934	861
		F06	1796	1744	1691	1638	1584	1532	1473	1422
		F07	1874	1823	1775	1729	1675	1621	1567	1512
		F08	1798	1754	1719	1672	1627	1585	1546	1497
		F09	1991	1947	1900	1854	1808	1759	1707	1655
C9S961005C	Y2	F01	1176	1107	1037	969	891	825	753	692
		F02	1773	1721	1671	1621	1571	1521	1470	1421
		F03	1709	1658	1607	1556	1503	1451	1399	1349
		F04	1651	1597	1542	1491	1437	1384	1332	1278
		F05^	1467	1409	1352	1307	1240	1182	1124	1063
		F06	1834	1785	1738	1691	1643	1593	1545	1502
		F07	1924	1881	1836	1796	1750	1701	1652	1606
		F08	2028	1994	1937	1899	1863	1814	1769	1724
		F09	2193	2145	2106	2076	2032	1998	1945	1903
C9S961205D	Y2	F01	1187	1101	1013	931	847	764	677	604
		F02	1973	1916	1864	1810	1756	1702	1650	1590
		F03	1918	1859	1807	1748	1696	1643	1591	1531
		F04	1835	1776	1720	1657	1602	1544	1483	1428
		F05^	1236	1152	1073	990	919	834	749	679
		F06	1521	1459	1391	1327	1253	1187	1116	1053
		F07	1673	1609	1549	1493	1430	1362	1305	1242
		F08	2033	1981	1929	1878	1822	1771	1716	1669
		F09	2257	2201	2151	2099	2057	2008	1959	1906

NOTE:
^ Default speed

CIRCULATION AIFLOW

MODEL	THERMOSTAT CALL	TAP #	EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE, (INCHES WATER COLUMN)							
			0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8
			CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM
C9S960403B	G	F01	632	574	510	448	388	332	277	234
		F02	727	677	623	565	510	455	403	351
		F03	878	839	797	751	701	653	607	561
		F04	948	910	870	828	785	739	693	652
		F05	1106	1076	1044	1010	974	939	899	860
		F06	1156	1125	1096	1063	1028	996	960	927
		F07	1237	1205	1174	1145	1115	1081	1050	1016
		F08	1334	1306	1275	1249	1220	1194	1163	1136
		F09	1382	1354	1327	1302	1276	1246	1219	1190
C9S960603B	G	F01	771	698	632	560	491	428	372	307
		F02	1197	1150	1102	1057	1014	968	926	877
		F03	1309	1264	1224	1180	1141	1098	1058	1018
		F04	1138	1091	1043	993	949	901	853	805
		F05	944	884	824	774	716	660	605	554
		F06	963	907	852	803	745	689	639	587
		F07	1332	1289	1245	1200	1160	1120	1081	1036
		F08	1366	1319	1277	1235	1192	1154	1117	1074
		F09	1468	1436	1393	1359	1323	1285	1248	1210
C9S960804C	G	F01	873	778	682	630	578	490	419	347
		F02	1442	1386	1335	1280	1221	1157	1110	1054
		F03	1643	1588	1534	1478	1415	1357	1299	1246
		F04	1600	1555	1505	1460	1412	1364	1309	1260
		F05	1338	1269	1206	1133	1063	999	934	861
		F06	1796	1744	1691	1638	1584	1532	1473	1422
		F07	1874	1823	1775	1729	1675	1621	1567	1512
		F08	1798	1754	1719	1672	1627	1585	1546	1497
		F09	1991	1947	1900	1854	1808	1759	1707	1655
C9S961005C	G	F01	1176	1107	1037	969	891	825	753	692
		F02	1773	1721	1671	1621	1571	1521	1470	1421
		F03	1709	1658	1607	1556	1503	1451	1399	1349
		F04	1651	1597	1542	1491	1437	1384	1332	1278
		F05	1467	1409	1352	1307	1240	1182	1124	1063
		F06	1834	1785	1738	1691	1643	1593	1545	1502
		F07	1924	1881	1836	1796	1750	1701	1652	1606
		F08	2028	1994	1937	1899	1863	1814	1769	1724
		F09	2193	2145	2106	2076	2032	1998	1945	1903
C9S961205D	G	F01	1187	1101	1013	931	847	764	677	604
		F02	1973	1916	1864	1810	1756	1702	1650	1590
		F03	1918	1859	1807	1748	1696	1643	1591	1531
		F04	1835	1776	1720	1657	1602	1544	1483	1428
		F05	1236	1152	1073	990	919	834	749	679
		F06	1521	1459	1391	1327	1253	1187	1116	1053
		F07	1673	1609	1549	1493	1430	1362	1305	1242
		F08	2033	1981	1929	1878	1822	1771	1716	1669
		F09	2257	2201	2151	2099	2057	2008	1959	1906

AIRFLOW TABLES

GC9S96

HEATING AIFLOW

MODEL	THERMOSTAT CALL	TAP #	EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE, (INCHES WATER COLUMN)												TEMP RANGE	
			0.1		0.2		0.3		0.4		0.5		0.6	0.7		0.8
			CFM	RISE	CFM	RISE	CFM	RISE	CFM	RISE	CFM	RISE	CFM	CFM		CFM
C9S960403B	W/W1	F01^^	632	N/A	574	N/A	510	N/A	448	N/A	388	N/A	332	277	234	35-65
		F02^	727	48	677	51	623	54	565	60	510	65	455	403	351	
		F03	878	41	839	42	797	45	751	47	701	51	653	607	561	
		F04	948	38	910	39	870	41	828	43	785	45	739	693	652	
C9S960603B	W/W1	F01^^	771	N/A	698	N/A	632	N/A	560	N/A	491	N/A	428	372	307	35-65
		F02^	1197	45	1150	46	1102	48	1057	50	1014	53	968	926	877	
		F03	1309	41	1264	42	1224	44	1180	45	1141	47	1098	1058	1018	
		F04	1138	47	1091	49	1043	51	993	54	949	56	901	853	805	
C9S960804C	W/W1	F01^^	873	N/A	778	N/A	682	N/A	630	N/A	578	N/A	490	419	347	40-70
		F02^	1442	49	1386	51	1335	53	1280	56	1221	58	1157	1110	1054	
		F03	1643	43	1588	45	1534	46	1478	48	1415	50	1357	1299	1246	
		F04	1600	44	1555	46	1505	47	1460	49	1412	50	1364	1309	1260	
C9S961005C	W/W1	F01^^	1176	N/A	1107	N/A	1037	N/A	969	N/A	891	N/A	825	753	692	40-70
		F02^	1773	50	1721	52	1671	53	1621	55	1571	57	1521	1470	1421	
		F03^^	1709	52	1658	54	1607	55	1556	57	1503	59	1451	1399	1349	
		F04	1651	54	1597	56	1542	58	1491	60	1437	62	1384	1332	1278	
C9S961205D	W/W1	F01^^	1187	N/A	1101	N/A	1013	N/A	931	N/A	847	N/A	764	677	604	45-75
		F02^	1973	54	1916	56	1864	57	1810	59	1756	61	1702	1650	1590	
		F03	1918	56	1859	57	1807	59	1748	61	1696	63	1643	1591	1531	
		F04	1835	58	1776	60	1720	62	1657	64	1602	67	1544	1483	1428	

NOTE:
 ^DEFAULT & RECOMMENDED
 ^^NOT RECOMMENDED FOR HEATING

LOW STAGE COOLING AIFLOW

MODEL	THERMOSTAT CALL	TAP #	EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE, (INCHES WATER COLUMN)							
			0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8
			CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM
M9S920403A	Y/Y1	F01	610	559	513	467	419	368	316	285
		F02	925	887	852	818	787	754	720	685
		F03	846	808	772	737	703	667	630	594
		F04^	781	739	701	663	625	586	547	508
		F05	1038	1003	970	940	909	879	849	820
		F06	1106	1072	1041	1011	981	953	926	898
		F07	1215	1180	1151	1121	1095	1066	1043	1017
		F08	1238	1210	1180	1153	1126	1099	1073	1047
		F09	1319	1299	1273	1246	1220	1194	1169	1146
M9S920603B	Y/Y1	F01	723	663	604	539	476	404	347	291
		F02	1052	1010	962	920	875	829	785	740
		F03	1125	1084	1042	1003	964	918	875	834
		F04^	1206	1166	1129	1091	1054	1012	977	947
		F05	901	854	809	758	703	653	604	552
		F06	948	900	855	810	762	708	662	608
		F07	1273	1237	1206	1169	1128	1094	1057	1020
		F08	1365	1321	1292	1251	1219	1184	1152	1120
		F09	1426	1387	1360	1326	1292	1257	1226	1193
M9S920803B	Y/Y1	F01	718	662	611	551	486	419	358	300
		F02	1373	1341	1307	1279	1253	1226	1197	1172
		F03	1309	1265	1232	1192	1162	1129	1093	1057
		F04^	1233	1194	1165	1131	1097	1070	1039	1008
		F05	874	828	791	750	703	655	602	547
		F06	950	908	865	826	786	739	689	638
		F07	1097	1056	1019	988	952	921	880	842
		F08	1166	1127	1092	1060	1027	994	960	926
		F09	1407	1373	1338	1308	1282	1253	1229	1203
M9S920804C	Y/Y1	F01	804	740	670	586	501	407	347	N/A
		F02	1422	1375	1332	1288	1245	1200	1154	1108
		F03	1502	1455	1410	1365	1322	1278	1237	1195
		F04^	1567	1519	1476	1441	1402	1360	1319	1278
		F05	1347	1299	1253	1205	1157	1111	1063	1013
		F06	1692	1648	1609	1567	1529	1490	1451	1413
		F07	1772	1728	1689	1652	1614	1574	1534	1498
		F08	1793	1753	1720	1679	1643	1604	1562	1524
		F09	1875	1833	1797	1759	1727	1686	1652	1616
M9S920805C	Y/Y1	F01	869	782	684	575	482	395	331	122
		F02	1823	1776	1720	1679	1642	1597	1553	1504
		F03	1778	1729	1690	1648	1605	1558	1497	1449
		F04^	1722	1660	1609	1553	1507	1455	1402	1350
		F05	1498	1442	1388	1332	1278	1215	1154	1090
		F06	1634	1583	1536	1489	1440	1387	1330	1275
		F07	1925	1879	1836	1795	1752	1711	1664	1621
		F08	1993	1941	1899	1852	1813	1778	1741	1693
		F09	2216	2172	2131	2087	2046	2011	1973	1935

LOW STAGE COOLING AIFLOW

MODEL	THERMOSTAT CALL	TAP #	EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE, (INCHES WATER COLUMN)							
			0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8
			CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM
M9S921004C	Y/Y1	F01	809	740	669	603	536	449	377	319
		F02	1754	1707	1673	1640	1604	1568	1538	1509
		F03	1648	1620	1586	1552	1515	1480	1449	1412
		F04^	1558	1517	1479	1441	1403	1366	1330	1295
		F05	1303	1255	1210	1167	1125	1081	1041	999
		F06	1406	1362	1321	1281	1240	1197	1157	1118
		F07	1445	1403	1363	1324	1287	1247	1208	1167
		F08	1778	1743	1700	1669	1634	1600	1568	1542
		F09	1824	1785	1747	1714	1680	1647	1617	1585
M9S921005C	Y/Y1	F01	906	813	717	613	519	439	368	N/A
		F02	1871	1818	1769	1720	1667	1614	1565	1511
		F03	1831	1782	1729	1679	1624	1571	1520	1465
		F04^	1653	1596	1538	1480	1422	1362	1306	1247
		F05	1496	1437	1376	1315	1250	1189	1126	1056
		F06	1640	1587	1527	1471	1414	1357	1294	1235
		F07	1955	1937	1909	1860	1813	1765	1712	1662
		F08	2086	2039	1991	1944	1896	1855	1810	1763
		F09	2222	2178	2133	2088	2043	1998	1954	1910
M9S921205D	Y/Y1	F01	1056	962	866	772	666	574	501	429
		F02	2096	2050	2005	1948	1899	1848	1800	1755
		F03	2023	1973	1927	1877	1829	1781	1731	1680
		F04^	1946	1900	1848	1795	1741	1689	1637	1584
		F05	1231	1151	1078	992	913	812	725	651
		F06	1503	1440	1382	1318	1251	1179	1108	1039
		F07	1704	1646	1586	1532	1473	1412	1346	1284
		F08	1831	1775	1720	1668	1610	1560	1511	1457
		F09	2222	2173	2125	2078	2029	1980	1933	1884

NOTE:
^ Default speed

AIRFLOW TABLES

GM9S92

HIGH STAGE COOLING AIFLOW

MODEL	THERMOSTAT CALL	TAP #	EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE, (INCHES WATER COLUMN)							
			0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8
			CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM
M9S920403A	Y2	F01	610	559	513	467	419	368	316	285
		F02	925	887	852	818	787	754	720	685
		F03	846	808	772	737	703	667	630	594
		F04	781	739	701	663	625	586	547	508
		F05^	1038	1003	970	940	909	879	849	820
		F06	1106	1072	1041	1011	981	953	926	898
		F07	1215	1180	1151	1121	1095	1066	1043	1017
		F08	1238	1210	1180	1153	1126	1099	1073	1047
		F09	1319	1299	1273	1246	1220	1194	1169	1146
M9S920603B	Y2	F01	723	663	604	539	476	404	347	291
		F02	1052	1010	962	920	875	829	785	740
		F03	1125	1084	1042	1003	964	918	875	834
		F04	1206	1166	1129	1091	1054	1012	977	947
		F05^	901	854	809	758	703	653	604	552
		F06	948	900	855	810	762	708	662	608
		F07	1273	1237	1206	1169	1128	1094	1057	1020
		F08	1365	1321	1292	1251	1219	1184	1152	1120
		F09	1426	1387	1360	1326	1292	1257	1226	1193
M9S920803B	Y2	F01	718	662	611	551	486	419	358	300
		F02	1373	1341	1307	1279	1253	1226	1197	1172
		F03	1309	1265	1232	1192	1162	1129	1093	1057
		F04	1233	1194	1165	1131	1097	1070	1039	1008
		F05^	874	828	791	750	703	655	602	547
		F06	950	908	865	826	786	739	689	638
		F07	1097	1056	1019	988	952	921	880	842
		F08	1166	1127	1092	1060	1027	994	960	926
		F09	1407	1373	1338	1308	1282	1253	1229	1203
M9S920804C	Y2	F01	804	740	670	586	501	407	347	N/A
		F02	1422	1375	1332	1288	1245	1200	1154	1108
		F03	1502	1455	1410	1365	1322	1278	1237	1195
		F04	1567	1519	1476	1441	1402	1360	1319	1278
		F05^	1347	1299	1253	1205	1157	1111	1063	1013
		F06	1692	1648	1609	1567	1529	1490	1451	1413
		F07	1772	1728	1689	1652	1614	1574	1534	1498
		F08	1793	1753	1720	1679	1643	1604	1562	1524
		F09	1875	1833	1797	1759	1727	1686	1652	1616
M9S920805C	Y2	F01	869	782	684	575	482	395	331	122
		F02	1823	1776	1720	1679	1642	1597	1553	1504
		F03	1778	1729	1690	1648	1605	1558	1497	1449
		F04	1722	1660	1609	1553	1507	1455	1402	1350
		F05^	1498	1442	1388	1332	1278	1215	1154	1090
		F06	1634	1583	1536	1489	1440	1387	1330	1275
		F07	1925	1879	1836	1795	1752	1711	1664	1621
		F08	1993	1941	1899	1852	1813	1778	1741	1693
		F09	2216	2172	2131	2087	2046	2011	1973	1935

AIRFLOW TABLES

GM9S92

HIGH STAGE COOLING AIFLOW

MODEL	THERMOSTAT CALL	TAP #	EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE, (INCHES WATER COLUMN)							
			0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8
			CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM
M9S921004C	Y2	F01	809	740	669	603	536	449	377	319
		F02	1754	1707	1673	1640	1604	1568	1538	1509
		F03	1648	1620	1586	1552	1515	1480	1449	1412
		F04	1558	1517	1479	1441	1403	1366	1330	1295
		F05^	1303	1255	1210	1167	1125	1081	1041	999
		F06	1406	1362	1321	1281	1240	1197	1157	1118
		F07	1445	1403	1363	1324	1287	1247	1208	1167
		F08	1778	1743	1700	1669	1634	1600	1568	1542
		F09	1824	1785	1747	1714	1680	1647	1617	1585
M9S921005C	Y2	F01	906	813	717	613	519	439	368	N/A
		F02	1871	1818	1769	1720	1667	1614	1565	1511
		F03	1831	1782	1729	1679	1624	1571	1520	1465
		F04	1653	1596	1538	1480	1422	1362	1306	1247
		F05^	1496	1437	1376	1315	1250	1189	1126	1056
		F06	1640	1587	1527	1471	1414	1357	1294	1235
		F07	1955	1937	1909	1860	1813	1765	1712	1662
		F08	2086	2039	1991	1944	1896	1855	1810	1763
		F09	2222	2178	2133	2088	2043	1998	1954	1910
M9S921205D	Y2	F01	1056	962	866	772	666	574	501	429
		F02	2096	2050	2005	1948	1899	1848	1800	1755
		F03	2023	1973	1927	1877	1829	1781	1731	1680
		F04	1946	1900	1848	1795	1741	1689	1637	1584
		F05^	1231	1151	1078	992	913	812	725	651
		F06	1503	1440	1382	1318	1251	1179	1108	1039
		F07	1704	1646	1586	1532	1473	1412	1346	1284
		F08	1831	1775	1720	1668	1610	1560	1511	1457
		F09	2222	2173	2125	2078	2029	1980	1933	1884

NOTE:
^ Default speed

CIRCULATION AIRFLOW

MODEL	THERMOSTAT CALL	TAP #	EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE, (INCHES WATER COLUMN)							
			0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8
			CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM
M9S920403A	G	F01	610	559	513	467	419	368	316	285
		F02	925	887	852	818	787	754	720	685
		F03	846	808	772	737	703	667	630	594
		F04	781	739	701	663	625	586	547	508
		F05	1038	1003	970	940	909	879	849	820
		F06	1106	1072	1041	1011	981	953	926	898
		F07	1215	1180	1151	1121	1095	1066	1043	1017
		F08	1238	1210	1180	1153	1126	1099	1073	1047
		F09	1319	1299	1273	1246	1220	1194	1169	1146
M9S920603B	G	F01	723	663	604	539	476	404	347	291
		F02	1052	1010	962	920	875	829	785	740
		F03	1125	1084	1042	1003	964	918	875	834
		F04	1206	1166	1129	1091	1054	1012	977	947
		F05	901	854	809	758	703	653	604	552
		F06	948	900	855	810	762	708	662	608
		F07	1273	1237	1206	1169	1128	1094	1057	1020
		F08	1365	1321	1292	1251	1219	1184	1152	1120
		F09	1426	1387	1360	1326	1292	1257	1226	1193
M9S920803B	G	F01	718	662	611	551	486	419	358	300
		F02	1373	1341	1307	1279	1253	1226	1197	1172
		F03	1309	1265	1232	1192	1162	1129	1093	1057
		F04	1233	1194	1165	1131	1097	1070	1039	1008
		F05	874	828	791	750	703	655	602	547
		F06	950	908	865	826	786	739	689	638
		F07	1097	1056	1019	988	952	921	880	842
		F08	1166	1127	1092	1060	1027	994	960	926
		F09	1407	1373	1338	1308	1282	1253	1229	1203
M9S920804C	G	F01	804	740	670	586	501	407	347	N/A
		F02	1422	1375	1332	1288	1245	1200	1154	1108
		F03	1502	1455	1410	1365	1322	1278	1237	1195
		F04	1567	1519	1476	1441	1402	1360	1319	1278
		F05	1347	1299	1253	1205	1157	1111	1063	1013
		F06	1692	1648	1609	1567	1529	1490	1451	1413
		F07	1772	1728	1689	1652	1614	1574	1534	1498
		F08	1793	1753	1720	1679	1643	1604	1562	1524
		F09	1875	1833	1797	1759	1727	1686	1652	1616
M9S920805C	G	F01	869	782	684	575	482	395	331	122
		F02	1823	1776	1720	1679	1642	1597	1553	1504
		F03	1778	1729	1690	1648	1605	1558	1497	1449
		F04	1722	1660	1609	1553	1507	1455	1402	1350
		F05	1498	1442	1388	1332	1278	1215	1154	1090
		F06	1634	1583	1536	1489	1440	1387	1330	1275
		F07	1925	1879	1836	1795	1752	1711	1664	1621
		F08	1993	1941	1899	1852	1813	1778	1741	1693
		F09	2216	2172	2131	2087	2046	2011	1973	1935

CIRCULATION AIRFLOW

MODEL	THERMOSTAT CALL	TAP #	EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE, (INCHES WATER COLUMN)							
			0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8
			CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM
M9S921004C	G	F01	809	740	669	603	536	449	377	319
		F02	1754	1707	1673	1640	1604	1568	1538	1509
		F03	1648	1620	1586	1552	1515	1480	1449	1412
		F04	1558	1517	1479	1441	1403	1366	1330	1295
		F05	1303	1255	1210	1167	1125	1081	1041	999
		F06	1406	1362	1321	1281	1240	1197	1157	1118
		F07	1445	1403	1363	1324	1287	1247	1208	1167
		F08	1778	1743	1700	1669	1634	1600	1568	1542
		F09	1824	1785	1747	1714	1680	1647	1617	1585
M9S921005C	G	F01	906	813	717	613	519	439	368	N/A
		F02	1871	1818	1769	1720	1667	1614	1565	1511
		F03	1831	1782	1729	1679	1624	1571	1520	1465
		F04	1653	1596	1538	1480	1422	1362	1306	1247
		F05	1496	1437	1376	1315	1250	1189	1126	1056
		F06	1640	1587	1527	1471	1414	1357	1294	1235
		F07	1955	1937	1909	1860	1813	1765	1712	1662
		F08	2086	2039	1991	1944	1896	1855	1810	1763
		F09	2222	2178	2133	2088	2043	1998	1954	1910
M9S921205D	G	F01	1056	962	866	772	666	574	501	429
		F02	2096	2050	2005	1948	1899	1848	1800	1755
		F03	2023	1973	1927	1877	1829	1781	1731	1680
		F04	1946	1900	1848	1795	1741	1689	1637	1584
		F05	1231	1151	1078	992	913	812	725	651
		F06	1503	1440	1382	1318	1251	1179	1108	1039
		F07	1704	1646	1586	1532	1473	1412	1346	1284
		F08	1831	1775	1720	1668	1610	1560	1511	1457
		F09	2222	2173	2125	2078	2029	1980	1933	1884

AIRFLOW TABLES

GM9S92

HEATING AIRFLOW

MODEL	THERMOSTAT CALL	TAP #	EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE, (INCHES WATER COLUMN)												TEMP RANGE	
			0.1		0.2		0.3		0.4		0.5		0.6	0.7		0.8
			CFM	RISE	CFM	RISE	CFM	RISE	CFM	RISE	CFM	RISE	CFM	CFM		CFM
M9S920403A	W/W1	F01^^	610	56	559	N/A	513	N/A	467	N/A	419	N/A	368	316	285	30-60
		F02^	925	37	887	38	852	40	818	42	787	43	754	720	685	
		F03	846	40	808	42	772	44	737	46	703	49	667	630	594	
		F04	781	44	739	46	701	49	663	51	625	55	586	547	508	
M9S920603B	W/W1	F01^^	723	N/A	663	N/A	604	N/A	539	N/A	476	N/A	404	347	291	35-65
		F02^	1052	49	1010	51	962	53	920	56	875	58	829	785	740	
		F03	1125	45	1084	47	1042	49	1003	51	964	53	918	875	834	
		F04	1206	42	1166	44	1129	45	1091	47	1054	48	1012	977	947	
M9S920803B	W/W1	F01^^	718	N/A	662	N/A	611	N/A	551	N/A	486	N/A	419	358	300	35-65
		F02^	1373	50	1341	51	1307	52	1279	53	1253	54	1226	1197	1172	
		F03	1309	52	1265	54	1232	55	1192	57	1162	59	1129	1093	1057	
		F04	1233	55	1194	57	1165	59	1131	60	1097	62	1070	1039	1008	
M9S920804C	W/W1	F01^^	804	N/A	740	N/A	670	N/A	586	N/A	501	N/A	407	347	N/A	35-65
		F02^	1422	48	1375	50	1332	51	1288	53	1245	55	1200	1154	1108	
		F03	1502	45	1455	47	1410	48	1365	50	1322	52	1278	1237	1195	
		F04	1567	44	1519	45	1476	46	1441	47	1402	49	1360	1319	1278	
M9S920805C	W/W1	F01^^	869	N/A	782	N/A	684	N/A	575	N/A	482	N/A	395	331	122	25-55
		F02^	1823	37	1776	38	1720	40	1679	41	1642	41	1597	1553	1504	
		F03	1778	38	1729	39	1690	40	1648	41	1605	42	1558	1497	1449	
		F04	1722	40	1660	41	1609	42	1553	44	1507	45	1455	1402	1350	
M9S921004C	W/W1	F01^^	809	N/A	740	N/A	669	N/A	603	N/A	536	N/A	449	377	319	35-65
		F02^	1754	49	1707	50	1673	51	1640	52	1604	53	1568	1538	1509	
		F03	1648	52	1620	53	1586	54	1552	55	1515	56	1480	1449	1412	
		F04	1558	55	1517	56	1479	58	1441	59	1403	61	1366	1330	1295	
M9S921005C	W/W1	F01^^	906	N/A	813	N/A	717	N/A	613	N/A	519	N/A	439	368	N/A	35-65
		F02^	1871	46	1818	47	1769	48	1720	50	1667	51	1614	1565	1511	
		F03	1831	47	1782	48	1729	49	1679	51	1624	52	1571	1520	1465	
		F04^^	1653	52	1596	53	1538	55	1480	58	1422	60	1362	1306	1247	
M9S921205D	W/W1	F01^^	1056	N/A	962	N/A	866	N/A	772	N/A	666	N/A	574	501	429	35-65
		F02^	2096	49	2050	50	2005	51	1948	52	1899	54	1848	1800	1755	
		F03	2023	51	1973	52	1927	53	1877	54	1829	56	1781	1731	1680	
		F04^^	1946	53	1900	54	1848	55	1795	57	1741	59	1689	1637	1584	

NOTE:
 ^DEFAULT & RECOMMENDED
 ^^NOT RECOMMENDED FOR HEATING

LOW STAGE COOLING AIFLOW

MODEL	THERMOSTAT CALL	TAP #	EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE, (INCHES WATER COLUMN)							
			0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8
			CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM
M9S960403A	Y/Y1	F01	705	661	617	564	509	455	405	362
		F02	1079	1055	1027	994	965	935	906	863
		F03	915	881	846	814	780	737	695	652
		F04^	887	855	823	790	751	705	666	608
		F05	1135	1106	1078	1049	1021	994	965	933
		F06	1189	1163	1138	1111	1085	1059	1032	1001
		F07	1266	1243	1218	1197	1172	1148	1123	1099
		F08	1313	1288	1261	1239	1215	1189	1165	1143
		F09	1342	1324	1305	1280	1263	1239	1216	1193
M9S960603B	Y/Y1	F01	758	696	636	572	512	460	412	354
		F02	1218	1178	1140	1100	1060	1016	977	937
		F03	1164	1123	1084	1042	1003	960	920	871
		F04^	1121	1083	1041	996	953	906	861	818
		F05	902	851	801	746	689	637	585	542
		F06	960	917	864	812	764	708	661	614
		F07	1273	1240	1207	1171	1128	1089	1051	1012
		F08	1335	1301	1266	1228	1192	1154	1118	1078
		F09	1427	1390	1362	1327	1297	1260	1224	1193
M9S960803B	Y/Y1	F01	715	658	589	524	465	412	360	279
		F02	1415	1385	1355	1322	1291	1255	1219	1186
		F03	1388	1360	1325	1291	1259	1223	1191	1157
		F04^	1290	1252	1215	1182	1143	1107	1071	1032
		F05	916	867	817	767	710	657	608	563
		F06	985	940	892	842	797	746	693	649
		F07	1118	1078	1037	992	952	910	863	822
		F08	1191	1153	1114	1074	1034	993	951	911
		F09	1471	1440	1409	1377	1347	1314	1283	1247
M9S960804C	Y/Y1	F01	1019	952	878	796	706	619	542	485
		F02	1791	1743	1700	1663	1626	1583	1538	1489
		F03	1625	1559	1512	1468	1425	1370	1325	1271
		F04^	1537	1490	1447	1403	1354	1301	1247	1190
		F05	1289	1234	1180	1122	1058	991	917	840
		F06	1431	1375	1329	1283	1227	1169	1108	1043
		F07	1836	1784	1741	1703	1664	1628	1585	1537
		F08	1919	1890	1846	1807	1771	1735	1694	1650
		F09	1952	1921	1885	1843	1804	1769	1731	1691

AIRFLOW TABLES

GM9S96

LOW STAGE COOLING AIFLOW

MODEL	THERMOSTAT CALL	TAP #	EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE, (INCHES WATER COLUMN)							
			0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8
			CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM
M9S960805C	Y/Y1	F01	1029	959	890	811	727	647	579	511
		F02	1814	1766	1722	1679	1637	1595	1555	1511
		F03	1893	1844	1803	1763	1723	1685	1641	1604
		F04^	1738	1680	1637	1596	1554	1510	1469	1420
		F05	1193	1135	1087	1016	986	950	880	805
		F06	1421	1369	1323	1272	1222	1168	1108	1045
		F07	1582	1536	1491	1445	1404	1358	1309	1255
		F08	1962	1919	1889	1851	1816	1780	1743	1702
		F09	2068	2024	1986	1947	1912	1873	1837	1797
M9S961005C	Y/Y1	F01	1008	934	855	779	702	628	557	493
		F02	2026	1981	1929	1901	1858	1819	1773	1733
		F03	1921	1879	1840	1791	1751	1705	1656	1610
		F04^	1804	1755	1710	1664	1619	1574	1526	1479
		F05	1475	1421	1369	1314	1260	1207	1152	1097
		F06	1626	1578	1522	1475	1427	1353	1328	1283
		F07	1693	1639	1588	1542	1491	1437	1390	1340
		F08	1775	1723	1674	1629	1580	1529	1484	1435
		F09	2161	2122	2084	2048	2010	1973	1940	1914
M9S961205D	Y/Y1	F01	1118	1035	952	860	750	663	590	519
		F02	2143	2095	2047	2002	1954	1891	1850	1802
		F03	2025	1977	1930	1897	1848	1798	1750	1703
		F04^	1906	1877	1828	1778	1726	1674	1622	1568
		F05	1220	1145	1070	995	952	907	811	725
		F06	1684	1620	1561	1499	1438	1378	1318	1259
		F07	1766	1712	1666	1612	1558	1506	1450	1395
		F08	1863	1807	1754	1698	1642	1587	1532	1476
		F09	2454	2396	2347	2296	2250	2202	2157	2113

NOTE:
^ Default speed

HIGH STAGE COOLING AIFLOW

MODEL	THERMOSTAT CALL	TAP #	EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE, (INCHES WATER COLUMN)							
			0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8
			CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM
M9S960403A	Y2	F01	705	661	617	564	509	455	405	362
		F02	1079	1055	1027	994	965	935	906	863
		F03	915	881	846	814	780	737	695	652
		F04	887	855	823	790	751	705	666	608
		F05^	1135	1106	1078	1049	1021	994	965	933
		F06	1189	1163	1138	1111	1085	1059	1032	1001
		F07	1266	1243	1218	1197	1172	1148	1123	1099
		F08	1313	1288	1261	1239	1215	1189	1165	1143
		F09	1342	1324	1305	1280	1263	1239	1216	1193
M9S960603B	Y2	F01	758	696	636	572	512	460	412	354
		F02	1218	1178	1140	1100	1060	1016	977	937
		F03	1164	1123	1084	1042	1003	960	920	871
		F04	1121	1083	1041	996	953	906	861	818
		F05^	902	851	801	746	689	637	585	542
		F06	960	917	864	812	764	708	661	614
		F07	1273	1240	1207	1171	1128	1089	1051	1012
		F08	1335	1301	1266	1228	1192	1154	1118	1078
		F09	1427	1390	1362	1327	1297	1260	1224	1193
M9S960803B	Y2	F01	715	658	589	524	465	412	360	279
		F02	1415	1385	1355	1322	1291	1255	1219	1186
		F03	1388	1360	1325	1291	1259	1223	1191	1157
		F04	1290	1252	1215	1182	1143	1107	1071	1032
		F05^	916	867	817	767	710	657	608	563
		F06	985	940	892	842	797	746	693	649
		F07	1118	1078	1037	992	952	910	863	822
		F08	1191	1153	1114	1074	1034	993	951	911
		F09	1471	1440	1409	1377	1347	1314	1283	1247
M9S960804C	Y2	F01	1019	952	878	796	706	619	542	485
		F02	1791	1743	1700	1663	1626	1583	1538	1489
		F03	1625	1559	1512	1468	1425	1370	1325	1271
		F04	1537	1490	1447	1403	1354	1301	1247	1190
		F05^	1289	1234	1180	1122	1058	991	917	840
		F06	1431	1375	1329	1283	1227	1169	1108	1043
		F07	1836	1784	1741	1703	1664	1628	1585	1537
		F08	1919	1890	1846	1807	1771	1735	1694	1650
		F09	1952	1921	1885	1843	1804	1769	1731	1691

HIGH STAGE COOLING AIFLOW

MODEL	THERMOSTAT CALL	TAP #	EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE, (INCHES WATER COLUMN)							
			0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8
			CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM
M9S960805C	Y2	F01	1029	959	890	811	727	647	579	511
		F02	1814	1766	1722	1679	1637	1595	1555	1511
		F03	1893	1844	1803	1763	1723	1685	1641	1604
		F04	1738	1680	1637	1596	1554	1510	1469	1420
		F05^	1193	1135	1087	1016	986	950	880	805
		F06	1421	1369	1323	1272	1222	1168	1108	1045
		F07	1582	1536	1491	1445	1404	1358	1309	1255
		F08	1962	1919	1889	1851	1816	1780	1743	1702
		F09	2068	2024	1986	1947	1912	1873	1837	1797
M9S961005C	Y2	F01	1008	934	855	779	702	628	557	493
		F02	2026	1981	1929	1901	1858	1819	1773	1733
		F03	1921	1879	1840	1791	1751	1705	1656	1610
		F04	1804	1755	1710	1664	1619	1574	1526	1479
		F05^	1475	1421	1369	1314	1260	1207	1152	1097
		F06	1626	1578	1522	1475	1427	1353	1328	1283
		F07	1693	1639	1588	1542	1491	1437	1390	1340
		F08	1775	1723	1674	1629	1580	1529	1484	1435
		F09	2161	2122	2084	2048	2010	1973	1940	1914
M9S961205D	Y2	F01	1118	1035	952	860	750	663	590	519
		F02	2143	2095	2047	2002	1954	1891	1850	1802
		F03	2025	1977	1930	1897	1848	1798	1750	1703
		F04	1906	1877	1828	1778	1726	1674	1622	1568
		F05^	1220	1145	1070	995	952	907	811	725
		F06	1684	1620	1561	1499	1438	1378	1318	1259
		F07	1766	1712	1666	1612	1558	1506	1450	1395
		F08	1863	1807	1754	1698	1642	1587	1532	1476
		F09	2454	2396	2347	2296	2250	2202	2157	2113

NOTE:
^ Default speed

CIRCULATION AIRFLOW

MODEL	THERMOSTAT CALL	TAP #	EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE, (INCHES WATER COLUMN)							
			0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8
			CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM
M9S960403A	G	F01	705	661	617	564	509	455	405	362
		F02	1079	1055	1027	994	965	935	906	863
		F03	915	881	846	814	780	737	695	652
		F04	887	855	823	790	751	705	666	608
		F05	1135	1106	1078	1049	1021	994	965	933
		F06	1189	1163	1138	1111	1085	1059	1032	1001
		F07	1266	1243	1218	1197	1172	1148	1123	1099
		F08	1313	1288	1261	1239	1215	1189	1165	1143
		F09	1342	1324	1305	1280	1263	1239	1216	1193
M9S960603B	G	F01	758	696	636	572	512	460	412	354
		F02	1218	1178	1140	1100	1060	1016	977	937
		F03	1164	1123	1084	1042	1003	960	920	871
		F04	1121	1083	1041	996	953	906	861	818
		F05	902	851	801	746	689	637	585	542
		F06	960	917	864	812	764	708	661	614
		F07	1273	1240	1207	1171	1128	1089	1051	1012
		F08	1335	1301	1266	1228	1192	1154	1118	1078
		F09	1427	1390	1362	1327	1297	1260	1224	1193
M9S960803B	G	F01	715	658	589	524	465	412	360	279
		F02	1415	1385	1355	1322	1291	1255	1219	1186
		F03	1388	1360	1325	1291	1259	1223	1191	1157
		F04	1290	1252	1215	1182	1143	1107	1071	1032
		F05	916	867	817	767	710	657	608	563
		F06	985	940	892	842	797	746	693	649
		F07	1118	1078	1037	992	952	910	863	822
		F08	1191	1153	1114	1074	1034	993	951	911
		F09	1471	1440	1409	1377	1347	1314	1283	1247
M9S960804C	G	F01	1019	952	878	796	706	619	542	485
		F02	1791	1743	1700	1663	1626	1583	1538	1489
		F03	1625	1559	1512	1468	1425	1370	1325	1271
		F04	1537	1490	1447	1403	1354	1301	1247	1190
		F05	1289	1234	1180	1122	1058	991	917	840
		F06	1431	1375	1329	1283	1227	1169	1108	1043
		F07	1836	1784	1741	1703	1664	1628	1585	1537
		F08	1919	1890	1846	1807	1771	1735	1694	1650
		F09	1952	1921	1885	1843	1804	1769	1731	1691

CIRCULATION AIRFLOW

MODEL	THERMOSTAT CALL	TAP #	EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE, (INCHES WATER COLUMN)							
			0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8
			CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM
M9S960805C	G	F01	1029	959	890	811	727	647	579	511
		F02	1814	1766	1722	1679	1637	1595	1555	1511
		F03	1893	1844	1803	1763	1723	1685	1641	1604
		F04	1738	1680	1637	1596	1554	1510	1469	1420
		F05	1193	1135	1087	1016	986	950	880	805
		F06	1421	1369	1323	1272	1222	1168	1108	1045
		F07	1582	1536	1491	1445	1404	1358	1309	1255
		F08	1962	1919	1889	1851	1816	1780	1743	1702
		F09	2068	2024	1986	1947	1912	1873	1837	1797
M9S961005C	G	F01	1008	934	855	779	702	628	557	493
		F02	2026	1981	1929	1901	1858	1819	1773	1733
		F03	1921	1879	1840	1791	1751	1705	1656	1610
		F04	1804	1755	1710	1664	1619	1574	1526	1479
		F05	1475	1421	1369	1314	1260	1207	1152	1097
		F06	1626	1578	1522	1475	1427	1353	1328	1283
		F07	1693	1639	1588	1542	1491	1437	1390	1340
		F08	1775	1723	1674	1629	1580	1529	1484	1435
		F09	2161	2122	2084	2048	2010	1973	1940	1914
M9S961205D	G	F01	1118	1035	952	860	750	663	590	519
		F02	2143	2095	2047	2002	1954	1891	1850	1802
		F03	2025	1977	1930	1897	1848	1798	1750	1703
		F04	1906	1877	1828	1778	1726	1674	1622	1568
		F05	1220	1145	1070	995	952	907	811	725
		F06	1684	1620	1561	1499	1438	1378	1318	1259
		F07	1766	1712	1666	1612	1558	1506	1450	1395
		F08	1863	1807	1754	1698	1642	1587	1532	1476
		F09	2454	2396	2347	2296	2250	2202	2157	2113

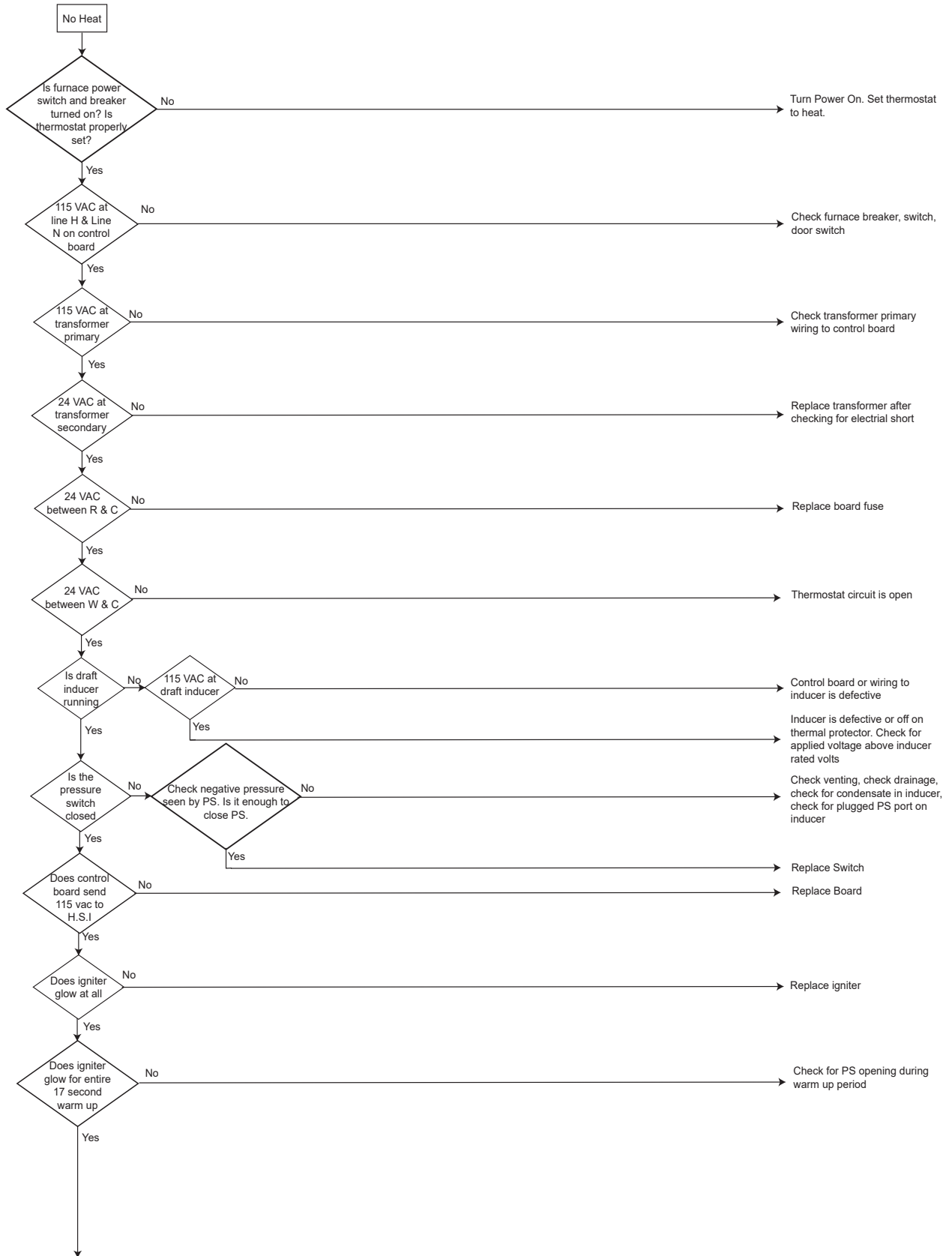
AIRFLOW TABLES

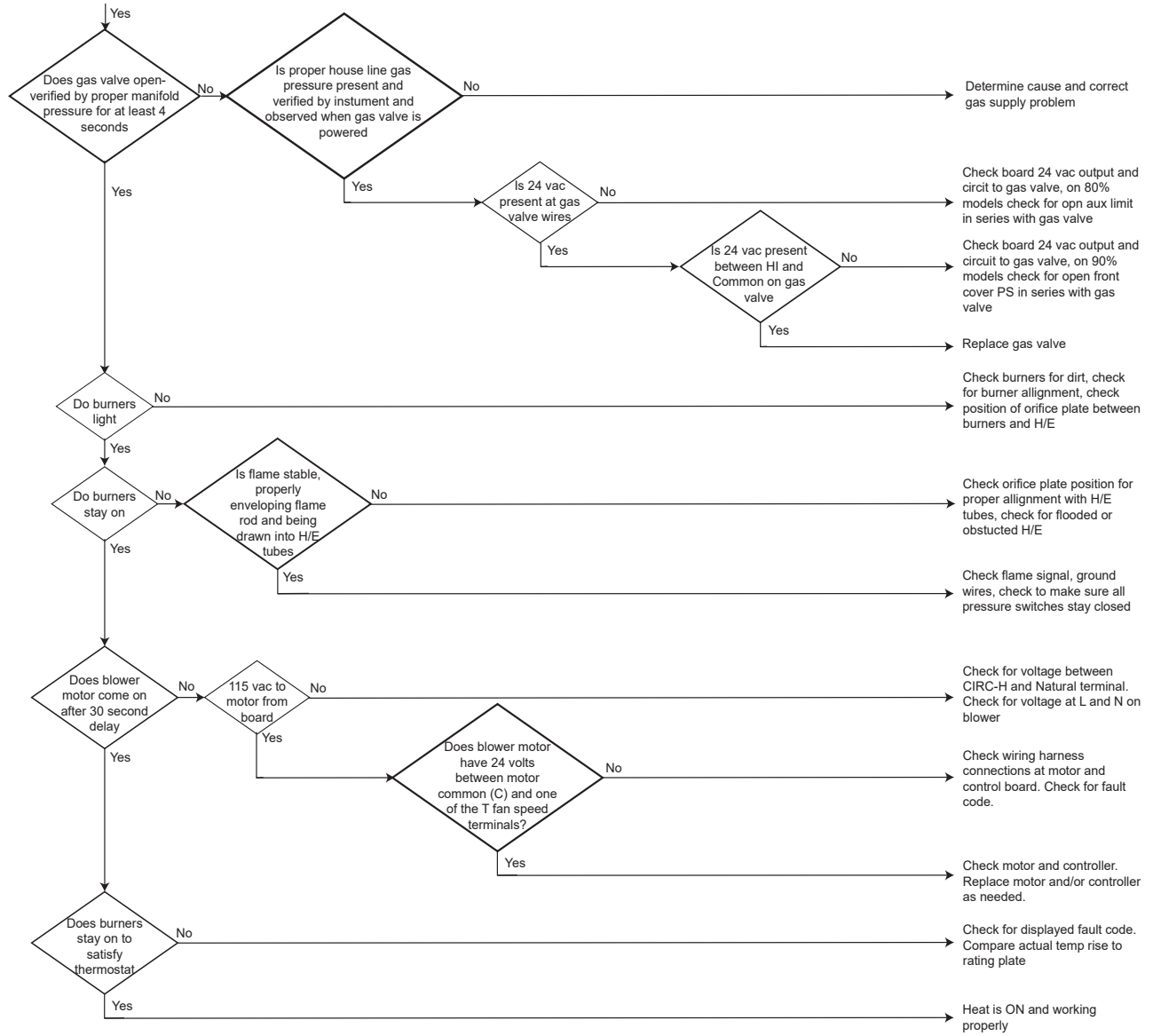
GM9S96

HEATING AIFLOW

MODEL	THERMOSTAT CALL	TAP #	EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE, (INCHES WATER COLUMN)												TEMP RANGE	
			0.1		0.2		0.3		0.4		0.5		0.6	0.7		0.8
			CFM	RISE	CFM	RISE	CFM	RISE	CFM	RISE	CFM	RISE	CFM	CFM		CFM
M9S960403A	W/W1	F01^^	705	50	661	54	617	N/A	564	N/A	509	N/A	455	405	362	25-55
		F02^	1079	33	1055	34	1027	35	994	36	965	37	935	906	863	
		F03	915	39	881	40	846	42	814	44	780	46	737	695	652	
		F04	887	40	855	42	823	43	790	45	751	47	705	666	608	
M9S960603B	W/W1	F01^^	758	N/A	696	N/A	636	N/A	572	N/A	512	N/A	460	412	354	35-65
		F02^	1218	44	1178	45	1140	47	1100	48	1060	50	1016	977	937	
		F03	1164	46	1123	47	1084	49	1042	51	1003	53	960	920	871	
		F04	1121	48	1083	49	1041	51	996	54	953	56	906	861	818	
M9S960803B	W/W1	F01^^	715	N/A	658	N/A	589	N/A	524	N/A	465	N/A	412	360	279	35-65
		F02^	1415	50	1385	51	1355	52	1322	54	1291	55	1255	1219	1186	
		F03	1388	51	1360	52	1325	54	1291	55	1259	57	1223	1191	1157	
		F04	1290	55	1252	57	1215	59	1182	60	1143	62	1107	1071	1032	
M9S960804C	W/W1	F01^^	1019	N/A	952	N/A	878	N/A	796	N/A	706	N/A	619	542	485	25-55
		F02^	1791	40	1743	41	1700	42	1663	43	1626	44	1583	1538	1489	
		F03	1625	44	1559	46	1512	47	1468	48	1425	50	1370	1325	1271	
		F04	1537	46	1490	48	1447	49	1403	51	1354	53	1301	1247	1190	
M9S960805C	W/W1	F01^^	1029	N/A	959	N/A	890	N/A	811	N/A	727	N/A	647	579	511	25-55
		F02^	1814	39	1766	40	1722	41	1679	42	1637	43	1595	1555	1511	
		F03	1893	38	1844	39	1803	39	1763	40	1723	41	1685	1641	1604	
		F04	1738	41	1680	42	1637	43	1596	45	1554	46	1510	1469	1420	
M9S961005C	W/W1	F01^^	1008	N/A	934	N/A	855	N/A	779	N/A	702	N/A	628	557	493	30-60
		F02^	2026	44	1981	45	1929	46	1901	47	1858	48	1819	1773	1733	
		F03	1921	46	1879	47	1840	48	1791	50	1751	51	1705	1656	1610	
		F04	1804	49	1755	51	1710	52	1664	53	1619	55	1574	1526	1479	
M9S961205D	W/W1	F01^^	1118	N/A	1035	N/A	952	N/A	860	N/A	750	N/A	663	590	519	35-65
		F02^	2143	50	2095	51	2047	52	2002	53	1954	55	1891	1850	1802	
		F03	2025	53	1977	54	1930	55	1897	56	1848	58	1798	1750	1703	
		F04^^	1906	56	1877	57	1828	58	1778	60	1726	62	1674	1622	1568	

NOTE:
 ^DEFAULT & RECOMMENDED
 ^^NOT RECOMMENDED FOR HEATING





Troubleshooting

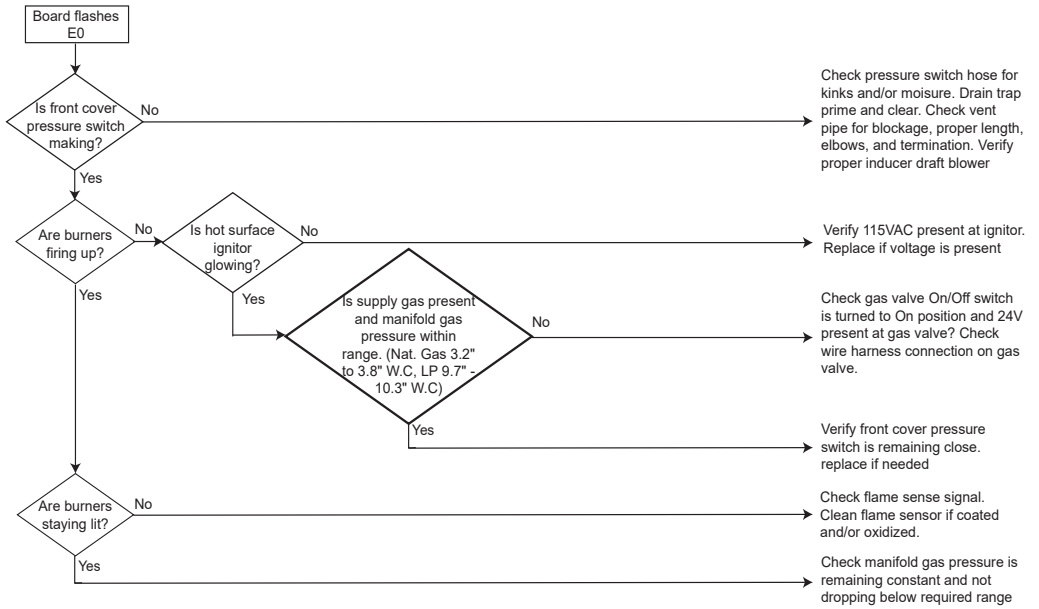
Error Codes - (E0 - 90%)

Error Code:
E0 - Lockout due to an excessive number of ignition retries (3 total)

Applicable Models:
All 90% models

Method of Error Detection:
Furnace fails to ignite after 3 retries

Error Decision Conditions:
No gas or low gas pressure at manifold. Bad hot surface ignitor - not glowing, dirty flame sensor



Troubleshooting

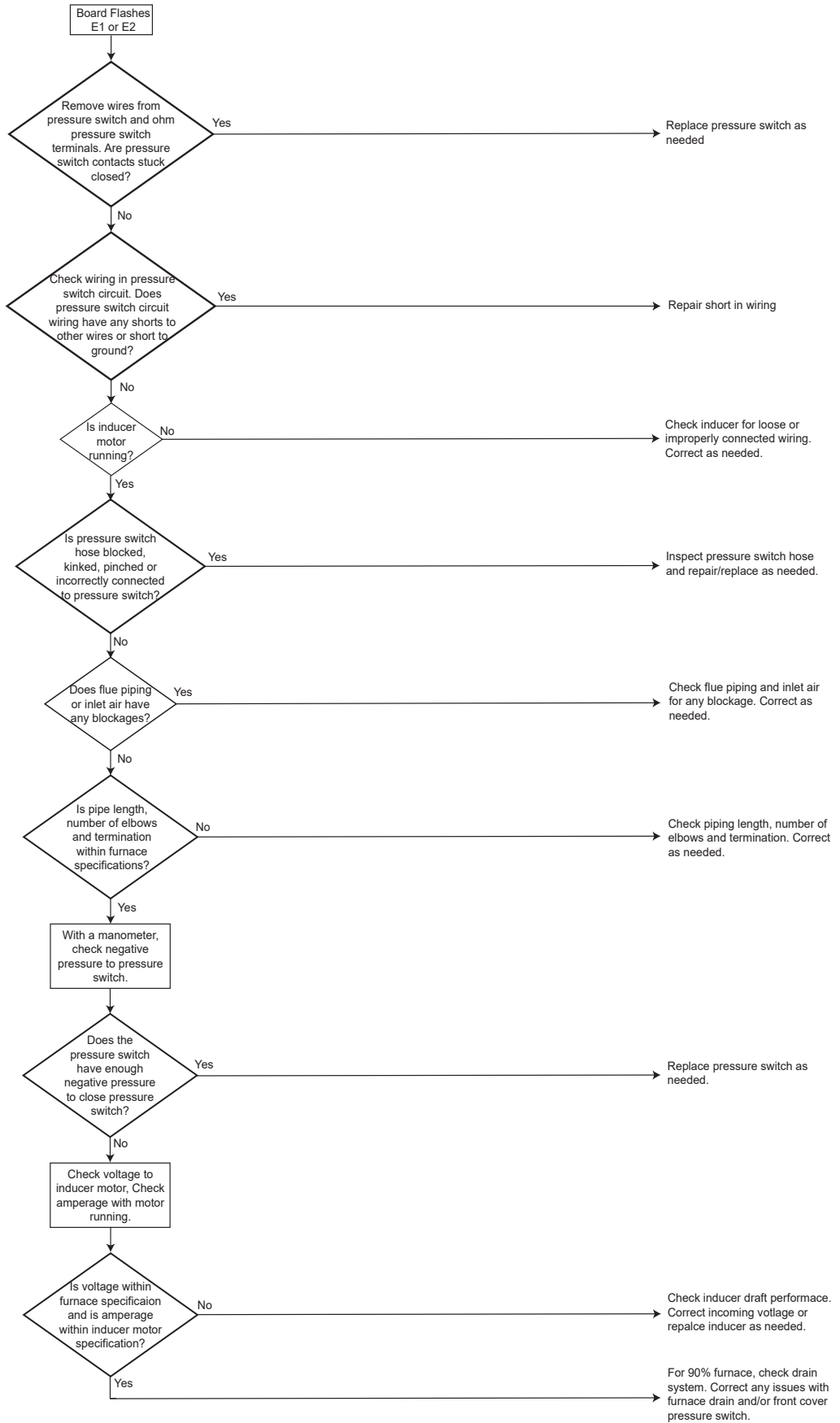
Error Code E1, E2 1-Stage

Error Code:
 E1 - Pressure switch circuit closed at the start of heating cycle
 E2 - Pressure switch closed circuit is not closed

Applicable Models:
 (For Goodman/Amana 1-stage)
 AM9S, GM9S
 (For Goodman/Amana ULN)
 AM9S-U, GM9S-U
 (For Daikin 1-stage)
 DM**SN
 (For Daikin ULN)
 DM**SN-U

Method of Error Detection:
 Pressure switch during heating operation

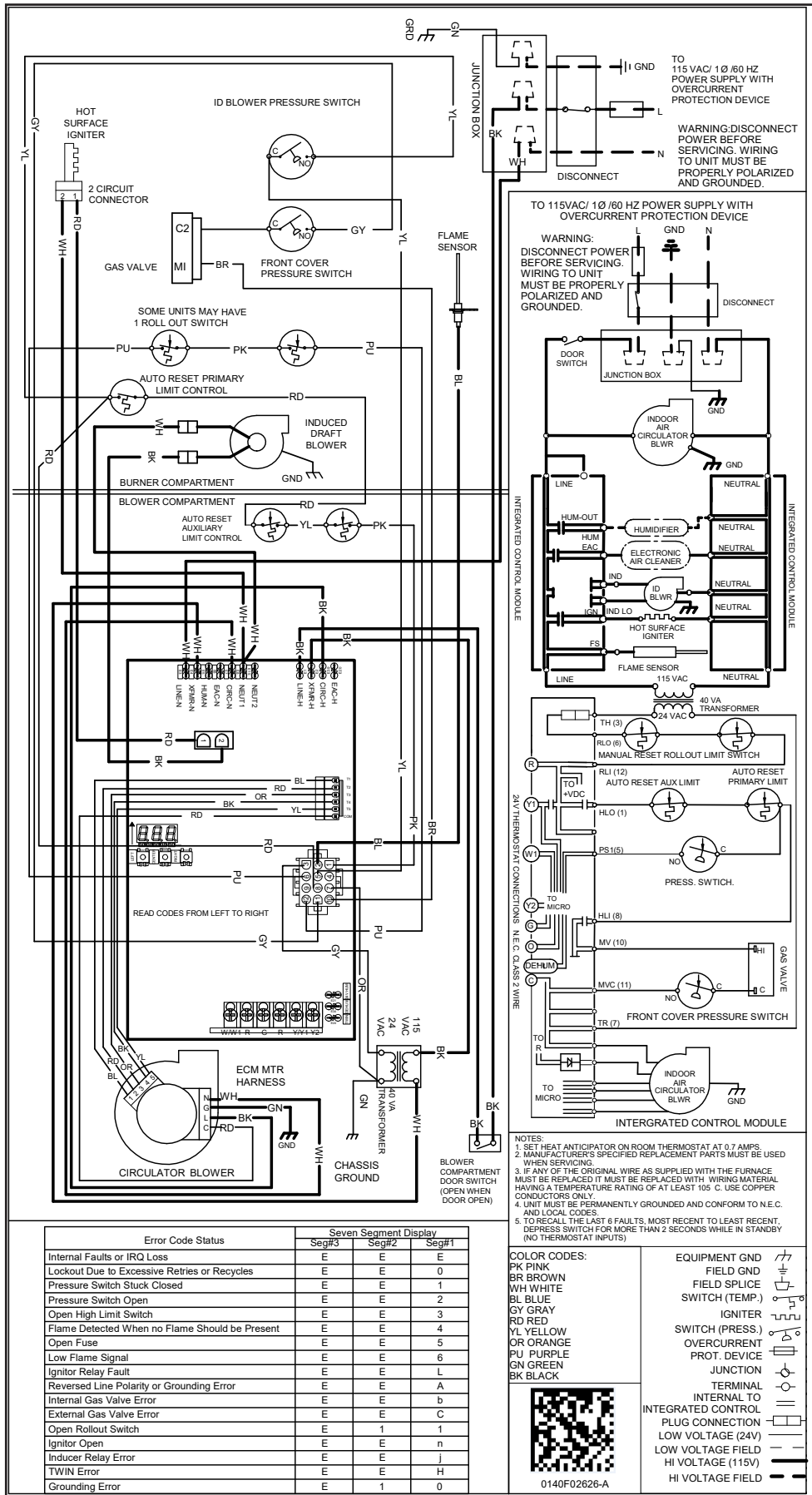
Error Decision Conditions:
 Pressure switch circuit closed when it should be open.
 Pressure switch circuit open when it should be closed.



WIRING DIAGRAMS

*M9S92/*M9S96/*C9S96

HIGH VOLTAGE!
DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR INSTALLING THIS UNIT. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.
WARNING



Error Code Status	Seven Segment Display		
	Seg#3	Seg#2	Seg#1
Internal Faults or IRQ Loss	E	E	E
Lockout Due to Excessive Retries or Recycles	E	E	0
Pressure Switch Stuck Closed	E	E	1
Pressure Switch Open	E	E	2
Open High Limit Switch	E	E	3
Flame Detected When no Flame Should be Present	E	E	4
Open Fuse	E	E	5
Low Flame Signal	E	E	6
Ignitor Relay Fault	E	E	L
Reversed Line Polarity or Grounding Error	E	E	A
Internal Gas Valve Error	E	E	b
External Gas Valve Error	E	E	C
Open Rollout Switch	E	1	1
Ignitor Open	E	E	n
Inducer Relay Error	E	E	j
TWIN Error	E	E	H
Grounding Error	E	1	0

Wiring is subject to change. Always refer to the wiring diagram on the unit for the most up-to-date wiring.