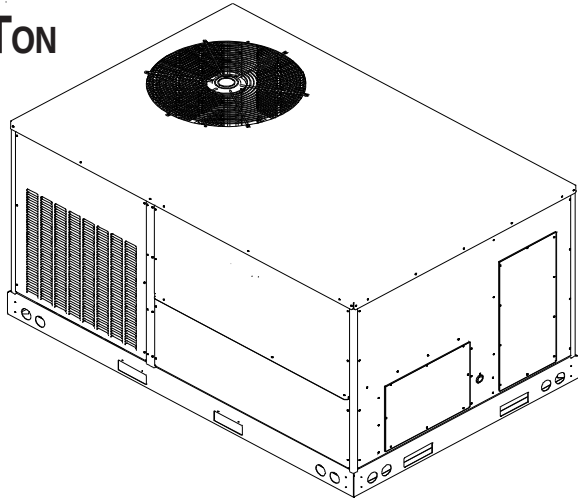


INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

APG16 “M” SERIES WITH R-410A

SINGLE PACKAGE GAS-ELECTRIC HEATING & COOLING UNIT

5 Ton



ATTENTION INSTALLING PERSONNEL:

Prior to installation, thoroughly familiarize yourself with this Installation Manual. Observe all safety warnings. During installation or repair, caution is to be observed.

It is your responsibility to install the product safely and to educate the customer on its safe use.

WARNING

ONLY PERSONNEL THAT HAVE BEEN TRAINED TO INSTALL, ADJUST, SERVICE OR REPAIR (HEREINAFTER, “SERVICE”) THE EQUIPMENT SPECIFIED IN THIS MANUAL SHOULD SERVICE THE EQUIPMENT. THE MANUFACTURER WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY INJURY OR PROPERTY DAMAGE ARISING FROM IMPROPER SERVICE, OR SERVICE PROCEDURES. IF YOU SERVICE THIS UNIT, YOU ASSUME RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY INJURY OR PROPERTY DAMAGE WHICH MAY RESULT. IN ADDITION, IN JURISDICTIONS THAT REQUIRE ONE OR MORE LICENSES TO SERVICE THE EQUIPMENT SPECIFIED IN THIS MANUAL, ONLY LICENSED PERSONNEL SHOULD SERVICE THE EQUIPMENT. IMPROPER INSTALLATION, ADJUSTMENT, SERVICING OR REPAIR OF THE EQUIPMENT SPECIFIED IN THIS MANUAL WITHOUT PROPER TRAINING MAY RESULT IN PRODUCT DAMAGE, PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.



RECOGNIZE THIS SYMBOL AS A SAFETY PRECAUTION.

These installation instructions cover the **outdoor** installation of single package heating and cooling units. See the Specification Sheet applicable to your model for information regarding accessories.

***NOTE:** Please contact your distributor or our website for the applicable Specification Sheet referred to in this manual.



“IMPORTANT - This product has been designed and manufactured to meet ENERGY STAR® criteria for energy efficiency when matched with appropriate coil components. However, proper refrigerant charge and proper air flow are critical to achieve rated capacity and efficiency. Installation of this product should follow the manufacturer’s refrigerant charging and air flow instructions. **Failure to confirm proper charge and air flow may reduce energy efficiency and shorten equipment life.**”

All information contained herein is subject to change without notice.

Goodman Company, L.P.

5151 San Felipe, Suite 500, Houston, TX 77056

www.amana-hac.com

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IOA-3017C

2/2018

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REPLACEMENT PARTS

ORDERING PARTS

When reporting shortages or damages, or ordering repair parts, give the complete unit model and serial numbers as stamped on the unit's nameplate.

Replacement parts for this appliance are available through your contractor or local distributor. For the location of your nearest distributor, consult the white business pages, the yellow page section of the local telephone book or contact:

HOMEOWNER SUPPORT
GOODMAN COMPANY, L.P.
19001 KERMIER ROAD
WALLER, TEXAS 77484
(877) 254-4729

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

To THE INSTALLER

Before installing this unit, please read this manual to familiarize yourself on the specific items which must be adhered to, including maximum external static pressure to unit, air temperature rise, minimum or maximum CFM and motor speed connections.

Keep this literature in a safe place for future reference.

WARNING

SHOULD OVERHEATING OCCUR OR THE GAS SUPPLY FAIL TO SHUT OFF, TURN OFF THE MANUAL GAS SHUTOFF VALVE EXTERNAL TO THE FURNACE BEFORE TURNING OFF THE ELECTRICAL SUPPLY.

CAUTION

SHEET METAL PARTS, SCREWS, CLIPS AND SIMILAR ITEMS INHERENTLY HAVE SHARP EDGES, AND IT IS NECESSARY THAT THE INSTALLER AND SERVICE PERSONNEL EXERCISE CAUTION.

WARNING

DO NOT CONNECT TO OR USE ANY DEVICE THAT IS NOT DESIGN CERTIFIED BY THE MANUFACTURER FOR USE WITH THIS UNIT. SERIOUS PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY, REDUCED UNIT PERFORMANCE AND/OR HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS MAY RESULT FROM THE USE OF SUCH NON-APPROVED DEVICES.

WARNING

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS OR PRODUCES A CHEMICAL OR CHEMICALS WHICH MAY CAUSE SERIOUS ILLNESS OR DEATH AND WHICH ARE KNOWN TO THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA TO CAUSE CANCER, BIRTH DEFECTS OR OTHER REPRODUCTIVE HARM.

WARNING

TO AVOID PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH, DO NOT USE THIS UNIT IF ANY PART HAS BEEN UNDER WATER. IMMEDIATELY CALL A QUALIFIED SERVICE TECHNICIAN TO INSPECT THE FURNACE AND TO REPLACE ANY PART OF THE CONTROL SYSTEM AND ANY GAS CONTROL HAVING BEEN UNDER WATER.

WARNING

THIS UNIT MUST NOT BE USED AS A "CONSTRUCTION HEATER" DURING THE FINISHING PHASES OF CONSTRUCTION ON A NEW STRUCTURE. THIS TYPE OF USE MAY RESULT IN PREMATURE FAILURE OF THE UNIT DUE TO EXTREMELY LOW RETURN AIR TEMPERATURE AND EXPOSURE TO CORROSIVE OR VERY DIRTY ATMOSPHERES.



WARNING

HIGH VOLTAGE!

DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR INSTALLING THIS UNIT. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.



WARNING

TO PREVENT THE RISK OF PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY, OR DEATH, DO NOT STORE COMBUSTIBLE MATERIALS OR USE GASOLINE OR OTHER FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS OR VAPORS IN THE VICINITY OF THIS APPLIANCE.



WARNING



CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING HAZARD

Failure to keep this compartment closed except when servicing could result in carbon monoxide poisoning or death.

This compartment must be closed except when servicing.



ADVERTISSEMENT

RISQUE D'EMPOISONNEMENT AU MONOXYDE DE CARBONE

Si ce compartiment n'est pas fermé en tout temps, sauf en cas de réparation, il y a risque d'empoisonnement ou monoxyde de carbone ou de mort.

Ce compartiment doit être fermé sauf au moment de l'entretien.



ADVERTENCIA

PELIGRO MONOXIDO DE CARBONO TOXICO

El fracaso de no mantener compartimiento cerrado menos durante, atender, podría tener como resultado envenenar de monóxido de carbono o muerte.

Este compartimiento debe cerrado menos al atender.

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GENERAL INFORMATION



WARNING

TO PREVENT PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH, DUE TO FIRE, EXPLOSIONS, SMOKE, SOOT, CONDENSATION, ELECTRIC SHOCK OR CARBON MONOXIDE, THIS UNIT MUST BE PROPERLY INSTALLED, REPAIRED, OPERATED, AND MAINTAINED.

This unit is approved for outdoor installation ONLY. Rated performance is achieved after 72 hours of operation. Rated performance is delivered at the specified airflow. See product specification sheet for residential package models. Specification sheets can be found at www.amana.com for Amana® brand products. Within the website, please select the package products menu and then select the submenu for the type of product to be installed, such as air conditioners or heat pumps, to access a list of product pages that each contain links to that model's specification sheet.

To assure that your unit operates safely and efficiently, it must be installed, operated, and maintained in accordance with these installation and operating instructions, all local building codes and ordinances, or in their absence, with the latest edition of the National Fuel Gas Code NFPA54/ANSI Z223.1 and National Standard of Canada CAN/CSA B149 Installation Codes.

EPA REGULATIONS

IMPORTANT: THE UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY (EPA) HAS ISSUED VARIOUS REGULATIONS REGARDING THE INTRODUCTION AND DISPOSAL OF REFRIGERANTS IN THIS UNIT. FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE REGULATIONS MAY HARM THE ENVIRONMENT AND CAN LEAD TO THE IMPOSITION OF SUBSTANTIAL FINES. BECAUSE REGULATIONS MAY VARY DUE TO PASSAGE OF NEW LAWS, WE SUGGEST A CERTIFIED TECHNICIAN PERFORM ANY WORK DONE ON THIS UNIT. SHOULD YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS PLEASE CONTACT THE LOCAL OFFICE OF THE EPA.

NATIONAL CODES

This product is designed and manufactured to permit installation in accordance with National Codes. It is the installer's responsibility to install the product in accordance with National Codes and/or prevailing local codes and regulations.

The heating and cooling capacities of the unit should be greater than or equal to the design heating and cooling loads of the area to be conditioned. The loads should be calculated by an approved method or in accordance with ASHRAE Guide or Manual J - Load Calculations published by the Air Conditioning Contractors of America.

Obtain from:

American National Standards Institute
25 West 43rd Street, 4th Floor
New York, NY 10036

System design and installation should also, where applicable, follow information presented in accepted industry guides such as the ASHRAE Handbooks. The manufacturer assumes no responsibility for equipment installed in violation of any code or regulation. The mechanical installation of the packaged roof top units consists of making final connections between the unit and building services; supply and return duct connections; and drain connections (if required). The internal systems of the unit are completely factory-installed and tested prior to shipment.

Units are generally installed on a steel roof mounting curb assembly which has been shipped to the job site for installation on the roof structure prior to the arrival of the unit. The model number shown on the unit's identification plate identifies the various components of the unit such as refrigeration tonnage, heating input and voltage.

Carefully inspect the unit for damage including damage to the cabinetry. Any bolts or screws which may have loosened in transit must be re-tightened. In the event of damage, the receiver should:

1. Make notation on delivery receipt of any visible damage to shipment or container.
2. Notify carrier promptly and request an inspection.
3. In case of concealed damage, carrier should be notified as soon as possible-preferably within 5 days.
4. File the claim with the following supporting documents:
 - a. Original Bill of Lading, certified copy, or indemnity bond.
 - b. Original paid freight bill or indemnity in lieu thereof.
 - c. Original invoice or certified copy thereof, showing trade and other discounts or reductions.
 - d. Copy of the inspection report issued by carrier representative at the time damage is reported to the carrier. The carrier is responsible for making prompt inspection of damage and for a thorough investigation of each claim. The distributor or manufacturer will not accept claims from dealers for transportation damage.

NOTE: When inspecting the unit for transportation damage, remove all packaging materials. Recycle or dispose of the packaging material according to local codes.

PRE-INSTALLATION CHECKS

Carefully read all instructions for the installation prior to installing unit. Ensure each step or procedure is understood and any special considerations are taken into account before starting installation. Assemble all tools, hardware and supplies needed to complete the installation. Some items may need to be purchased locally.

UNIT LOCATION



WARNING

TO PREVENT POSSIBLE EQUIPMENT DAMAGE, PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH, THE FOLLOWING BULLET POINTS MUST BE OBSERVED WHEN INSTALLING THE UNIT.

IMPORTANT NOTE: Remove wood shipping rails prior to installation of the unit.

ALL INSTALLATIONS:

IMPORTANT NOTE: *Unit should be energized 24 hours prior to compressor start up to ensure crankcase heater has sufficiently warmed the compressors. Compressor damage may occur if this step is not followed.*

NOTE: Appliance is shipped from factory for vertical duct application.

Proper installation of the unit ensures trouble-free operation. Improper installation can result in problems ranging from noisy operation to property or equipment damages, dangerous conditions that could result in injury or personal property damage and that are not covered by the warranty. Give this booklet to the user and explain it's provisions. The user should retain these instructions for future reference.

- For proper flame pattern within the heat exchanger and proper condensate drainage, the unit must be mounted level.

- The flue outlet must be at least 12 inches from any opening through which flue gases could enter a building, and at least three feet above any forced air inlet located within ten feet. The economizer/manual fresh air intake/ motorized fresh air intake and combustion air inlet mounted on the unit are not affected by this restriction.
- To avoid possible corrosion of the heat exchanger, do not locate the unit in an area where the outdoor air (i.e. combustion air for the unit) will be frequently contaminated by compounds containing chlorine or fluorine. Common sources of such compounds include swimming pool chemicals and chlorine bleaches, paint stripper, adhesives, paints, varnishes, sealers, waxes (which are not yet dried) and solvents used during construction and remodeling. Various commercial and industrial processes may also be sources of chlorine/fluorine compounds.
- To avoid possible illness or death of the building occupants, do NOT locate outside air intake device (economizer, manual fresh air intake, motorized fresh air intake) too close to an exhaust outlet, gas vent termination, or plumbing vent outlet. For specific distances required, consult local codes.
- Allow minimum clearances from the enclosure for fire protection, proper operation, and service access (see unit clearances). These clearances must be permanently maintained.
- The combustion air inlet and flue outlet on the unit must never be obstructed. If used, do not allow the economizer/ manual fresh air damper/ motorized fresh air damper to become blocked by snow or debris. In some climates or locations, it may be necessary to elevate the unit to avoid these problems.
- When the unit is heating, the temperature of the return air entering the unit must be a minimum of 55° F.
- Units manufactured on or after May 1, 2017 are not permitted to be used in Canada for heating of buildings or structures under construction.

GROUND LEVEL INSTALLATIONS ONLY:

- When the unit is installed on the ground adjacent to the building, a level concrete (or equal) base is recommended. Prepare a base that is 3" larger than the package unit footprint and a minimum of 3" thick.
- The base should also be located where no runoff of water from higher ground can collect in the unit.

ROOF TOP INSTALLATIONS ONLY:

- To avoid possible property damage or personal injury, the roof must have sufficient structural strength to carry the weight of the unit(s) and snow or water loads as required by local codes. Consult a structural engineer to determine the weight capabilities of the roof.
- The unit may be installed directly on wood floors or on Class A, Class B, or Class C roof covering material.
- To avoid possible personal injury, a safe, flat surface for service personnel should be provided.
- As indicated on the unit data plate, a minimum clearance

of 36" to any combustible material is required on the furnace access side of the unit. All combustible materials must be kept out of this area.

- This 36" clearance must also be maintained to insure proper combustion air and flue gas flow. The combustion air intake and furnace flue discharge must not be blocked for any reason, including blockage by snow.
- Adequate clearances from the furnace flue discharge to any adjacent public walkways, adjacent buildings, building openings or openable windows must be maintained in accordance with the latest edition of the National Fuel Gas Code (ANSI Z223.1)
- Minimum horizontal clearance of 48" from the furnace flue discharge to any electric meters, gas meters, regulators and relief equipment is required.

UNIT PRECAUTIONS

- Do not stand or walk on the unit.
- Do not drill holes anywhere in panels or in the base frame of the unit except where indicated. Unit access panels provide structural support.
- Do not remove any access panels until unit has been installed on roof curb or field supplied structure.
- Do not roll unit across finished roof without prior approval of owner or architect.
- Do not skid or slide on any surface as this may damage unit base. The unit must be stored on a flat, level surface. Protect the condenser coil because it is easily damaged.

ROOF CURB INSTALLATIONS ONLY:

Curb installations must comply with local codes and should be done in accordance with the established guidelines of the National Roofing Contractors Association.

Proper unit installation requires that the roof curb be firmly and permanently attached to the roof structure. Check for adequate fastening method prior to setting the unit on the curb.

Full perimeter roof curbs are available from the factory and are shipped unassembled. Field assembly, squaring, leveling and mounting on the roof structure are the responsibility of the installing contractor. All required hardware necessary for the assembly of the sheet metal curb is included in the curb accessory.



WARNING

TO PREVENT POSSIBLE EQUIPMENT DAMAGE, PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH, THE FOLLOWING BULLET POINTS MUST BE OBSERVED WHEN INSTALLING THE UNIT.

- Sufficient structural support must be determined prior to locating and mounting the curb and package unit.
- Ductwork must be constructed using industry guidelines. The duct work must be placed into the roof curb before mounting the package unit. Our full perimeter curbs include duct connection frames to be assembled with the curb. Cantilevered type curbs are not available from the factory.
- Curb insulation, cant strips, flashing and general roofing material are furnished by the contractor.

The curbs must be supported on parallel sides by roof members. The roof members must not penetrate supply and return duct opening areas as damage to the unit might occur.

NOTE: The unit and curb accessories are designed to allow vertical duct installation before unit placement. Duct installation after unit placement is not recommended.

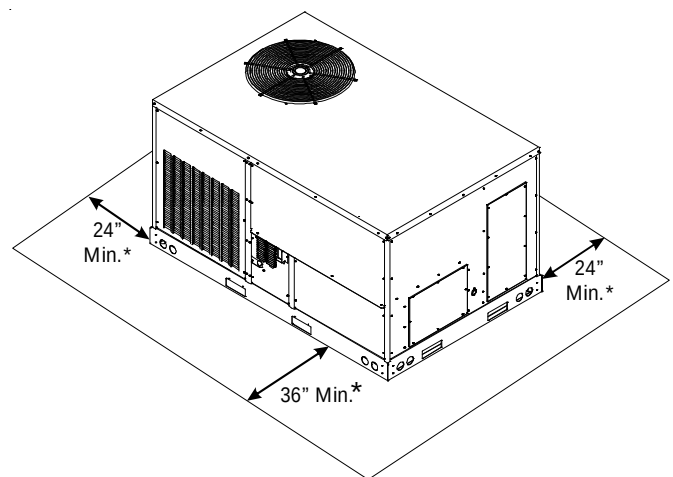


CAUTION

ALL CURBS LOOK SIMILAR. TO AVOID INCORRECT CURB POSITIONING, CHECK JOB PLANS CAREFULLY AND VERIFY MARKINGS ON CURB ASSEMBLY. INSTRUCTIONS MAY VARY IN CURB STYLES AND SUPERSEDES INFORMATION SHOWN.

See the manual shipped with the roof curb for assembly and installation instructions.

CLEARANCES

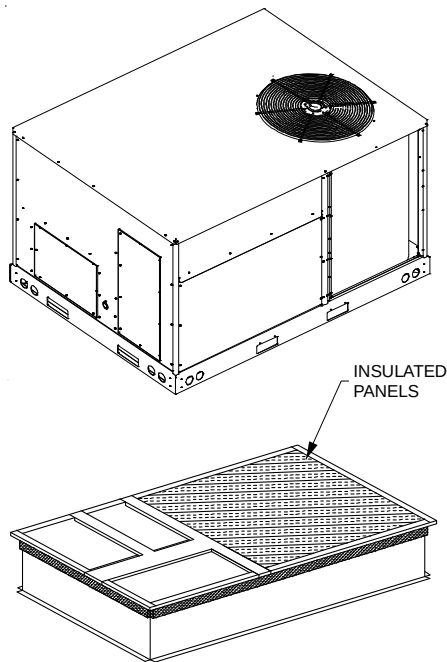


Unit Clearances

**In situations that have multiple units, a 36" minimum clearance is required between the condenser coils.*

Adequate clearance around the unit should be kept for safety, service, maintenance, and proper unit operation. A total clearance of 75" on the main control panel side of the unit is recommended to facilitate possible fan shaft, coil, electric heat and gas furnace removal. A clearance of 48" is recommended on all other sides of the unit to facilitate possible compressor removal, to allow service access and to insure proper ventilation and condenser air-flow. The unit must not be installed beneath any obstruction. The unit should be installed remote from all building exhausts to inhibit ingestion of exhaust air into the unit fresh air intake.

NOTE: If the 36" minimum is used on the control panel side of a DTG unit, a flue extension (MF# 220-GX-01) needs be to installed to prevent flue gas recirculation.



Roof Curb Installation

ROOF CURB POST-INSTALLATION CHECKS

After installation, check the top of the curb, duct connection frame and duct flanges to make sure gasket has been applied properly. Gasket should be firmly applied to the top of the curb perimeter, duct flanges and any exposed duct connection frame. If gasket is loose, re-apply using strong weather resistant adhesive.

PROTRUSION

Inspect curb to ensure that none of the utility services (electric) routed through the curb protrude above the curb.



CAUTION

IF PROTRUSIONS EXIST, DO NO ATTEMPT TO SET UNIT ON CURB.

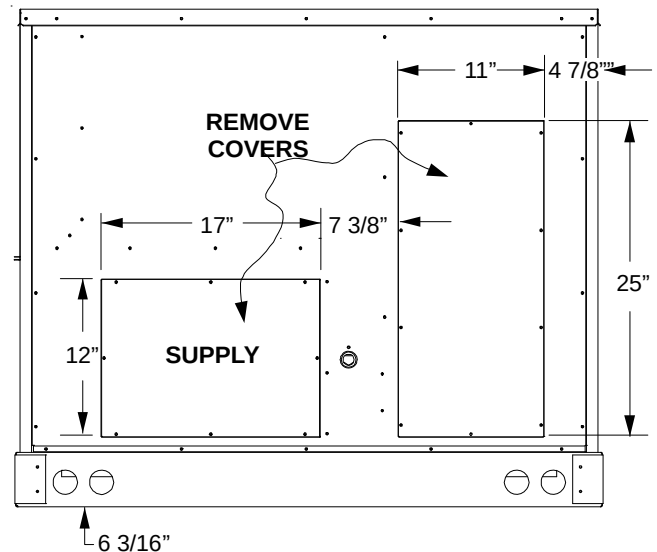
ROOF TOP DUCT CONNECTIONS

Install all duct connections on the unit before placing the unit on rooftop.

HORIZONTAL DISCHARGE

Refer to IOD-7006 included in the literature pack for installing horizontal duct covers.

Flexible duct connectors between the unit and ducts are recommended. Insulate and weatherproof all external ductwork and joints as required and in accordance with local codes.



Horizontal Discharge Duct Connections

RIGGING DETAILS



WARNING

TO PREVENT PROPERTY DAMAGE, THE UNIT SHOULD REMAIN IN AN UPRIGHT POSITION DURING ALL RIGGING AND MOVING OPERATIONS. TO FACILITATE LIFTING AND MOVING WHEN A CRANE IS USED, PLACE THE UNIT IN AN ADEQUATE CABLE SLING.



CAUTION

IF UNITS ARE LIFTED TWO AT A TIME, THE FORK HOLES ON THE CONDENSER END OF THE UNIT MUST NOT BE USED. MINIMUM FORK LENGTH IS 42" TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE UNIT; HOWEVER, 48" IS RECOMMENDED.

Provisions for forks have been included in the unit base frame. No other fork locations are approved.



WARNING

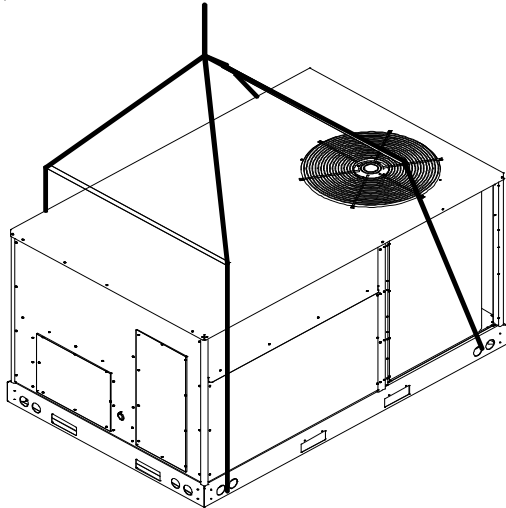
TO PREVENT POSSIBLE EQUIPMENT DAMAGE, PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH, THE FOLLOWING BULLET POINTS MUST BE OBSERVED WHEN INSTALLING THE UNIT.

- Unit must be lifted by the four lifting holes located at the base frame corners.
- Lifting cables should be attached to the unit with shackles.
- The distance between the crane hook and the top of the unit must not be less than 60".
- Two spreader bars must span over the unit to prevent damage to the cabinet by the lift cables. Spreader bars must be of sufficient length so that cables do not come in contact with the unit during transport. Remove wood struts mounted beneath unit base frame before setting unit on roof curb. These struts are intended to protect unit base frame from fork lift damage. Removal is accomplished by extracting the sheet metal retainers and pulling the struts through the base of the unit. Refer to rigging label on the unit.

Important: If using bottom discharge with roof curb, ductwork should be attached to the curb prior to installing the unit. Ductwork dimensions are shown in Roof Curb Installation Instructions.

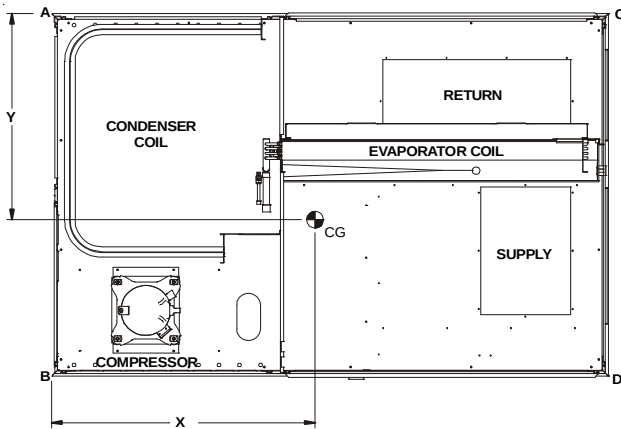
Refer to the Roof Curb Installation Instructions for proper curb installation. Curbing must be installed in compliance with the National Roofing Contractors Association Manual.

Lower unit carefully onto roof mounting curb. While rigging unit, center of gravity will cause condenser end to be lower than supply air end.



To assist in determining rigging requirements, unit weights are shown as follows:

WEIGHTS AND CENTER OF GRAVITY



Corner and Center of Gravity Locations

MODEL	X (IN)	Y (IN)	SHIPPING WEIGHT (LBS)	OPERATING WEIGHT (LBS)	CORNER WEIGHTS (LBS.)			
					A	B	C	D
APG1660140M41	46.4	28.1	655	629	186	204	65	174

Bring condenser end of unit into alignment with the curb. With condenser end of the unit resting on curb member and using curb as a fulcrum, lower opposite end of the unit until entire unit is seated on the curb. When a rectangular cantilever curb is used, care should be taken to center the unit. Check for proper alignment and orientation of supply and return openings with duct.

RIGGING REMOVAL

CAUTION

TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE UNIT, DO NOT ALLOW CRANE HOOKS AND SPREADER BARS TO REST ON THE ROOF OF THE UNIT.

Remove spreader bars, lifting cables and other rigging equipment.

ELECTRICAL WIRING

WARNING

HIGH VOLTAGE!

DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR INSTALLING THIS UNIT. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.



WARNING

HIGH VOLTAGE!

TO AVOID PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH DUE TO ELECTRICAL SHOCK, DO NOT TAMPER WITH FACTORY WIRING. THE INTERNAL POWER AND CONTROL WIRING OF THESE UNITS ARE FACTORY-INSTALLED AND HAVE BEEN THOROUGHLY TESTED PRIOR TO SHIPMENT. CONTACT YOUR LOCAL REPRESENTATIVE IF ASSISTANCE IS REQUIRED.



CAUTION

TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE WIRING, PROTECT WIRING FROM SHARP EDGES. FOLLOW NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE AND ALL LOCAL CODES AND ORDINANCES. DO NOT ROUTE WIRES THROUGH REMOVABLE ACCESS PANELS.

CAUTION

TO PREVENT SEVERE DAMAGE TO THE BOTTOM OF THE UNIT, DO NOT FORK LIFT UNIT AFTER WOOD STRUTS HAVE BEEN REMOVED.

CAUTION

CONDUIT AND FITTINGS MUST BE WEATHER-TIGHT TO PREVENT WATER ENTRY INTO THE BUILDING.

For unit protection, use a fuse or HACR circuit breaker that is in excess of the circuit ampacity, but less than or equal to the maximum overcurrent protection device. DO NOT EXCEED THE MAXIMUM OVERCURRENT DEVICE SIZE SHOWN ON UNIT DATA PLATE.

All line voltage connections must be made through weatherproof fittings. All exterior power supply and ground wiring must be in approved weatherproof conduit.

The main power supply wiring to the unit and low voltage wiring to accessory controls must be done in accordance with these instructions, the latest edition of the National Electrical Code (ANSI/NFPA 70), and all local codes and ordinances. All field wiring shall conform with the temperature limitations for Type T wire (63°F/35°C rise).

The unit is factory wired for the voltage shown on the unit's data plate. Refer to model nomenclature in Appendix B for voltage requirement for your unit.

NOTE: If supply voltage is 208V, lead on primary of transformer must be moved from the 230V to the 208V tap. Refer to wiring diagram on unit for details.

Main power wiring should be sized for the minimum wire ampacity shown on the unit's database. Size wires in accordance with the ampacity tables in Article 310 of the National Electrical Code. If long wires are required, it may be necessary to increase the wire size to prevent excessive voltage drop. Wires should be sized for a maximum of 3% voltage drop.

CAUTION

TO AVOID PROPERTY DAMAGE OR PERSONAL INJURY DUE TO FIRE, USE ONLY COPPER CONDUCTORS.

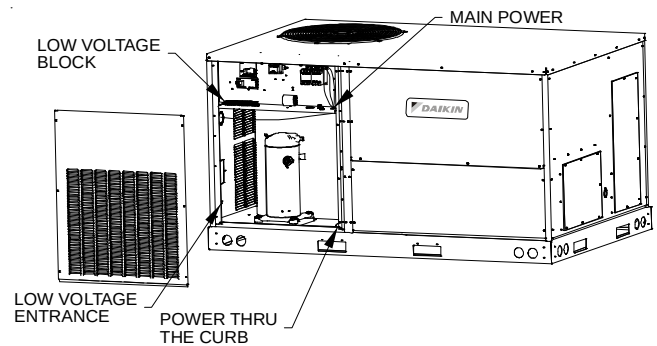
CAUTION

TO PREVENT IMPROPER AND DANGEROUS OPERATION DUE TO WIRING ERRORS, LABEL ALL WIRES PRIOR TO DISCONNECTION WHEN SERVICING CONTROLS. VERIFY PROPER OPERATION AFTER SERVICING.

NOTE: A weather-tight disconnect switch, properly sized for the unit total load, must be field or factory installed. An external field supplied disconnect may be mounted on the exterior panel.

Ensure the data plate is not covered by the field-supplied disconnect switch.

- Some disconnect switches are not fused. Protect the power leads at the point of distribution in accordance with the unit data plate.
- The unit must be electrically grounded in accordance with local codes or, in the absence of local codes, with the latest edition of the National Electrical Code (ANSI-NFPA 70). A ground lug is provided for this purpose. Size grounding conductor in accordance with Table 250-95 of the National Electrical Code. Do not use the ground lug for connecting a neutral conductor.
- Connect power wiring to the compressor contactor closest to the entrance located within the main control box or to electrical power block, if equipped.



Power and Low Voltage Block Connections

WARNING

FAILURE OF UNIT DUE TO OPERATION ON IMPROPER LINE VOLTAGE OR WITH EXCESSIVE PHASE UNBALANCE CONSTITUTES PRODUCT ABUSE AND WILL VOID YOUR WARRANTY AND MAY CAUSE SEVERE DAMAGE TO THE UNIT ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS.

Areas Without Convenience Outlet

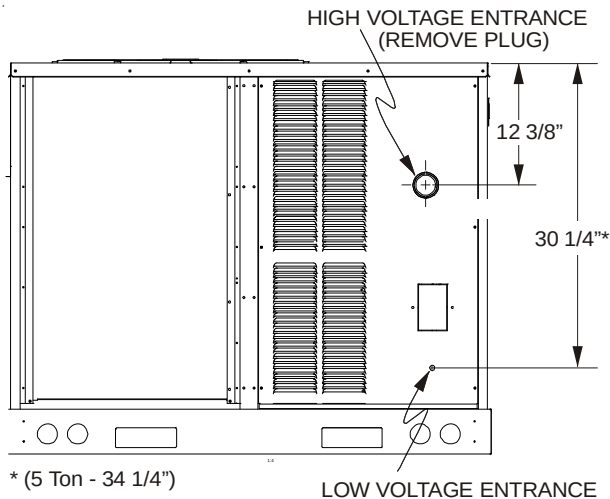
It is recommended that an independent 115V power source be brought to the vicinity of the roof top unit for portable lights and tools used by the service mechanic.

NOTE: Refer to local codes for requirements. These outlets can also be factory installed.

UNITS INSTALLED ON ROOF TOPS

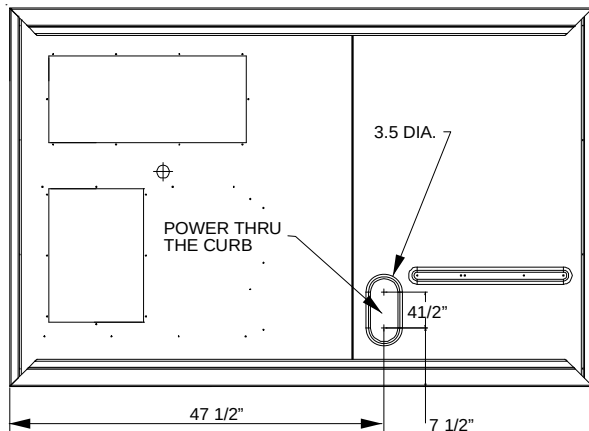
Main power and low voltage wiring may enter the unit through the condenser end of unit or through the roof curb. Install conduit connectors at the desired entrance locations. External connectors must be weatherproof. All holes in the unit base must be sealed (including those around conduit nuts) to prevent water leakage into building. All required conduit and fittings are to be field supplied.

Supply voltage to roof top unit must not vary by more than 10% of the value indicated on the unit data plate. Phase voltage unbalance must not exceed 2%. Contact your local power company for correction of improper voltage or phase unbalance.



*(5 Ton - 34 1/4")

LOW VOLTAGE ENTRANCE



Electrical Entrance and Thru Curb

Unit is equipped with a Low Voltage Terminal Block and has Single Point wiring to the contactor or power block, if equipped.

ELECTRICAL WIRING

THERMOSTAT LOCATION

Mount the thermostat approximately five feet above the floor, in an area that has an inside, vibration-free wall and has good air circulation.

Movement of air must not be obstructed by furniture, door, draperies, etc. The thermostat must not be mounted where it will be affected by drafts, hot or cold water pipes or air ducts in walls, radiant heat from fireplace, lamps, the sun, television, etc. Consult the Instruction Sheet packaged with thermostat for mounting instructions.

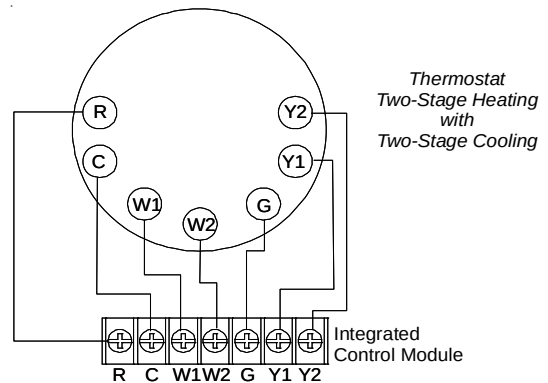
NOTE: All units have two stages of heating and two stages of mechanical cooling. Units which will have economizers may use thermostats with two or three stages of cooling. All units can use single stage or multi-stage thermostats. Refer to figures later in this section for wiring.



WARNING

TO AVOID PERSONAL INJURY, ELECTRICAL SHOCK OR DEATH, DISCONNECT ELECTRICAL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR CHANGING ANY ELECTRICAL WIRING.

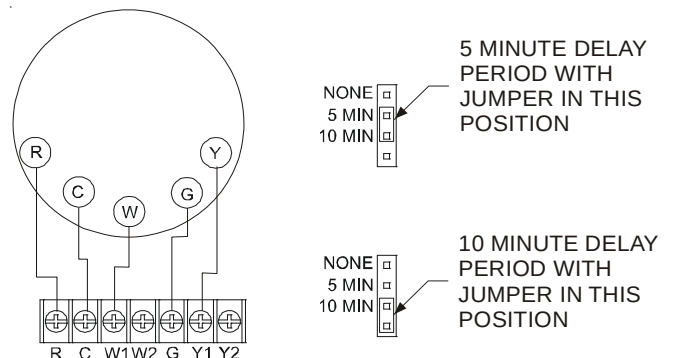
The units are designed for operation on 60 hertz current and at voltages as shown on the rating plate. All internal wiring in the unit is complete. It is necessary to bring in the power supply to the contactor as shown on the unit wiring diagram which is supplied with each unit. The low voltage wiring must be connected between the unit control panel and the room thermostat.



Two-Stage Heating with Two-Stage Cooling Thermostat Diagram

SINGLE STAGE THERMOSTAT

To use a single stage thermostat, move jumper located to the left of the terminal strip labeled "Stage Delay" from NONE to "5" or "10" minutes. This selection will cause the control to run on low stage for the selected time (5 or 10 minutes) then shift to HIGH STAGE. This option controls both cooling and heating modes. If the jumper is not moved, only low-stage cool and low-stage heat will operate.



Two-Stage Heating (timed) and Two-Stage Cooling (timed) with Single Stage Thermostat Diagram

ALTERNATE FAN ONLY SPEED

The DP16GM models are equipped with ECM variable speed motors. Two FAN ONLY speeds are possible with these motors. To utilize the LOW HEAT blower speed for FAN ONLY operation, connect the wire from the thermostat's G terminal to the ignition control board's G terminal.

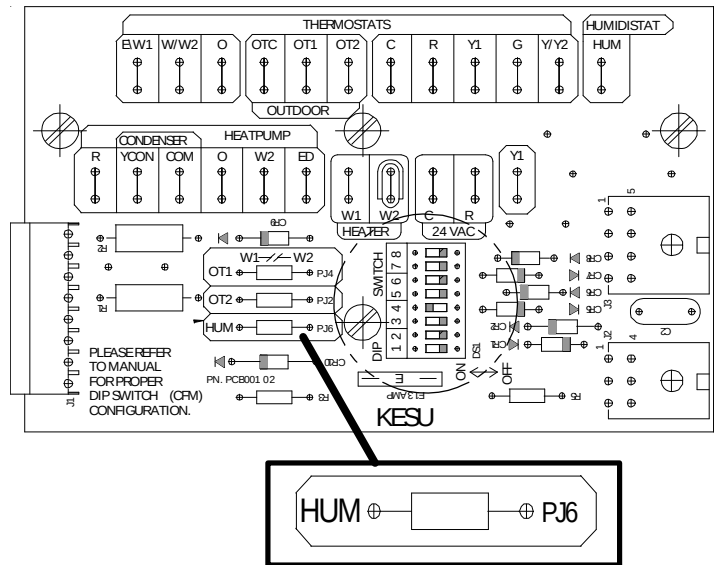
To utilize the alternate FAN ONLY speed, connect the wire from the thermostat's G terminal to the unstripped green wire in the control box. (DO NOT connect the thermostat's G terminal to the ignition control's G terminal.). This alternate FAN ONLY blower speed is approximately 75% of the HIGH COOL speed.

24 VOLT DEHUMIDISTAT WIRING

The optional usage of a dehumidistat allows the unit's circulator blower to operate at a slightly lower speed (approximately 80% of desired cooling speed) during a combined thermostat call for cooling and dehumidistat call for dehumidification. This can be done through an independent dehumidistat. This lower blower speed enhances dehumidification of the conditioned air as it passes through the air conditioning coil. For proper function, a dehumidistat applied to this package unit must operate on 24 VAC and utilize a switch which opens on humidity rise. Refer to the unit wiring diagram for additional wiring details.

To install/connect a dehumidistat:

1. Turn OFF power to unit.



EMC Blower Motor Interface Module

Refer to the unit wiring diagram for electrical connections. When installed, the unit must be electrically grounded in accordance with local codes or in the absence of local codes, with the National Electrical Code, ANSI/NFPA No. 70, and/or the CSA C22.1 Electrical Code. Ensure low voltage connections are waterproof.



WARNING

HIGH VOLTAGE!

DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR INSTALLING THIS UNIT. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.



2. To enable the dehumidify function, locate the ECM blower motor interface module in the unit's blower section. Locate the jumper labeled "HUM" on the interface module. Cut the jumper to enable dehumidification (see ECM Blower Motor Interface Module).
3. Secure the dehumidistat neutral wire (typically the white lead) to the gray, unstripped wire in the unit's control box.
4. Secure the dehumidistat hot wire (typically the black lead) to the ignition control's "R" terminal.
5. Secure the dehumidistat ground wire (typically the green lead) to the ground screw to the unit's sheet metal control box.

NOTE: Ground wire may not be present on all dehumidistats.

6. Turn ON power to unit.

Once the HUM jumper is cut at the ECM motor interface module, the dehumidify function is enabled during a combination call for cooling (T-Stat) and dehumidification (DEHUMStat).



WARNING

TO AVOID THE RISK OF ELECTRICAL SHOCK, WIRING TO THE UNIT MUST BE POLARIZED AND GROUNDED.



CAUTION

TO AVOID PROPERTY DAMAGE OR PERSONAL INJURY DUE TO FIRE, USE ONLY COPPER CONDUCTORS.



WARNING

TO PREVENT IMPROPER AND DANGEROUS OPERATION DUE TO WIRING ERRORS, LABEL ALL WIRES PRIOR TO DISCONNECTION WHEN SERVICING CONTROLS. VERIFY PROPER OPERATION AFTER SERVICING.

For unit protection, use a fuse or HACR circuit breaker that is in excess of the circuit ampacity, but less than or equal to the maximum overcurrent protection device. DO NOT EXCEED THE MAXIMUM OVERCURRENT DEVICE SIZE SHOWN ON UNIT DATA PLATE.

All line voltage connections must be made through weatherproof fittings. All exterior power supply and ground wiring must be in approved weatherproof conduit. Low voltage wiring from the unit control panel to the thermostat requires coded cable. See below for ground level and rooftop wiring.

UNIT VOLTAGE

The unit transformer is factory connected for 230V operation. If the unit is to operate on 208V, reconnect the transformer primary lead as shown on the unit wiring diagram. The inducer draft blower is equipped with a 230V lead (red) and a 208V lead (black). If the unit is to operate on 208V, swap the connections of the black and red leads (located in the gas heat section of the unit) to ensure correct induced draft motor operation.

HEAT ANTICIPATOR SETTING

The heat anticipator is to be set by measuring the load (amperage) at the "R" circuit. Follow the instructions provided with the thermostat for more details.

GAS SUPPLY PIPING



WARNING

TO PREVENT PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH DUE TO IMPROPER INSTALLATION, ADJUSTMENT, ALTERATION, SERVICE OR MAINTENANCE, REFER TO THIS MANUAL. FOR ADDITIONAL ASSISTANCE OR INFORMATION, CONSULT A QUALIFIED INSTALLER, SERVICE AGENCY OR THE GAS SUPPLIER.

IMPORTANT NOTE: This unit is factory set to operate on natural gas at the altitudes shown on the rating plate.



WARNING

TO AVOID PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH WHEN EITHER USING PROPANE GAS ALONE OR AT HIGHER ALTITUDES, OBTAIN AND INSTALL THE PROPER CONVERSION KIT(S). FAILURE TO DO SO CAN RESULT IN UNSATISFACTORY OPERATION AND/OR EQUIPMENT DAMAGE. HIGH ALTITUDE KITS ARE FOR U.S. INSTALLATIONS ONLY AND ARE NOT APPROVED FOR USE IN CANADA.

The rating plate is stamped with the model number, type of gas and gas input rating. Make sure the unit is equipped to operate on the type of gas available. Conversion to propane (LP) gas is permitted with the use of the factory authorized conversion kit (see the unit Technical Manual for the appropriate kit). For High Altitude derates, refer to the latest edition of the National Fuel Gas Code NFPA 54/ANSI Z223.1.

INLET GAS PRESSURE	
NATURAL	Min. 5.0" W.C., Max. 10.0" W.C.
PROPANE	Min. 11.0" W.C., Max. 14.0" W.C.

Inlet Gas Pressure Must Not Exceed the Maximum Value Shown in Table Above.

The minimum supply pressure should not vary from that shown in the table above because this could prevent the unit from having dependable ignition. In addition, gas input to the burners must not exceed the rated input shown on the rating plate. Overfiring of the unit could result in premature heat exchanger failure.

PIPING

IMPORTANT NOTE: To avoid possible unsatisfactory operation or equipment damage due to under firing of equipment, do not undersize the natural/propane gas piping from the meter/tank to the unit. When sizing a trunk line, include all appliances on that line that could be operated simultaneously.

The rating plate is stamped with the model number, type of gas and gas input rating. Make sure the unit is equipped to operate on the type of gas available. The gas line installation must comply with local codes, or in the absence of local codes, with the latest edition of the National Fuel Gas Code NFPA 54/ANSI Z223.1.

Natural Gas Connection

Natural Gas Capacity of Pipe in Cubic Feet of Gas Per Hour (CFH)					
Length of Pipe in Feet	Nominal Black Pipe Size (inches)				
	1/2	3/4	1	1 1/4	1 1/2
10	132	278	520	1050	1600
20	92	190	350	730	1100
30	73	152	285	590	980
40	63	130	245	500	760
50	56	115	215	440	670
60	50	105	195	400	610
70	46	96	180	370	560
80	43	90	170	350	530
90	40	84	160	320	490
100	38	79	150	305	460

Pressure= .50 PSIG or less and Pressure Drop of 0.3" W.C.

(Based on 0.60 Specific Gravity Gas)

$$\text{CFH} = \frac{\text{BTUH Furnace Input}}{\text{Heating Value of Gas (BTU/Cubic Foot)}}$$

Refer to the Proper Piping Practice drawing for the general layout at the unit. The following rules apply:

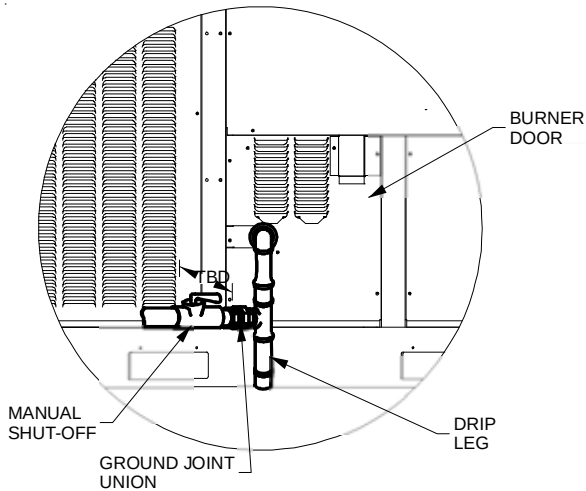
1. Use black iron pipe and fittings for the supply piping. The use of a flex connector and/or copper piping is permitted as long as it is in agreement with local codes.
2. Use pipe joint compound on male threads only. Pipe joint compound must be resistant to the action of the fuel used.
3. Use ground joint unions.
4. Install a drip leg to trap dirt and moisture before it can enter the gas valve. The drip leg must be a minimum of three inches long.
5. Use two pipe wrenches when making connection to the gas valve to keep it from turning.
6. Install a manual shut-off valve in a convenient location (within six feet of unit) between the meter and the unit.
7. Tighten all joints securely.
8. The unit must be connected to the building piping by one of the following methods:
 - Rigid metallic pipe and fittings
 - Semirigid metallic tubing and metallic fittings (Aluminum alloy tubing must not be used in exterior locations)
 - Listed gas appliance connectors used in accordance with the terms of their listing that are completely in the same room as the equipment
 - In the prior two methods above the connector or tubing must be protected from physical and thermal damage. Aluminum alloy tubing and connectors must be coated to protect against external corrosion when in contact with masonry, plaster or insulation or are subject to repeated wettings by liquids (water - not rain water, detergents or sewage).

PROPANE GAS INSTALLATIONS



WARNING

TO AVOID PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH DUE TO FIRE OR EXPLOSION CAUSED BY A PROPANE GAS LEAK, INSTALL A GAS DETECTING WARNING DEVICE. SINCE RUST CAN REDUCE THE LEVEL OF ODORANT IN PROPANE GAS, A GAS DETECTING WARNING DEVICE IS THE ONLY RELIABLE WAY TO DETECT A PROPANE GAS LEAK. CONTACT A LOCAL PROPANE GAS SUPPLIER ABOUT INSTALLING A GAS DETECTING WARNING DEVICE.



Proper Piping Practice

NOTE: The unit gas supply entrance is factory sealed with plugs. Keep plugs in place until gas supply is ready to be installed. Once ready, replace the plugs with the supplied grommets and install gas supply line.

GAS PIPING CHECKS



CAUTION

TO PREVENT PROPERTY DAMAGE OR PERSONAL INJURY DUE TO FIRE, THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS MUST BE PERFORMED REGARDING GAS CONNECTIONS AND PRESSURE TESTING:

- **THE UNIT AND ITS GAS CONNECTIONS MUST BE LEAK TESTED BEFORE PLACING IN OPERATION. BECAUSE OF THE DANGER OF EXPLOSION OR FIRE, NEVER USE A MATCH OR OPEN FLAME TO TEST FOR LEAKS. NEVER EXCEED SPECIFIED PRESSURES FOR TESTING. HIGHER PRESSURE MAY DAMAGE GAS VALVE AND CAUSE OVERFIRING WHICH MAY RESULT IN PREMATURE HEAT EXCHANGE FAILURE.**
- **THIS UNIT AND ITS SHUT-OFF VALVE MUST BE DISCONNECTED FROM THE GAS SUPPLY DURING ANY PRESSURE TESTING OF THAT SYSTEM AT TEST PRESSURES IN EXCESS OF 1/2 PSIG (3.48 kPa).**
- **THIS UNIT MUST BE ISOLATED FROM THE GAS SUPPLY SYSTEM BY CLOSING ITS MANUAL SHUT-OFF VALVE DURING ANY PRESSURE TESTING OF THE GAS SUPPLY PIPING SYSTEM AT TEST PRESSURES EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 1/2 PSIG (3.48 kPa).**



WARNING

TO AVOID PROPERTY DAMAGE OR PERSONAL INJURY, BE SURE THERE IS NO OPEN FLAME IN THE VICINITY DURING AIR BLEEDING.

There will be air in the gas supply line after testing for leaks on a new installation. Therefore, the air must be bled from the line by loosening the ground joint union until pure gas is expelled. Tighten union and wait for five minutes until all gas has been dissipated in the air. Be certain there is no open flame in the vicinity during air bleeding procedure. The unit is placed in operation by closing the main electrical disconnect switch for the unit.

IMPORTANT NOTE: Propane gas conversion kits must be installed to convert units to propane gas. NOx screens must be removed before converting to LP. Remove burner assembly and pull NOx screens from each burner tube. When all the screens are out, reassemble the burner assembly without the screens.

All propane gas equipment must conform to the safety standards of the National Board of Fire Underwriters (See NBFU Manual 58).

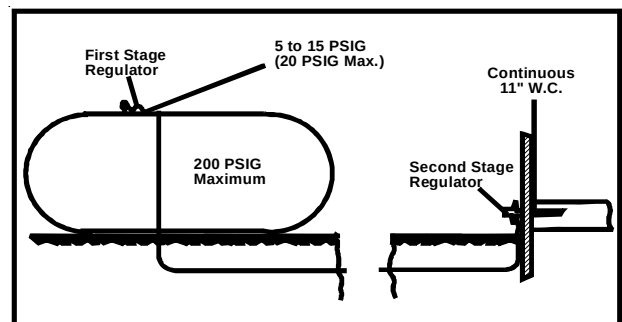
For satisfactory operation, propane gas supply pressure must be within 9.7 - 10.3 inches W.C. at the manifold with all gas appliances in operation. Maintaining proper gas pressure depends on three main factors:

1. Vaporization rate, which depends on (a) temperature of the liquid, and (b) wetted surface area of the container or containers.
2. Proper pressure regulation.
3. Pressure drop in lines between regulators, and between second stage regulator and the appliance. Pipe size required will depend on length of pipe run and total load of all appliances.

TANKS AND PIPING

Complete information regarding tank sizing for vaporization, recommended regulator settings and pipe sizing is available from most regulator manufacturers and propane gas suppliers. Since propane gas will quickly dissolve white lead or most standard residential compounds, special pipe dope must be used. Shellac base compounds resistant to the actions of liquefied petroleum gases such as Gasolac®, Stalactic®, Clyde's® or John Crane® are satisfactory.

See the following figure for typical propane gas piping.



Typical Propane Gas Piping

Sizing Between First and Second Stage Regulator
Maximum Propane Capacities listed are based on 1 PSIG Pressure Drop at 10
PSIG Setting. Capacities in 1,000 BTU/HR

PIPE OR TUBING LENGTH, FEET	TUBING SIZE, O.D., TYPE L					NOMINAL PIPE SIZE, SCHEDULE 40	
	3/8"	1/2"	5/8"	3/4"	7/8"	1/2"	3/4"
30	309	700	1,303	2,205	3,394	1,843	3,854
40	265	599	1,115	1,887	2,904	1,577	3,298
50	235	531	988	1,672	2,574	1,398	2,923
60	213	481	896	1,515	2,332	1,267	2,649
70	196	446	824	1,394	2,146	1,165	2,437
80	182	412	767	1,297	1,996	1,084	2,267
90	171	386	719	1,217	1,873	1,017	2,127
100	161	365	679	1,149	1,769	961	2,009
150	130	293	546	923	1,421	772	1,613
200	111	251	467	790	1,216	660	1,381
250	90	222	414	700	1,078	585	1,224
300	89	201	378	634	976	530	1,109
350	82	185	345	584	898	488	1,020
400	76	172	321	543	836	454	949

To convert to Capacities at 15 PSIG Settings -- Multiply by 1.130

To convert to Capacities at 5 PSIG Settings -- Multiply by 0.879

Sizing Between Single or Second Stage Regulator and Appliance*
Maximum Propane Capacities Listed are Based on 1/2" W.C. Pressure Drop at
11" W.C. Setting. Capacities in 1,000 BTU/HR

PIPE OR TUBING LENGTH, FEET	TUBING SIZE, O.D., TYPE L					NOMINAL PIPE SIZE, SCHEDULE 40				
	3/8"	1/2"	5/8"	3/4"	7/8"	1/2"	3/4"	1"	1-1/4"	1-1/2"
10	49	110	206	348	539	291	608	1,146	2,353	3,525
20	34	76	141	239	368	200	418	788	1,617	2,423
30	27	61	114	192	296	161	336	632	1,299	1,946
40	23	52	97	164	253	137	284	541	1,111	1,665
50	20	46	86	146	224	122	255	480	985	1,476
60	19	42	78	132	203	110	231	436	892	1,337
80	16	36	67	113	174	94	198	372	764	1,144
100	14	32	59	100	154	84	175	330	677	1,014
125	12	28	52	89	137	74	155	292	600	899
150	11	26	48	80	124	67	141	265	544	815
200	10	22	41	69	106	58	120	227	465	697
250	9	19	36	61	94	51	107	201	412	618
300	8	18	33	55	85	46	97	182	374	560
350	7	16	30	51	78	43	89	167	344	515
400	7	15	28	47	73	40	83	156	320	479

*DATA IN ACCORDANCE WITH NFPA PAMPHLET NO. 54

Propane Gas Pipe Sizing



WARNING

TO AVOID PROPERTY DAMAGE OR SERIOUS PERSONAL INJURY DUE TO FIRE OR EXPLOSION CAUSED BY A PROPANE GAS LEAK, INSTALL A GAS DETECTING WARNING DEVICE.

IF THE PROPANE GAS UNIT IS INSTALLED IN AN EXCAVATED AREA OR A CONFINED SPACE, A WARNING DEVICE IS REQUIRED DUE TO:

- PROPANE GAS IS HEAVIER THAN AIR AND ANY LEAKING GAS CAN SETTLE IN ANY LOW AREAS OR CONFINED SPACES.
- PROPANE GAS ODORANT MAY FADE, MAKING THE GAS UNDETECTABLE EXCEPT WITH A WARNING DEVICE.

ROOF TOP LOCATION AND INSTALLATION

The gas supply piping location and installation for roof top units must be in accordance with local codes or, in the absence of local codes, with ordinances of the latest edition of the National Fuel Gas Code (ANSI Z223.1).

A manual gas shut off valve must be field installed external to the roof top unit. In addition, a drip leg must be installed near the inlet connection. A ground joint union connection is required between the external shut off valve and the unit connection to the gas valve to permit removal of the burner assembly for servicing.

1. Route gas piping to unit so that it does not interfere with the removal of access panels. Support and align piping to prevent strains or misalignment of the manifold assembly.
2. All units are furnished with standard female 1/2" NPT connections. The size of the gas supply piping to the unit must be based on length of run, number of units on the system, gas characteristics, BTU requirement and available supply pressure. All piping must be done in accordance with local codes or, in the absence of local codes, with the latest edition of the National Fuel Gas Code (ANSI Z223.1).

NOTE: The gas connection size at the unit does NOT establish the size of the supply line.

3. These units are designed for either natural or propane (LP) gas and are specifically constructed at the factory for only one of these fuels. The fuels are NOT interchangeable. However, the furnace can be converted in the field from natural gas to LP gas with the appropriate factory kit (see unit Technical Manual for the appropriate kit). Only a qualified contractor, experienced with natural and propane gas systems, should attempt conversion. Kit instructions must be followed closely to assure safe and reliable unit operation.
4. With all units on a common line operating under full fire, natural gas main supply pressure should be adjusted to approximately 7.0" w.c., measured at the unit gas valve. If the gas pressure at the unit is greater than 10.5" w.c., the contractor must furnish and install an external type positive shut off service pressure regulator. The unit will not function satisfactorily if supply gas pressure is less than 5.5" w.c. or greater than 10.5" w.c..
- NOTE:** A minimum horizontal distance of 48" between the regulator and the furnace flue discharge is required.
5. With all units on a common line operating under full LP gas main supply pressure should be at least 11.0" w.c. and must be no greater than 13.0" w.c., measured at the unit gas valve. Unit will not function satisfactorily if supply gas pressure is less than 11.0" w.c. or greater than 13.0" w.c..
6. All pipe connections should be sealed with a pipe thread compound, which is resistant to the fuel used with the furnace. A soapy water solution should be used to check all joints for leaks. A tap is located on the entering side of the gas valve for test gauge connection to measure supply (main) gas pressure. Another tap is provided on the manifold side of the gas valve for checking manifold pressure.



WARNING

THIS UNIT AND ITS INDIVIDUAL SHUTOFF VALVE MUST BE DISCONNECTED FROM THE GAS SUPPLY SYSTEM DURING ANY PRESSURE TESTING OF THAT SYSTEM AT TEST PRESSURES IN EXCESS OF 1/2 PSIG (13.8" w.c.).



CAUTION

THIS UNIT MUST BE ISOLATED FROM THE GAS SUPPLY PIPING SYSTEM BY CLOSING ITS INDIVIDUAL MANUAL SHUTOFF VALVE DURING ANY PRESSURE TESTING EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 1/2 PSIG.

- There must be no obstruction to prevent the flow of combustion and ventilating air. A vent stack is not required and must never be used. The power venter will supply an adequate amount of combustion air as long as the air passageways are kept free of any obstructions and the recommended external unit clearances are maintained.

CIRCULATING AIR AND FILTERS

DUCTWORK

The supply duct from the unit through a wall may be installed without clearance. However, minimum unit clearances must be maintained (see "Clearances" section). The supply duct should be provided with an access panel large enough to inspect the air chamber downstream of the heat exchanger. A cover should be tightly attached to prevent air leaks.

Ductwork dimensions are shown in the roof curb installation manual.

If desired, supply and return duct connections to the unit may be made with flexible connections to reduce possible unit operating sound transmission.

VENTING

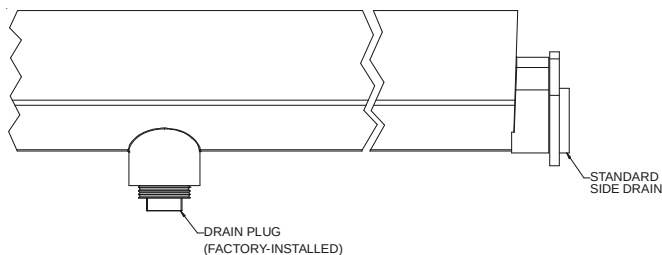
NOTE: Venting is self-contained.

The indoor motors on APG16M units are dual voltage motors. They are factory wired for 230 volts. If field supply power is 208V, the installer must swap the connections to the black and red leads (located in the gas heat section of the unit) to ensure correct inductor motor operation.

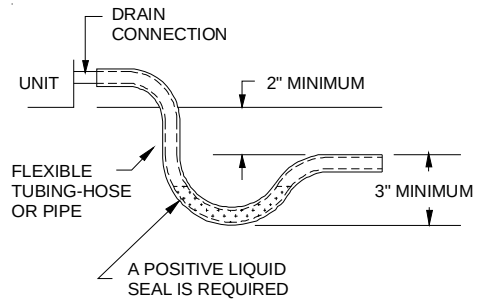
CONDENSATE DRAIN CONNECTION

CONDENSATE DRAIN CONNECTION

A 3/4" female NPT drain connection is supplied on the end of the condensate pan, with an alternative connection on the bottom of the pan. An external trap must be installed for proper condensate drainage.



Drain Pan (Side View)



Drain Connection

Install condensate drain trap as shown. Use 3/4" drain line and fittings or larger. Do not operate without trap.

HORIZONTAL DRAIN

Drainage of condensate directly onto the roof may be acceptable (refer to local code). It is recommended that a small drip pad of either stone, mortar, wood or metal be provided to prevent any possible damage to the roof. When using the horizontal drain connection, check the drain plug in bottom connection to ensure it is tight.

VERTICAL DRAIN

To use the bottom drain connection, remove the drain plug from the bottom connection and install it in the horizontal connection.

CLEANING

Due to the fact that drain pans in any air conditioning unit will have some moisture in them, algae and fungus will grow due to airborne bacteria and spores. Periodic cleaning is necessary to prevent this build-up from plugging the drain.

STARTUP, ADJUSTMENTS, AND CHECKS



WARNING

HIGH VOLTAGE!

TO AVOID PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH DUE TO ELECTRICAL SHOCK, BOND THE FRAME OF THIS UNIT TO THE BUILDING ELECTRICAL GROUND BY USE OF THE GROUNDING TERMINAL PROVIDED OR OTHER ACCEPTABLE MEANS. DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR INSTALLING THIS UNIT.



PRE-STARTUP INSTRUCTIONS - GENERAL



CAUTION

TO PREVENT PROPERTY DAMAGE OR PERSONAL INJURY, DO NOT START THE UNIT UNTIL ALL NECESSARY PRE-CHECKS AND TESTS HAVE BEEN PERFORMED.

Prior to the beginning of Startup, Adjustments, and Checks procedures, the following steps should be completed in the building.



WARNING

MOVING MACHINERY HAZARD!

TO PREVENT POSSIBLE PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH, DISCONNECT POWER TO THE UNIT AND PADLOCK IN THE "OFF" POSITION BEFORE SERVICING FANS.

This unit is equipped with an electronic ignition device to automatically light the main burners. It also has a power vent blower to exhaust combustion products.

On new installations, or if a major component has been replaced, the operation of the unit must be checked.

Check unit operation as outlined in the following instructions. If any sparking, odors, or unusual sounds are encountered, shut off electrical power and recheck for wiring errors, or obstructions in or near the blower motors. **Duct covers must be removed before operating unit.**

The Startup, Adjustments, and Checks procedure provides a step-by-step sequence which, if followed, will assure the proper startup of the equipment in the minimum amount of time. Air balancing of duct system is not considered part of this procedure. However, it is an important phase of any air conditioning system startup and should be performed upon completion of the Startup, Adjustments, and Checks procedure. The Startup, Adjustments, and Checks procedure at outside ambients below 55°F should be limited to a readiness check of the refrigeration system with the required final check and calibration left to be completed when the outside ambient rises above 55°F.

TEMPORARY HEATING OR COOLING

If the unit is to be used for temporary heating or cooling, a "Startup, Adjustments, and Checks" must first be performed in accordance with this manual. Damage or repairs due to failure to comply with these requirements are not covered under the warranty. **After** the machines are used for temporary heating or cooling, inspect the coils, fans, and motors for unacceptable levels of construction dust and dirt and install new filters.

CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBILITY

The installing contractor must be certain that:

- All supply and return air ductwork is in place, properly sealed, and corresponds with installation instructions.
- All thermostats are mounted and wired in accordance with installation instructions.
- All electric power, all gas, hot water or steam line connections, and the condensate drain installation have been made to each unit on the job. These main supply lines must be functional and capable of operating all units simultaneously.
- Requirements are met for venting and combustion air.
- Air filters are in place.
- Input rate and temperature rise are adjusted per rating plate.

ROOF CURB INSTALLATION CHECK

Inspect the roof curb for correct installation. The unit and curb assembly should be level. Inspect the flashing of the roof mounting curb to the roof, especially at the corners, for good workmanship. Also check for leaks around gaskets. Note any deficiencies in a separate report and forward to the contractor.

OBSTRUCTIONS, FAN CLEARANCE AND WIRING

Remove any extraneous construction and shipping materials that may be found during this procedure. Rotate all fans manually to check for proper clearances and that they rotate freely. Check for bolts and screws that may have jarred loose during shipment to the job site. Re-tighten if necessary. Re-tighten all electrical connections.

NORMAL SEQUENCES OF OPERATION

HEATING

This unit is equipped with an ignition control that automatically lights the main burner. DO NOT attempt to light the main burners by any other method.

1. Thermostat calls for low or high stage heating.
2. Induced draft blower energizes for 15-second pre-purge.
3. The spark igniter and low and high stage gas valve are energized for 7 seconds. **NOTE:** The igniter produces a very intense electrical spark that ignites the gas.
4. Main burners light and control detects presence of flame.
5. If the call is for low stage heat, the induced draft blower switches to low speed and the high stage gas valve closes 5 seconds after the main burners light. If call is for high stage heat, induced draft blower remains at high speed and high stage gas valve remains open.

NOTE: If a single stage thermostat is used, the control will step to low stage after the main burners light and remain at low stage for 5 or 10 minutes, depending on jumper position. If the call for HEAT remains after the transition delay time expires, the control will transition from low stage to high stage.

6. The 30-second HEAT FAN ON delay time begins after the main burners light.
7. The unit delivers heat to the conditioned space until the thermostat is satisfied.
8. Gas valve(s) de-energizes. The induced draft blower continues operation for a 30-second post-purge.
9. Induced draft blower remains at low speed (or switches from high to low if operating at high stage heat) for the 30-second post purge.
10. Ignition control begins timing the HEAT FAN OFF delay. There is an adjustable HEAT FAN OFF delay of approximately 90/120/150/180 seconds (factory set at 150). If the unit is operating at high stage when the call for heat is removed, the blower will operate for 30 seconds at high heat speed then switch to low heat speed for the remainder of the selected HEAT FAN OFF delay.

NOTE: After the HEAT FAN OFF delay time has elapsed, the blower will de-energize. This allows any additional heat in the heat exchanger to be transferred to the conditioned space.

COOLING

1. Thermostat calls for low or high stage cooling.
2. If the thermostat call is for low stage cooling, the compressor and outdoor fan are energized at low stage. If the thermostat call is for high stage cooling, the compressor and outdoor fan are energized at high stage.
3. The indoor blower will energize approximately 6 seconds later.
4. The unit delivers cooling to the conditioned space until the thermostat is satisfied.
5. The compressor and outdoor fan will be de-energized when the thermostat opens.
6. The indoor blower continues to run at low cool speed for approximately 60 seconds after the thermostat is satisfied. This allows additional cooling from the indoor coil to be transferred to the conditioned space. Then, the indoor blower is de-energized.

NOTE: A 180-second anti-short cycle is integral to the control and prevents recycling of the compressor.

FAN ONLY

1. Thermostat calls for FAN ONLY by energizing "G".
2. The indoor blower is immediately energized at the low heat speed.
3. The indoor blower is immediately de-energized once thermostat call for FAN is removed.

lower Speed Adjustments



WARNING

TO AVOID PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH DUE TO ELECTRIC SHOCK, REMOVE ELECTRICAL POWER FROM THE UNIT BEFORE CHANGING SPEED TAPS ON THE BLOWER MOTOR.

The APG16M models are equipped with ECM circulating blower motors. ECM circulating blower motors are constant airflow motors with very low power consumption. The ECM motor is controlled by 24VAC signals passed from an ECM interface module.

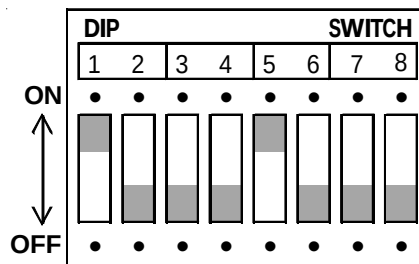
The ignition control board has four blower speed outputs: LOW HEAT, HI HEAT, LOW COOL and HIGH COOL. These are 24VAC outputs and are passed to the ECM interface module. Depending on applied thermostat inputs, the ignition control will energize the appropriate blower speed output with 24VAC. This signal is passed to the ECM interface module, which in turn passes the signal to the ECM motor. The ECM motor then operates at the correct speed, delivering the appropriate airflow.

NOTE: The FAN ONLY blower speed is the same as the LOW HEAT speed unless the Alternate FAN ONLY speed is used (see "Alternate FAN ONLY Speed" section above).

The blower speed as shipped from the factory should deliver the correct airflow. However, if installation conditions require a different airflow, the blower speed may be adjusted using the DIP switches on the ECM interface module (located in the blower compartment). Use the following figure and the airflow tables in the *Appendix* to set the desired blower speed.

Switches	Function
1, 2	Heating Speeds
3	Unused
4	OFF for Two-Stage
5, 6	Cooling Speeds
7, 8	Airflow Adjust

DIP Switch Functions



Factory DIP Switch Settings

NOTE: Heating airflow must be adjusted to provide the temperature rise shown on rating plate. Blower speeds are programmed to deliver adequate airflow at rated external static pressure (ESP). Refer to airflow table provided in the *Appendix* for details.

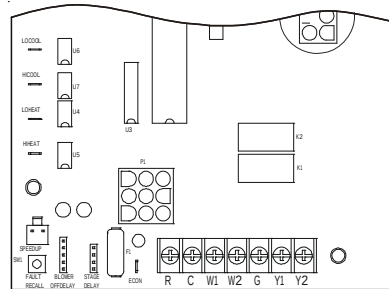
Limit Check

Check limit control operation after 15 minutes of operation by blocking the return air grille(s).

1. After several minutes the main burners must go OFF. Blower will continue to run.
2. Remove air restrictions and main burners will relight after a cool down period of a few minutes.

Adjust the thermostat setting below room temperature.

1. Main burners must go OFF.
2. Circulating Air Blower will continue to run for 90, 120, 150 or 180 seconds, depending on the setting.



Control Board (Top)

NOTE: If necessary, adjust fan OFF delay settings to obtain satisfactory comfort level.



WARNING

THIS UNIT MUST NOT BE USED AS A "CONSTRUCTION HEATER" DURING THE FINISHING PHASES OF CONSTRUCTION ON A NEW STRUCTURE. THIS TYPE OF USE MAY RESULT IN PREMATURE FAILURE OF THE UNIT DUE TO EXTREMELY LOW RETURN AIR TEMPERATURES AND EXPOSURE TO CORROSIVE OR VERY DIRTY ATMOSPHERES.

Unit Shutdown

1. Set the thermostat to lowest setting.
2. Turn off the electrical power supply to the unit.
3. Remove the heat exchanger door on the side of the unit by removing screws.
4. Move the gas control valve switch to the OFF position. Do not force.
5. Close manual gas shutoff valve external to the unit.
6. Replace the heat exchanger door on the unit.
7. If cooling and/or air circulation will be desired, turn ON the electrical power.

COOLING STARTUP

NOTE: Check all manual reset limit controls in heating circuit if cooling mode does not operate.

Compressor Protection Devices

The compressor includes components which are designed to protect the compressor against abnormal operating conditions.



WARNING

TO PREVENT PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH, ALWAYS DISCONNECT ELECTRICAL POWER BEFORE INSPECTING OR SERVICING THE UNIT. NOTE: ALL COMPRESSOR PROTECTION DEVICES RESET AUTOMATICALLY, ENERGIZING THE CONTACTOR AND OUTDOOR FAN.

Cooling Refrigerant Charging (Models with TXV)

Check unit charge before putting the cooling section into full operation. The unit has a thermostatic expansion valve metering device. To ensure the unit is properly charged for the intended application, check the unit refrigerant sub-cooling at the condenser. The refrigerant sub-cooling is a function of outdoor ambient temperature and return air temperature of the conditioned space. It is the installing contractors responsibility to ensure the proper refrigerant sub-cooling at the condenser is adjusted for each application. As the outdoor ambient temperature rises the sub-cooling decreases and as the outdoor ambient temperature lowers, the sub-cooling increases. **NOTE:** Proper sub-cooling adjustment optimizes cooling performance. Models equipped with thermostatic expansion valve, charge the system to sub-cooling, range shown on chart, when necessary, adjust expansion valve stem for superheat setting.

NOTE: The expansion valve will not need adjustment for most applications. Ensure system superheat is set within range listed on chart.

Design superheat & subcooling @ 95 °F outdoor ambient temperature		
Models #	Superheat °F	Subcooling °F
APG1660140M41	10-14	10-14

Superheat Adjustment

To adjust superheat, remove the control box cover and locate the expansion valve on the liquid line of the evaporator. Unscrew the cover from the expansion valve, locate the adjustment screw, and turn it clockwise (in) to increase superheat or counterclockwise (out) to decrease superheat. Replace adjustment cap. Wait a minimum of 10 minutes between adjustments to allow time for the TXV and pressures to stabilize.

Cooling Operation

NOTE: Mechanical cooling cannot be reliably provided at ambient temperatures below 50° F.

1. Turn on the electrical power supply to the unit.
2. Place the room thermostat selector switch in the COOL position (or AUTO if available, and if automatic changeover from cooling to heating is desired).
3. Set the room thermostat to the desired temperature.

STARTUP, ADJUSTMENTS, AND CHECKS

HEATING STARTUP

This unit is equipped with an electronic ignition device to automatically light the main burners. It also has a power vent blower to exhaust combustion products.

On new installations, or if a major component has been replaced, the operation of the unit must be checked.

Check unit operation as outlined in the following instructions. If any sparking, odors, or unusual sounds are encountered, shut off electrical power and check for wiring errors, or obstructions in or near the blower motors. **Duct covers must be removed before operating unit.**

Heat Anticipator Setting

Set the heat anticipator on the room thermostat to 0.4 amps to obtain the proper number of heating cycles per hour and to prevent the room temperature from overshooting the room thermostat setting.

Two Stage Heating Operation

When using staged furnace heating, cut jumper PJ4 on the VSTB control board.

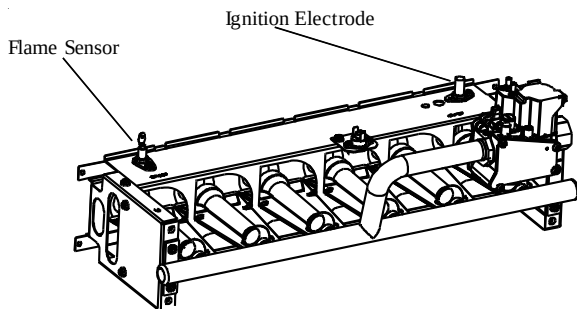
Rollout Protection Control

The rollout protection device opens, cutting power to the gas valve, if the flames from the burners are not properly drawn into the heat exchanger. The rollout protection device is located on the burner bracket. The reason for elevated temperatures at the control must be determined and repaired prior to resetting this manual reset control.

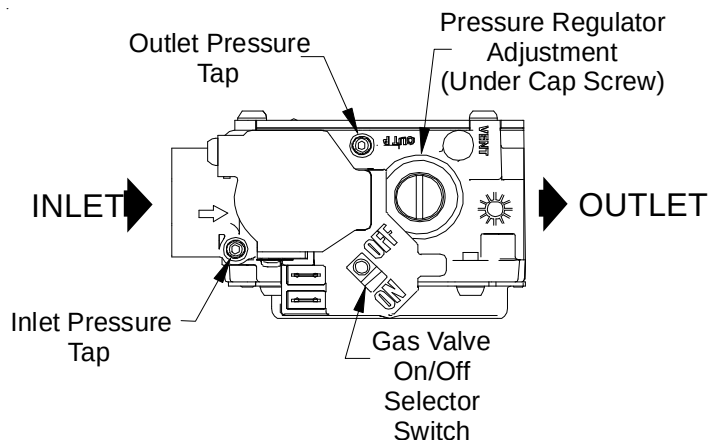


WARNING

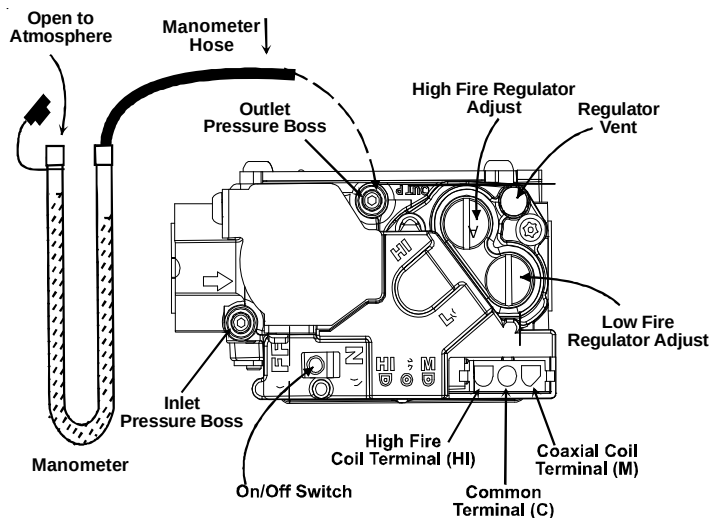
TO AVOID PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH DUE TO FIRE OR EXPLOSION, A QUALIFIED SERVICER MUST INVESTIGATE THE REASON FOR THE ROLLOUT PROTECTION DEVICE TO OPEN BEFORE MANUALLY RESETTING THE ROLLOUT PROTECTION DEVICE.



Flame Sensor and Ignition Electrode Location



White-Rodgers 36G22 - Single Stage



White-Rodgers 36G54 (2-Stage) Connected to Manometer

MAXIMUM INPUT (BTUH)	NUMBER of BURNERS	MAXIMUM BTUH/BURNER	GAS ORIFICES	
			NATURAL (Dia)	PROPANE (LP) (Dia)
46,000	2	23,000	#43	#55
92,000	4	23,000	#43	#55
115,000	5	23,000	#43	#55
138,000	6	23,000	#43	#55

Heat Exchanger and Burner Orifice Specifications

Secondary Limit Control

The secondary limit control is located on the top of the blower scroll assembly. This control opens when elevated temperatures are sensed. Elevated temperatures at the control are normally caused by blower failure. The reason for the opening should be determined and repaired prior to resetting.

If the power to the unit is interrupted during the heating cycle, it may cause the secondary limit to trip. Once the blower compartment temperature drops below the limit reset temperature, the limit will automatically reset.

Pre-Operation Checks

1. Close the manual gas valve external to the unit.
2. Turn off the electrical power supply to the unit.
3. Set the room thermostat to its lowest possible setting.
4. Remove the heat exchanger door on the side of the unit by removing screws.
5. This unit is equipped with an ignition device which automatically lights the main burner. DO NOT try to light burner by any other method.
6. Move the gas control valve switch to the OFF position. Do not force.

MAINTENANCE

WARNING

HIGH VOLTAGE!
DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR INSTALLING THIS UNIT. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.

Have the gas heating section of the unit checked at least once a year before the heating season begins, to be sure that the combustion air inlet and flue outlet hoods are not blocked by debris, which would prevent adequate combustion air and a properly operating vent system.

FILTER REPLACEMENT OR CLEANING

A return air filter is not supplied with this unit; however, there must be a means of filtering all of the return air. The filter(s) may be located in the return air duct(s), or return air filter grille(s). Consult with your installing dealer for the actual location of the return air filter(s) for your unit.

Dirty filters are the most common cause of inadequate heating or cooling performance. Filter inspection should be made at least every two months; more often if necessary because of local conditions and usage.

Dirty throwaway filters should be discarded and replaced with a

new, clean filter. Dirty permanent filters should be washed with water, thoroughly dried and sprayed with a filter adhesive before being reinstalled. (Filter adhesives may be found at many hardware stores.) Permanent filters should last several years. However, should one become torn or uncleanable, it should be replaced.

CABINET FINISH MAINTENANCE

Use a fine grade automotive wax on the cabinet finish to maintain the finish's original high luster. This is especially important in installations with extended periods of direct sunlight.

CLEAN OUTSIDE COIL (QUALIFIED SERVICER ONLY)

The coil with the outside air flowing over it should be inspected annually and cleaned as frequently as necessary to keep the finned areas free of lint, hair and debris.

CONDENSER, EVAPORATOR, AND INDUCED DRAFT MOTORS

Bearings on the air circulating blower motor, condenser motor and the combustion fan motor are permanently lubricated. No additional oiling is required.

FLAME SENSOR (QUALIFIED SERVICER ONLY)

A drop in the flame current can be caused by a nearly invisible coating on the flame sensor. This coating, created by the fuel or combustion air supply, can be removed by carefully cleaning the flame sensor with steel wool.

NOTE: After cleaning, the microamp signal should be stable and in the range of 4 - 6 microamps DC.

FLUE PASSAGES (QUALIFIED SERVICER ONLY)

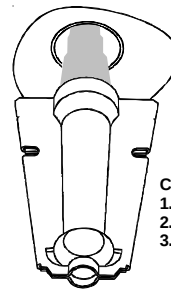
At the start of each heating season, inspect and, if necessary, clean the unit flue passage.

CLEANING FLUE PASSAGES (QUALIFIED SERVICER ONLY)

1. Shut off electric power and gas supply to the unit.
2. Remove burner assembly by disconnecting the gas line and removing the manifold bracket from the partition panel.
3. Remove the flue from the induced draft blower and the collector box cover from the partition panel.
4. The primary heat exchanger tubes can be cleaned using a round wire brush attached to a length of high grade stainless steel cable, such as drain cleanout cable. Attach a variable speed reversible drill to the other end of the spring cable. Slowly rotate the cable with the drill and insert it into one of the primary heat exchanger tubes. While reversing the drill, work the cable in and out several times to obtain sufficient cleaning. Use a large cable for the large tube, and then repeat the operation with a small cable for the smaller tube. Repeat for each tube.
5. When all heat exchanger tubes have been cleaned, replace the parts in the reverse order in which they were removed.
6. To reduce the chances of repeated fouling of the heat exchanger, perform the steps listed in "Startup, Adjustments, and Checks".

MAIN BURNER FLAME (QUALIFIED SERVICER ONLY)

Flames should be stable, soft and blue (dust may cause orange tips but must not be yellow). The flames must extend directly outward from the burner without curling, floating or lifting off.



Check the burner flames for:
1. Good adjustment
2. Stable, soft and blue
3. Not curling, floating, or lifting off.

Burner Flame

WARNING

TO AVOID PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH DUE TO ELECTRIC SHOCK, DO NOT REMOVE ANY INTERNAL COMPARTMENT COVERS OR ATTEMPT ANY ADJUSTMENT. CONTACT A QUALIFIED SERVICER AT ONCE IF AN ABNORMAL FLAME SHOULD DEVELOP.

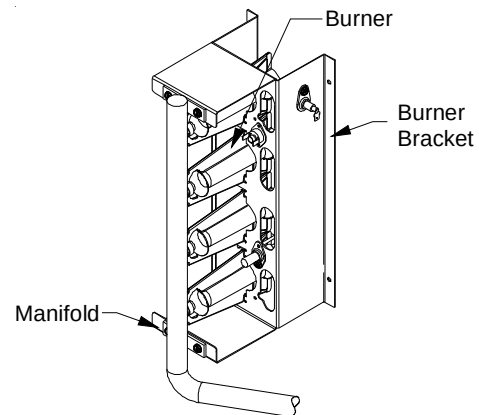
At least once a year, prior to or during the heating season, make a visual check of the burner flames.

NOTE: This will involve removing and reinstalling the heat exchanger door on the unit, which is held by two screws. If you are uncertain about your ability to do this, contact a qualified servicer.

If a strong wind is blowing, it may alter the airflow pattern within the unit enough that an inspection of the burner flames is not possible.

CLEANING BURNERS

1. Shut off electric power and gas supply to the unit.
2. Remove the screws securing the manifold to the burner retention bracket. Remove the manifold and rotate each burner counterclockwise to remove.



Manifold Assembly

3. Remove the burners.
4. Use a bottle brush to clean burner insert and inside of the burners.
5. Replace burners and manifold, inspect the burner assembly for proper seating of burners in retention slots.
6. Reconnect electrical power and gas supply.



CAUTION

LABEL ALL WIRES PRIOR TO DISCONNECTION WHEN SERVICING CONTROLS. WIRING ERRORS CAN CAUSE IMPROPER AND DANGEROUS OPERATION.



CAUTION

ALWAYS VERIFY PROPER OPERATION AFTER SERVICING.

For further information on the yearly inspection, consult the User Manual. It is recommended that a qualified servicer inspect and service the unit at least once each year.

Turn the unit on at the thermostat. Wait a few minutes, since any dislodged dust will alter the normal flame appearance. Flames should be predominantly blue and directed into the tubes. They should not be yellow. They should extend directly outward from the burner ports without curling downward, floating or lifting off the ports. Accessories and Functional Parts

SHEET METAL ACCESSORIES

Additional accessories can be purchased to fit specific application needs. Parts and instructions are available from your distributor.

FUNCTIONAL PARTS

FUNCTIONAL PARTS	
Auxiliary Limit Switch	Flame Rollout Switch
Blower Housing	Flame Sensor
Blower Wheel	Gas Orifice
Burner	Gas Valve
Capacitor	Heat Exchanger
Circulator Blower Motor	High Limit Switch
Compressor	High Pressure Switch
Condenser Coil	Igniter
Condenser Fan Blade	Ignition Control
Condenser Fan Motor	Induced Draft Blower
Contactors	Pressure Switch
Gas Manifold	Pressure Switch Hose
ECM Interface Module	Thermostatic Expansion Valve
Evaporator Coil	Transformer

Functional Parts List

GENERAL INFORMATION

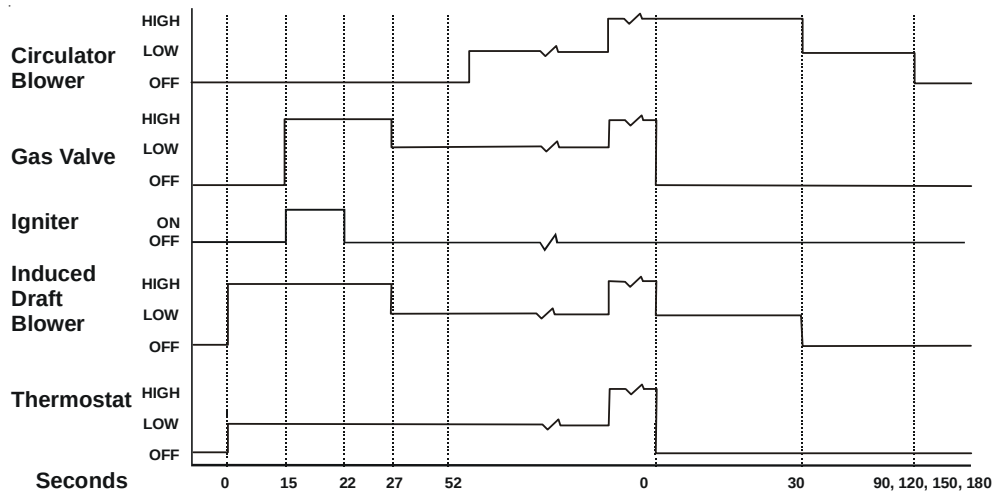
1. Refer to the description in Functional Parts List when ordering any of the listed functional parts. Be sure to provide the unit model and serial numbers with the order.
2. Although only functional parts are shown, all sheet metal parts, doors, etc. may be ordered by description.
3. Parts are available from your distributor.

APPENDIX

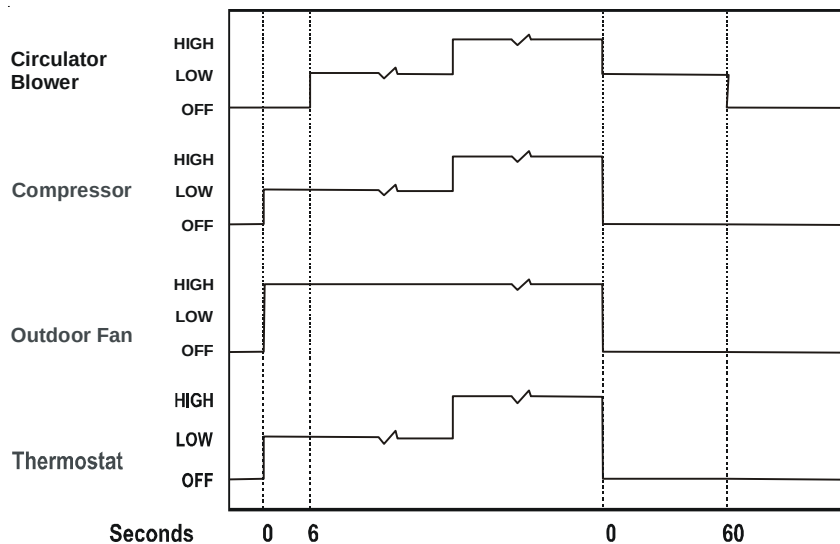
IGNITION CONTROL DIAGNOSTIC INDICATOR CHART

Red Light Signal	Refer to Abnormal Heating or Cooling Operation Sections of this Manual
Off	Internal Control Failure
1 Flash	External Lockout
2 Flashes	Pressure Switch Stuck Open
3 Flashes	Pressure Switch Stuck Closed
4 Flashes	Thermal Protection Device Open
5 Flashes	Flame Detected with Gas Valve Closed
6 Flashes	Short Cycle Compressor Delay (Cooling Only)
7 Flashes	Limit Opened Five (5) Times Within The Same Call For Heat
8 Flashes	Indoor/Outdoor Thermostat Open (Cooling Only; Devices Not present On All Models)
9 Flashes	High Pressure/Loss of Charge Switch Open (Cooling Only; Devices Not Present On All Models)
Amber Light Signal	Refer to Abnormal Heating or Cooling Operation Sections of this Manual
Off	No Flame Present
On	Normal Flame
1 Flash	Low Flame Current
2 Flashes	Flame Detected with Gas Valve De-energized.

HEATING TIMING CHART



COOLING TIMING CHART



APPENDIX A BLOWER PERFORMANCE TABLES

STANDARD DOWN SHOT AND HORIZONTAL

STANDARD APG16M

BLOWER PERFORMANCE DATA

APG1660140M41** - Rise Range 48° 86°						
Tap	Low Cool	High Cool	Low Heat		High Heat	
			CFM	Rise	CFM	Rise
A-	1251	1800	1251	59	1800	58
A	1390	2000	1390	53	2000	53
A+	1529	2200	1529	48	2200	48
B-	1157	1665	1157	64	1665	63
B-	1286	1850	1286	57	1850	57
B+	1414	2035	1414	52	2035	52
C-	1001	1440	1001	73	1440	73
C	1112	1600	1112	66	1600	66
C+	1223	1760	1223	60	1760	60
D-	844	1215	844	87	1215	86
D-	938	1350	938	78	1350	78
D+	1032	1485	1032	71	1485	71

CFM OUTPUT AND DIP SWITCH SETTINGS

Model	SPEED TAP	SWITCH 1	SWITCH 2	Low Heat CFM	High Heat CFM	SWITCH 5	SWITCH 6	Low Cool CFM	High Cool CFM
APG1660140M41	A	Off	Off	1390	2000	Off	Off	1390	2000
	B	On	Off	1286	1850	On	Off	1286	1850
	C	Off	On	1112	1600	Off	On	1112	1600
	D	On	On	938	1350	On	On	938	1350

DIP Switch Settings for Single and Two -stage Thermostats

MODEL	SWITCH 3	SWITCH 4	THERMOSTATS
APG16M**	N/A	ON	Single stage
	N/A	OFF	Two stage

Adjustments Through DIP Switch Combinations 7-8

CFM	SWITCH 7	SWITCH 8
+10%	ON	OFF
Normal	OFF	OFF
-10%	OFF	ON

NOTES: Tables represent dry coil without filter, to compensate for filter, add 0.08" to measured E.S.P. SCFM correction for wet coil = 4%. 5 ton models are shipped from the factory with speed tap set on T4.

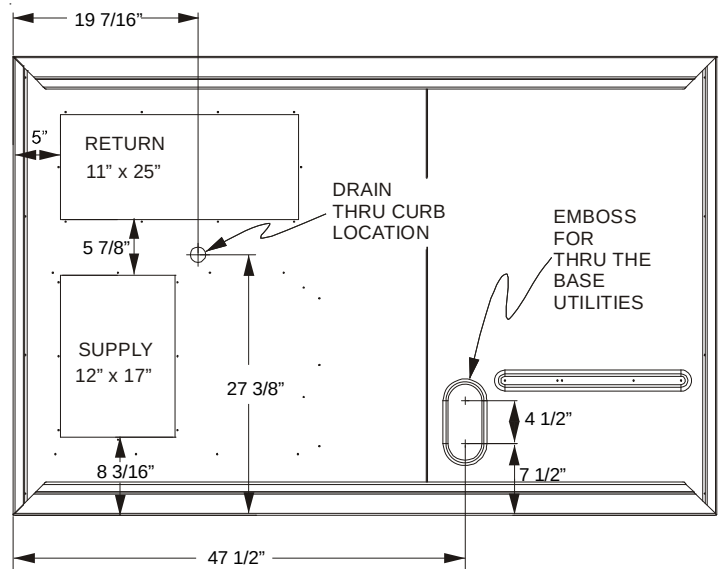
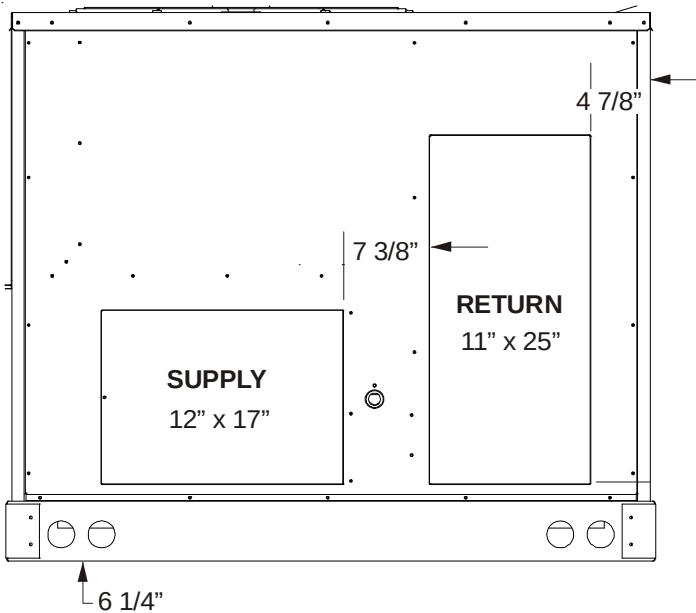
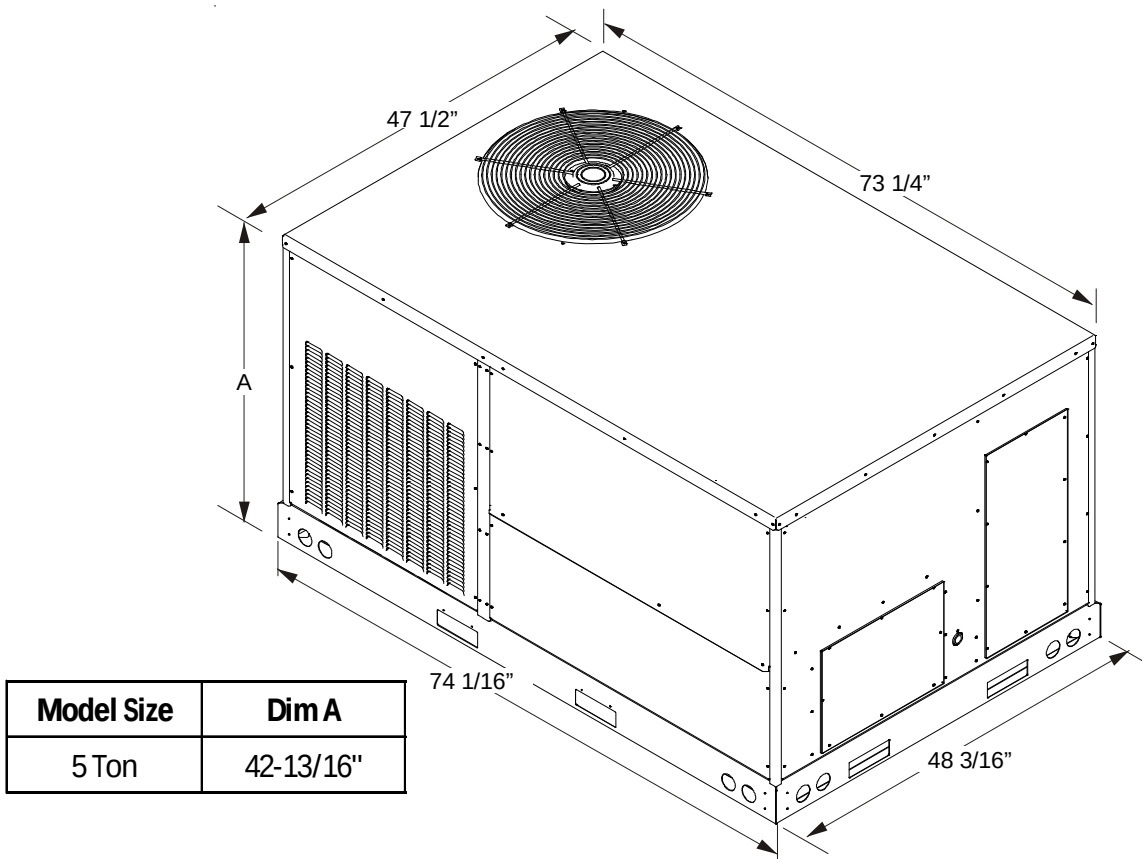
APPENDIX B ELECTRICAL DATA

ELECTRICAL DATA

SINGLE PHASE

MODELS	VOLTAGE (NAMEPLATE)	VOLTAGE LIMITATION		COMPRESSOR			OUTDOOR FAN MOTOR			INDOOR MOTOR APPLICATION	INDOOR FAN MOTOR	
		MIN.	MAX.	QTY	RLA	LRA	QTY	HP	RLA		HP	FLA
5 TON	208/230-60-1	187	253	1	26.9	152.9	1	1/3	2.0	DD STD STATIC	1	7.0

APPENDIX C UNIT DIMENSIONS



NOTE

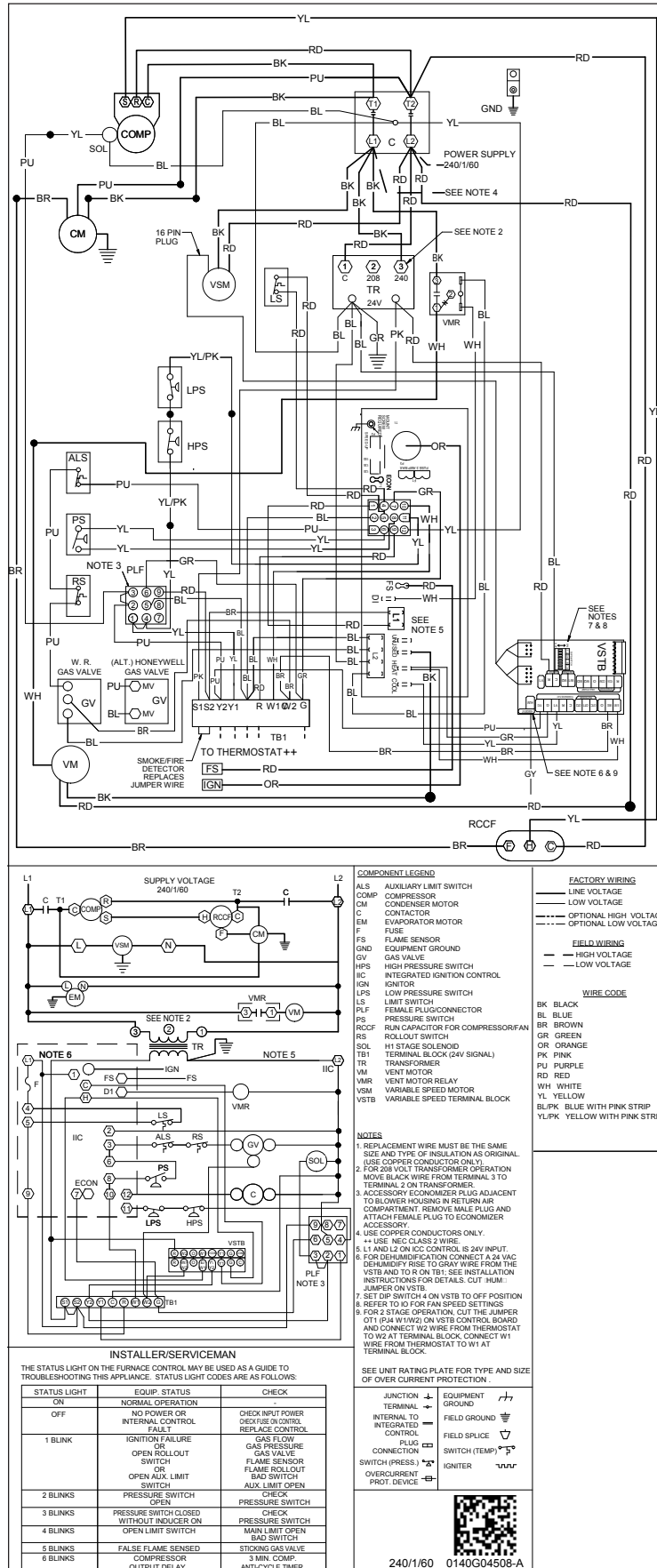
Refer to IOD-7006 included in the literature pack for installing horizontal duct covers.

WIRING DIAGRAM

APG1660M14041 SINGLE PHASE 208V/230V/60HZ DIRECT DRIVE

WARNING

HIGH VOLTAGE!
DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR INSTALLING THIS UNIT. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.



Wiring is subject to change. Always refer to the wiring diagram on the unit for the most up-to-date wiring.



Start-up Checklist

**Store in job file*

Date: _____ Location: _____
Model Number: _____
Serial Number: _____
Technician: _____ Unit #: _____

Pre Start-Up

(Check each item as completed)

- ☐ Verify all packaging material has been removed.
- ☐ Remove all shipping brackets per installation instructions.
- ☐ Verify the job site voltage agrees with the unit serial plate.
- ☐ Verify condensate connection is installed per installation instructions.
- ☐ Verify proper clearance around the unit for safety, service, maintenance and proper unit operation.
- ☐ Verify proper weatherproofing of all ductwork, roof curbs and electrical connections.
- ☐ Check that the flue screen is in place.
- ☐ Check gas piping for leaks.
- ☐ Verify gas pressure to the unit is within the range specified on the serial plate.
- ☐ Check to ensure that all fans, pulleys and wheels are secure.
- ☐ Check for proper belt tension and alignment per installation instructions.
- ☐ Check refrigerant piping for rubbing and leaks. *Repair if necessary.*
- ☐ Check unit wiring to ensure it is not in contact with refrigerant piping or sharp metal edges.
- ☐ Check all electrical connections and terminals. *Tighten as needed.*
- ☐ Verify that the crankcase heaters have been energized for 24 hours.
- ☐ Verify the scroll compressor(s) are rotating in the right direction.
- ☐ Verify all accessories are installed and operating correctly.
- ☐ Check filters and replace if necessary.
- ☐ Verify the installation of the thermostat.



Start-up Checklist

Start-Up

(Insert the values as each item is completed.)

ELECTRICAL

Supply Voltage	L1 - L2	_____	L2 - L3	_____	L3 - L1	_____
Circuit 1 Compressor Amps	L1	_____	L2	_____	L3	_____
Circuit 2 Compressor Amps	L1	_____	L2	_____	L3	_____
Blower Amps	L1	_____	L2	_____	L3	_____
Condenser Fan Amps	Fan 1	_____	Fan 2	_____	Fan 3	_____

BLOWER EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE

Return Air Static Pressure	_____	IN. W.C.
Supply Air Static Pressure	_____	IN. W.C.
Total External Static Pressure	_____	IN. W.C.
Blower Wheel RPM	_____	RPM

TEMPERATURES

Outdoor Air Temperature	_____	DB	_____	WB
Return Air Temperature	_____	DB	_____	WB
Cooling Supply Air Temperature	_____	DB	_____	WB
Heating Supply Air Temperature	_____	DB	_____	

PRESSURES

Gas Inlet Pressure	_____	IN. W.C.		
Gas Manifold Pressure	_____	IN. W.C. (Low Fire)	_____	IN. W.C. (High Fire)
Suction Circuit 1	_____	PSIG	_____	°F
Superheat (Orifice System)			_____	°F
Suction Circuit 2	_____	PSIG	_____	°F
Superheat (Orifice System)			_____	°F
Discharge Circuit 1	_____	PSIG	_____	°F
Subcooling (TXV System)			_____	°F
Discharge Circuit 2	_____	PSIG	_____	°F
Subcooling (TXV System)			_____	°F

(HEAT PUMP ONLY)

Suction Circuit 1	_____	PSIG	_____	°F
Suction Circuit 2	_____	PSIG	_____	°F
Discharge Circuit 1	_____	PSIG	_____	°F
Discharge Circuit 2	_____	PSIG	_____	°F

CUSTOMER FEEDBACK

We are very interested in all product comments.

Please fill out the feedback form on one of the following links:

Amana® Brand Products: (<http://www.amana-hac.com/about-us/contact-us>).

You can also scan the QR code on the right for the product brand you purchased to be directed to the feedback page.



AMANA® BRAND

PRODUCT REGISTRATION

Thank you for your recent purchase. Though not required to get the protection of the standard warranty, registering your product is a relatively short process, and entitles you to additional warranty protection, except that failure by California and Quebec residents to register their product does not diminish their warranty rights.

For Product Registration, please register as follows:

Amana® Brand products: (<http://www.amana-hac.com/product-registration>)

You can also scan the QR code on the right for the product brand you purchased to be directed to the Product Registration page.



AMANA® BRAND

Quality Makes the Difference!

All of our systems are designed and manufactured with the same high quality standards regardless of size or efficiency. We have designed these units to significantly reduce the most frequent causes of product failure. They are simple to service and forgiving to operate. We use quality materials and components. Finally, every unit is run tested before it leaves the factory.

That's why we know. . . **There's No Better Quality.**

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www.amana-hac.com

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